NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXX. No. 22070. 字西林報 SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, MAY 3, 1939 Registered at the C.P.O. (Postage: China and Japan 1½ cents; abroad 15 cents.) TEN CENTS

東京帝國大學法學部研究室

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

Notification No. 5092

The Shanghai Municipal Council is gravely concerned by attempts that have been, and are being made by certain persons to organize themselves into associations and to conduct campaigns that have for their object the dissemination of political propaganda.

Such associations and campaigns are, in the opinion of the Council, likely to lead to disturbance and menace peace and good order and the security of the Settlement. It is therefore, hereby notified that the Council, in the exercise of its general police power, prohibits and will dissolve such associations, and prohibits and will prevent the conducting of such campaigns.

By Order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Shanghai, May 1, 1939. 12471

BERTRAM LILLIE

Deceased.

All creditors and debtors of the above-named deceased are hereby requested to furnish us as soon as possible with particulars of their claims or debts.

PLATT, WHITE-COOPER & CO.,
Legal Practitioners for Albert Edward Thorton Executor of the Estate.
Shanghai, May 3, 1939. 12515

NOTICE

We are pleased to announce that as from April 28, 1939 Mr. K. Y. Sun is associated with our organization.

SWAN, CULBERTSON & FRITZ 12462

NOTICE

We have pleasure in announcing that Mr. C. R. Shekury has joined our staff as from May 1, 1939.

THE AUTO PALACE CO., LTD. 12463

NOTICE

We wish the public to be informed that the engagement of Mr. T. M. Lamb as Manager of Park Hotel is terminated from May 1, 1939.

THE MANAGEMENT,
PARK HOTEL, SHANGHAI.
May 1, 1939. 12479

NOTICE

Commencing Monday, May 8 our office hours for the summer will be:

Weekdays:
8.30 a.m. to noon
2.00 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

Saturdays:
8.30 a.m. to noon

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN AGENTSCHAP SHANGHAI N.V. 12524

THE SHANGHAI ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, LIMITED

(Incorporated in England)

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND TO HOLDERS OF SHARE WARRANTS TO BEARER

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Dividend at the rate of 8 per cent in respect of the year ended December 31, 1938, has been declared on the issued share capital of the Company and will be payable on and after April 26, 1939 against presentation of Coupon No. 56, at the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, Shanghai, by Sterling warrant drawn on the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, Shanghai, or in local currency at the said Bank's buying rate for demand drafts on London on the day of presentation of the Coupons.

Coupons must be left with the Bank two clear days (excluding Saturday) for examination before payment.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. POLLOK, *Secretary.*
Shanghai, April 25, 1939. 12518

THE CHINA IMPORT & EXPORT LUMBER CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Thirty-seventh Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held at the Offices of the General Managers, Sassoon House, Shanghai, (Third Floor), on Friday, May 12, 1939, at 4 p.m.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from May 5 to May 12, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
ARNHOLD & CO., LTD.,
General Agents and Managers.
Shanghai, April 27, 1939. 12503

Change of Consulting Hours

Dr. med. N. ANTONOFF
2 Great Western Road

wishes to announce that as from May 1, 1939 her consulting hours in the afternoon have been changed to:

4.30 p.m. to 6 p.m. -5837

To-day's Events

MAY

3 Corps Sergeant's Mess, S.V.C., Whist drive, etc., 8
3 Birthday of Genghiz Khan (1162)
3 Tsinanfu Incident (1928)

Coming Events

MAY

4 B.W.A., S.S.B. Jumble Sale, 9.30 a.m.
4 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
4 B.W.A. Bridge and Mahjongg, 3
4 S.W.A. general meeting, C.S.F., 4
4 B.U.S.C., 'Petroleum Refining,' by H.G.B. Perry, 114 Peking Road, 6
4 Beethoven's Mass in C., Community Church, 8.30
4 Le Ballet Russe, gala performance of 'The Sleeping Beauty,' symphonic ballet music by Tschaikowsky, Lyc., 9
5 American Sch'l operetta, 'Boy Blue,' 4
5 Light Automatic (A.D.) Coy., S.V.C. Annual Dinner, Cockpit, 8
5 Annual Dinner of the Society of Chartered Accountants in China, 8.15
5 Shanghai Camera Club Meeting and Lecture, 330 Szechuen Road, 9
Race Club Final Practice 9
6 Cathedral Boys' School Athletic Sports, Kiaochow Park, 2.15
6 Prof. B. Zakharoff's pupils' annual piano recital, A.W.C., 4
6 American School operetta, 'Boy Blue,' 5.30
6 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
6 Ballet Russe, 'Sleeping Beauty,' Lyc.
7 Municipal Orchestra Symphony Concert, Lyceum, 5.15
7 'Merry Widow,' by F. Lehar, with K. Orlovskaya, Light Opera, Lyc., 8.45
7 Ballet Russe, 'Sleeping Beauty,' Lyc.
8 Engineering Society meeting, 5.15
9 A.W.C. flower show, 2.30
9 German A.D.C. 'Lauter Luegen,' Lyc., 9
10 Theosophical Society, 75 Jessfield Road, Public Lecture, 6
11 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
11 Recital, Asiatic/Indian dances by Slavina-Brown, Indira Devi, Lyc., 9.15
12 B.W.A. Gardening Club Day, 4
14 'Merry Widow,' Lehar, L. Op., Lyc., 8.45
15 Cradle Bridge/Mahjongg, Y.M.C.A., 3
16 A.W.C. annual meeting, 3
16 Cath. Boys' School, M.C.L. Entertainment, 5.30
16 Gala performances, Lyceum Theatre, 'Music Hall 1900/1939'
17 Joint Comm. Club Institute, 9 a.m.
17 Cath. Boys' School, M.C.L. Entertainment, 5.30
17 Public School for Girls, Operetta, 'Whimland,' in aid of M.C.L., 5.30
17 Gala performances, Lyceum Theatre, 'Music Hall 1900/1939'
18 Joint Comm. Club Institute, 9 a.m.
18 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
18 Royal Asiatic Society Lecture
18 Public School for Girls, Operetta, 'Whimland,' in aid of M.C.L., 5.30
18 Z. Bitner's gala performance 'La Perichole,' L. Op. by Offenbach, Lyc., 8.45
19 Canadian Club of Shanghai, Annual General Meeting
19 Institution of Electrical Engineers (China Centre) annual dinner, 8
20 Public School for Girls At Home to all former pupils, 4
20 'La Perichole,' Offenbach, L. Op., Lyc., 8.45
20 S'hai Light Horse, Ann. Ball, Race Club
21 Annual Piano Recital, pupils of Miss A. M. Remedios, R.A.S. Hall, 8.30
21 'La Perichole,' Offenbach, L. Op., Lyc., 8.45
23 A.W.C. Bridge and Mahjongg, 3

Charge for items $1 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event

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The Home of Quality Milk
Pasteurised Grade "A"

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General Managers: KEYLOCK & PRATT 12451

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L. SOYKA. 12504

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PHILCO RADIO SERVICE
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11463

EUROPEAN WATCHMAKER

Are your watches and clocks in order? Please telephone 82813, messenger will be sent.

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Plain Steak and Eggs, $1.20
Caramel Cake, 30 cts.
Thick Chocolate Malted Milk, 40 cts.
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145 Tunsin Road
Telephones 20407, 21980 12456

Change of Address, etc.

Our Offices have been removed to
No. 210 Szechuen Road
(Wayfoong House)
where is also located our Service Department.

THE NATIONAL CASH REGISTER COMPANY
(China Branch)
210 Szechuen Road
Telephone 17122

CASH REGISTERS — ACCOUNTING MACHINES -5881

AN ETHICAL

business man, remarks a cynic, is one who never goes back on his word without consulting a lawyer. Innate prudence, however, is the only stimulus required to protect the family jewellery and furs by an All Risks Policy.

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
18 The Bund Telephone 11303

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878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 36865 12480

Just Arrived!

Frozen Salmon
Frozen Trout
Frozen Bull Frog

Wholesale only

SHANGHAI TRADING CO.
34, 36, 38 Miller Road
183, 185 Woochang Road
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Perfect in flavour, colour, aroma. Just the Coffee which makes all the difference.

ATHENS CO., 136 Nanking Road
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DENTAL SURGEON
and
SPECIALIST IN
Straightening of the teeth
announces the opening of his practice at
Flat 53, Denis Apartments
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Telephone 39693 -5560

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(Holder of Swiss Government Diploma)
All work personally done.
E. TOBLER, 153 Nanking Road
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Excellent tiffins at very reasonable prices in the new upstairs tiffin rooms. Jinkee Road entrance.

Telephone 16442 12517

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Distilled in England
Obtainable at all Compradore Stores 12500

Drs. JACKSON, DUNN & PARTNERS

The Firms of Drs. Jackson & Partners and Drs. Dunn and Nance have amalgamated as from today. For the time being the practice will be carried on as heretofore at the respective offices of the two Firms, 27 Peking Road and 51 Canton Road.

John Gray, M.A., M.D., M.CHIR. (CANTAB.) F.R.C.S., has joined the Group as Consulting Surgeon.

Office Hours: 11.30 a.m. to 12.30 noon.
27 PEKING ROAD.

May 1, 1939. 12489

WEDNESDAY

Roast Beef Tiffin	$1.20
Baked Beans	80 cents
Beef Curry and Rice	$1.00
Caramel Cake	30 cents
Pumpkin Pie	30 cents
Chocolate Malted Milk	30 cents

Freshly baked home-style Coffee Cake served at 11 a.m. at 10 cents a cut.

Home made chocolates $1.00 Per box
JIMMY'S, 133 Nanking Road -5837

Three of a kind!
Unrivalled for Purity and Taste!

AQUARIUS

ORANGE SQUASH
LEMON SQUASH
GRAPEFRUIT SQUASH

For Thirst, For Health, For Enjoyment

Obtainable from all Compradore Stores

THE AQUARIUS COMPANY
44 Foochow Road Telephone 17589

EXECUTOR OR TRUSTEE

CONTINUITY OF SERVICE
EFFICIENT ADMINISTRATION

THE YANGTSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LTD.
Trustee Department 26 The Bund

LOSS OF FRENCH MUNICIPAL COUNCIL DEBENTURE CERTIFICATES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Debenture Certificates hereunder specified have been declared to be lost and the public is warned against their negotiation.

Application has been made to the French Municipal Council, Shanghai, for the issue of duplicate certificates, and should no objection be lodged with the Head of Finance Department within 4 months from date hereof, the application will be complied with and the original certificates will be treated as cancelled.

Loan of 6½% 1926—Certificate No. 742—3 Debentures Nos. 2148-2150 @ Tls. 100 each.

Loan of 6% 1931—Certificate No. 734—3 Debentures *(2nd issue)* Nos. 9541—9543 @ Tls. 100 each.

Above were registered in the name of Gavin Lindsay Campbell.

In the reissue of the above Certificates, the words "Duplicate Certificate" will be added thereon.

PLATT, WHITE-COOPER & CO.,
Legal Practitioners for Montgomery Reader Harris, the Attorney of Elsie Forbes Caie or Campbell, Executrix of the estate of Gavin Lindsay Campbell, deceased.
Shanghai, May 3, 1939. 12514

WATER COLOUR PAINTINGS

The biannual exhibition is now open from May 3 to May 12

Works of art by the foremost Japanese artists, which will adorn the wall of your home, and make a welcome present to your friends abroad.

TOYO MURAKAMI
270 Kiangse Road, Corner Ezra Road 12516

German A.D.C., Tuesday, May 9

"LAUTER LUEGEN"

A comedy in 3 acts by Hans Schweikart

Lyceum, 9 p.m.

Booking now open at Moutrie's
$4, $3, $2, $1. 12465

Dining,—Dancing, Entertainment
OPEN ALL NIGHT
WINTER GARDEN
(Opposite Jessfield Park) -5852

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DAIRY—Grade "A" (T.T.)
COWS—New Zealand Jerseys
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At all Compradores and
Lane, Crawford & Co. (Prov.) Ltd.
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PIANOS

Tuned, regulated and repaired
Telephone 19225
SAM LAZARO BROS.
232 Nanking Road 12501

Positions Wanted

How better can one inform the world that one's services are available? A clear statement of one's abilities often results in securing a position. A specially low rate is made for advertisements of this nature on our Classified page.

THE ANGLO-DUTCH (JAVA) PLANTATIONS, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twenty-Ninth Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in the above Company will be held at No. 49 Szechuen Road, Shanghai on Tuesday, May 16, 1939 at 11.45 a.m. for the purpose of receiving the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended December 31, 1938, declaring a dividend, electing Directors and Auditors and transacting any other ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from May 10 to May 16, 1939, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and Managers.
Shanghai, April 27, 1939. 12393

ZIANGBE RUBBER CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twenty-ninth Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in the above-named Company will be held at No. 49 Szechuen Road, Shanghai on Tuesday, May 16, 1939 at 11.30 a.m. for the following purposes:—

To receive the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended December 31, 1938, to declare a dividend, to elect Directors and Auditors and to transact any other ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from May 10 to May 16, 1939, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers.
Shanghai, April 28, 1939. 12414

Sales and Service

"I wish to take the opportunity to express my highest satisfaction with all the FORD cars we have had from your Company and also with the service we always enjoyed from your side."

The above unsolicited paragraph was written by a Shanghai friend who has been our customer for over ten years.

Ford—The Logical Car For Shanghai

BILLS MOTORS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
615 Ave. Foch, Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

MALE or female needlepoint designer for tapestry; state age, experience, salary desired. Box 3405, NCDN. -5816

CAN recommend good cook-boy, coolie and baby's or wash-amah, available May 9. Telephone 77364. 12525

WANTED Leica camera F-2, latest model. State price and particulars to Box 3410, NCDN. 12521

MRS. Logan will have an attractive two-roomed suite available from middle of May, private bath, full board. 580 Amherst Avenue, Telephone 21197. -5799

GREAT Western Road, vacant lot of 2¾ to 9 mow for sale. Situated on the south side of the road and about 160 yards west of Columbia Road. Best location for residences and price reasonable. Address Box 3397, NCDN. -5805

TUTOR, Latin, mathematics, violin, offers service for very moderate remuneration. Box 3421, NCDN. 12519

YOUNG man from Vienna, 31 years old, speaks and writes fluently German, English, French, Czech and Italian, high school education, wants position as tutor in English or American family. Box 3422, NCDN. 12520

WANTED for large undertaking in Shanghai, young man, single preferred, between 20 and 30 years of age, knowledge of English and Chinese essential. Must have good appearance and not afraid of work. Box 3380, NCDN. -5778

WANTED two copies Schofield's 3-Letter Code. Reply Box 3373, NCDN. -5762

ADVERTISER going Home recommends cook (or cook-boy) coolie and wash amah available June 1. Apply Mrs. Piper, Telephone 75989 before 10 a.m., 1273/8 Avenue Joffre. -5774

WANTED nursery governess for two children, age 7 and 3, to proceed to Singapore, May 18, for one year and if suitable be taken to England. Address Box 3381, NCDN. -5773

Classified Advertisements continued On Page 14

EWO CLUB WHISKY

Obtainable at all Compradore Stores 12455

Model Dairy for Model Milk

"As standard as sterling on silver"
Licensed to sell Grade "A" Dairy Products
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To-day's News

World Radio Page 2

North-China Daily News

Radio Broadcast over Station XMHD Shanghai

12.45 p.m. 9.00 p.m.

760 kilocycles 395 metres

PHOTOGRAPHS

German School Sports
New Banknotes
Aurora College Opening
U.S.S. Astoria In Port
Iranian Celebrations
Signals Coy. Dance
Police Annual Sports
Local Sports
Local Weddings

Photographs of the above and others which have appeared in the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS," are now on view at Watson's, 71 Nanking Road, where prints may be obtained within a few hours.

COST OF PHOTOGRAPHS

4 x 6 enlargements	$1 each
6 x 8 enlargements	$2 each
8 x 10 enlargements	$2.50 each
10 x 12 enlargements	$3 each

Obtainable from Watson's

PROTECT YOUR CLOTHES

WITH RELIABLE MOTH-PROOF BAGS

It is false economy to buy so-called "cheap" bags which give no real protection and often injure your clothes with the harmful chemicals impregnated in the paper. You may be assured that all moth-proof bags sold by Whiteaway's afford your clothes hundred-per-cent. protection.

INSIST ON RELIABLE MOTH-PROOF BAGS!

PRICES $1.50, $4.75 and $5.95

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.
Hardware Department, Top Floor

Under the High Patronage of His Excellency the Ambassador of France in China

THE "AMICALE DES ANCIENS COMBATTANTS"

requests the honour of your presence at the

CHARITY BALL

FUN FAIR, GAMES, BAL MUSETTE

which will be held at the

FRENCH CLUB ON FRIDAY, MAY 5, AT 10 P.M.

The Charity Ball is arranged in support of the Charitable Institutions for Disabled Soldiers of the Great War.

ADMISSION $5, INCLUDING SUPPER

WHITE OR BLACK TIE

Booking at A.A.C. Secretary's Office c/o F.M.C. 375 Avenue Joffre
Telephone 80050 12517

SUZETTE

Sale of Spring and Summer Dresses from $12.

Also beautiful Underwear

133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, 8th Floor
From 10 a.m. until 12 a.m. 12441

THE SHANGHAI DIRECTORY

(July Edition of the China Hong List).

Important Notice

Local Firms and Residents whose names do not appear in the current issue of the China Hong List are invited to send in as soon as possible particulars for insertion in the Shanghai Directory (half-yearly edition of the Hong List), to be published early in July.

Entry Forms may be obtained from the Hong List Department, North China Office (1st floor), 17 The Bund.

Orders for copies of the Directory should be placed early.

THE PUBLISHERS.

NOTIFICATION No. 5074

CHOLERA INOCULATION

With effect from April 17, 1939, free inoculation against cholera for foreigners and Chinese who cannot afford their own doctors, is available at the undermentioned Branch Health Offices:—

Sub-district	*Address of Branch Health Office*	*Telephone*	*Time*
3 Northern	270 N. Fokien Road (Corner of Tsepoo Road)	40277	2 to 5 p.m.
1 Central	340 Hankow Road	90273	2 to 5 p.m.
2 Central	667 Foochow Road	91574	9 to 12 a.m.
1 Western	380 Avenue Road	30447	2 to 5 p.m.
2 Western	160 Markham Road	30449	9 to 12 a.m.
3 Western	435 Robison Road (Corner of Ferry Road)	31076	9 to 12 a.m.
4 Western	1360 Yu Yuen Road	20346	2 to 5 p.m.
Hongkew Market	Hongkew Market (Office on 2nd. floor)	40274	9 to 12 a.m. and 2 to 5 p.m.

(Saturday Afternoons and Sundays Excepted)

Employers of labour may make arrangements for the inoculation of their workers by the Mobile Unit on written application to the nearest Branch Health Office. Such arrangements can only apply to firms wishing a hundred or more employees to be inoculated at one time. Cholera vaccine for groups of persons who wish to be inoculated by their own doctors, can be obtained upon written application to the Commissioner of Public Health.

Certificates proving inoculation may be obtained at any of the above Branch Health Offices.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS, *Secretary.*
COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Shanghai, April 6, 1939. 12397

THE WAY TO SAVE YOUR WINTER CLOTHES FROM DESTRUCTION BY MOTHS IS TO USE

NOMOTH

The vapour from NOMOTH destroys the larvæ (eggs) that feed on cloth.

All you have to do is to place 2 or 3 bags of NOMOTH Crystals in your clothes trunk, or hang them up in a closely-shut ward-robe.

(Nomoth is 10 times stronger than Camphylene)

NOMOTH Crystals in bags at 75 cents each at

WATSON'S

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Skip-Stop Antics:
Bus Passenger's Complaint

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Skip-stop antics of the bus drivers have been the subject of many a letter appearing in your correspondence columns but the situation does not appear to have improved any nor has any constructive suggestion to put a stop to this non-stop practice been put forth by your correspondents.

The reason for the driver behaving in this strange manner is no doubt due to his being behind schedule but his belated arrival also means that the would-be passengers have been waiting a long time for his coming and it does not take much imagination to picture their consternation to see the bus whiz by without stopping, for they have waited long and are also late for their office or other destination. A particularly flagrant case of skip-stop which occurred this morning a little after 9 o'clock, when a practically empty south-bound route 2 bus neglected to stop at Nanking Road, the second stop of its trip, makes me indignant and prompts me to write this complaint. The bus was probably behind its schedule on its north-bound trip and was trying to make up time. If the Company would only treat each trip separately, so that it can start with a clean slate and not be handicapped by the lost time of a prior trip, this would not happen.

I may mention that under the Ordinances of Hongkong, refusal to stop on the part of the driver of a public conveyance constitutes a misdemeanour and is punishable by fine, and this law is being strictly enforced. I have frequently read in the "South China Morning Post" reports of bus drivers cited for non-stopping before the Magistrate and duly fined for their misbehaviour, and I should like to see the adoption of similar regulations in the Settlement and Concession. Pending such, I would suggest that the licence numbers of buses which neglected to stop should be noted and protests submitted to the Bus Company which, if it has the interest of the public at heart, may possibly deal severely with its habitual offending drivers.

The Man Who Saw Red.

Shanghai, May 2.

Historical Cartoons:
Where can they be Got?

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—A day or two ago you published the item of news that the Imperial State Crown will not be taken to Canada on their Majesties' forthcoming visit. Let us hope it would not be lost on the journey, as on a previous famous occasion when a monarch was travelling.

Some of your more elderly readers may remember, quite a number of years ago, a book coming out of exceedingly funny cartoons of English history. They were, I think, collected from "The Morning Leader," and the artist's name just evades my memory. Not the least amusing depicted poor King John wading the Wash, his arms rather too full of crown jewels, etc., which were tumbling in. I haven't seen a copy of this book for some years.

I have often thought of asking you where a copy can be seen, and now make you the gratuitous suggestion that you should reproduce them in your esteemed paper, to increase if possible the delectation of your readers, one of whose chief joys is the daily Sapajou cartoon.

W. R. O. Taylor.

Hangchow, Apr. 29.

BY SAPAJOU

Dr. Walter Fuchs

Synthetic Plastics
Their Influence on the Future

By H. Courtney Bryson

It is not perhaps generally realized that in our present age synthetic resins and allied substances are the pins which hold the fabric of civilization together. In the future, they will so increase in importance that they will be more of the nature of the fabric of civilization itself, rivalling and outclassing metal in consumption.

Indeed, in the future, we shall be able to make materials to specification. Professor Goldschmidt, of Oslo, has shown that it is possible to copy existing molecular structure with other atoms, making the new substance have different properties. The material known as carboloy is an example. Thus it is not impossible that we may be able to create a cheap material, capable of being moulded or cast at a low temperature and then hardened, with the combined properties of diamond and steel, i.e. the transparency, hardness and resistance of diamond with the resiliency, strength and cutting properties of steel. When we have done this, the words "plastics" and "metals" will cease to have meaning. We shall construct our instruments and our homes, roof over our nightless cities, and build our aeroplanes and our space-plane from such materials.

In attempting to give a few disjointed pictures of the probable influence of plastics in the future, I assume, probably quite falsely, that the present Renaissance (which is packing our colleges and making fortunes for technical booksellers) will continue; that human nature will not greatly alter for a considerable period; and that our civilization will endure. It is far more probable that when the present, almost universal, thirst for knowledge is spent, the incentive for truth and research for its own sake will die with it, as it has died in the past; or that the fifth or sixth world war from now will sweep us back into barbarism if not to annihilation.

Research the Enemy of Stability

The increasing acceleration of change, which is the keynote of the world today, is due to the fact that research is the enemy of stability. Consequently, we are now living in an age of violent instability. This was realized during the early part of the nineteenth century when the inventor was denounced as a public enemy.

No living creature, as far as we know, lives under changing conditions without undergoing the profoundest changes itself and, as already pointed out, we are at the beginning of the greatest change that humanity has ever undergone.

I shall not attempt to discuss the improvements in detail which are certain to occur in the immediate future, and which are contained implicitly in the forces operating in the present and are not difficult of interpretation. Thus the greatest development in artificial resins will occur in other than the phenol-formaldehyde type, which seems to have reached a stage equivalent to that of the railway engine which has remained almost stationary—in the strictly metaphorical sense—for a decade. We appear to be at the same sort of limit with phenol-formaldehyde resins, and there will probably be no striking innovations.

Neither shall I attempt to describe the effect upon humanity of the synthetic sausage skin, edible and odourless; nor to delve deeply into instances where moulded articles will replace other materials, growing ever larger in quantity as well as size, so that we shall soon be sitting on moulded chairs, at moulded tables, eating off moulded plates, while we throw the scraps to dogs with moulded collars, living in moulded kennels. Mere increase in size is not true novelty. We limit or increase our size solely for convenience. Moulded gas-holders or railway carriages would be interesting, but they would not be true inventions.

Since communication is the essence of civilization, I will commence with a few notes upon roadways.

Scarcely anything has more care and attention lavished upon it than the modern road. It is an outward and visible sign of an inward and diverse complexity. It extends hither and thither, entering each life and almost each action. It is laid down with care and rolled with precision. We try and make things easy for the road by cutting off corners and levelling it out. We harden its surface and render it waterproof. We wash it and dry it. We hedge it about and make laws concerning it. We illuminate it and try to beautify it. We dig little tunnels near it and use them to supply water and gas and electricity, and carry away waste products. Lastly, we tear it up in order to furnish jokes for comic papers. Such is our present-day road.

Roadway of the Future

The roadway of the future will not be one whit less important than that of today, even though aerial traffic bears an increasingly great load. The unpleasant hardness and cracking of concrete, the short life of the wood-block surface, the cold now and seasonal variation of the bituminous surface, and the disadvantages of rubber will probably be overcome in the future by the adoption of some form of synthetic resin as the surfacing material.

It is extremely unlikely that anything much better than concrete will ever be discovered for the foundation. On this ferro-concrete bed, suitably keyed, will be laid a compound with a synthetic resin base, which will have the same coefficient of expansion as the concrete. The peculiarity of the resin will lie in the fact that it will polymerize under the action of ultra-violet rays instead of the more usual action of heat.

Laboratory experiment amply demonstrates that this can be achieved. Furthermore, the principal filler of the resin will be an abrasive substance of sufficient hardness to form a suitable grip for the wheels, however wet the road. The proportion of this abrasive will be so adjusted as to wear evenly with the resin, and present a constant surface of the proper degree of roughness. Further novelty will be introduced by the incorporation of a luminous material. The mixture will be loaded into huge tanks on wheels in the dark, and then extruded during the day from slot-like orifices situated as a fan in the rear of the vehicle, followed by a gigantic levelling-off knife, the shape of the camber of the road. Bright sunlight would harden the resin in 20 minutes. A dull day would require twenty or thirty times this period.

This road will benefit everybody. Its hard, impermeable and weather-resisting surface will never suffer from cold flow, however many lorries try to push it into transverse ridges. The resin will never crack. Its crushing strength will be high, its surface always be uniform, and at night it will save the ratepayers money for illumination. In any case our present means of illumination, by means of a red-hot hair-pin inside a glass-bottle, stuck on a pole, is so inefficient that it is bound to die out 90 per cent. of the energy is wasted.

On this road surface even a mouse will show up. The air pilot, too, will find night-flying greatly simplified; the darker the night the more easily would the sinuous routes be distinguished, and towns would be recognized by the character of the roads leading to them.

From the subject of the road it is natural to pass to the vehicle which uses it. Moulded vehicle wheels will be produced in the near future. They will be lively and resilient; they will not need painting; they will not tarnish or corrode like metal wheels or crack like wooden ones.

Safety-glass

This decade has seen the rise of several types of synthetic glass. It is probable that in the near future safety-glass as such will be substituted by a water-white non-discolouring resin possessing sufficient surface hardness to withstand abrasion by suspended dust particles and with the additional property of sufficient initial plasticity to be shaped into aesthetically satisfying curves. Researches along these lines are being pursued by manufacturing the resin and bending it before care-hardening the surface by brushing it with a special hardening agent. This new "glass," or modifications of it, will find increasingly large use. Lenses, with any desired index of refraction, will be produced. Indeed, moulded lenses, cheaper, clearer, more highly corrected are now being made.

Tyres consume the major part of the world's rubber supply. It is probable that, but for the policy of self-sufficiency for nations, the rise of synthetic rubber would have been much slower, since advance in plantation cultivation and the use of other latices are likely to lead to increasing yields and lower costs. Chlorinated rubber containing 66 per cent. of chlorine is probably one of the most inert organic materials known since it resists both strong acids and alkalis. It is thermo-plastic and may be moulded and it can also be used as a surface coating material. Other halogenated derivatives of rubber will probably find increasing use in the near future.

The X-ray investigation of linked molecules, which constitute complex elastic substances, will, when their nature is thoroughly understood, lead to the synthesis of new substances with different properties, able to withstand more rigorous conditions of service and be more widely adaptable to increasing needs. Whether these will provide us with an artificial leather depends entirely on whether we can manufacture the substitute more cheaply than Nature can produce it.

Artificial Wood

In the not very far distant future there is bound to be a great change in our use of the material which, though not classed as a plastic, has nevertheless served from the very earliest time as one of the most beautiful as well as one of the most adaptable of substaces. I refer, of course, to wood. European demands exceed the annual growth of soft woods by approximately three thousand million cubic feet. The bulk goe to the paper trade where, incidentally, the world is still waiting for a successful method for the removal of ink from newsprint. The plastic trade consumes 4,000 tons of wood dust per annum for mouldings, and the cellulose ester trade many times this amount. Hard woods are increasing in price.

Many attempts have been made to discover a material as cheap as wood and as capable of being transformed as easily into the same infinite diversity of shapes. The first really successful results will be achieved by using a wood waste of some sort. "Plastic wood" (sawdust and cellulose nitrate solution) is an example of an attempt in this direction. Claims for artificial wood, made by the internal disruptive explosion of wood waste, are being made in America. Whatever the ultimate solutions, for there will be several, the raw material will always be of a cellulosic nature. Cellulose and its esters are beginning to come into their own.

At present the U.S.A. and Great Britain manufacture between them 200,000,000 gallons of paint of all kinds per annum.

In the near future lacquers will be used in the form of an aqueous dispersion or emulsion of synthetic resin, for our knowledge of interfacial liquid surfaces is rapidly increasing. It will therefore be possible to use emulsions for most purposes of this nature for it is obvious that water is the cheapest and most efficient medium we possess. This paint will be used as source of illumination by the incorporation of exceedingly active luminous pigments selected to give a spectrum range as nearly as possible identical with sunlight. The ceilings and the upper part of the walls of buildings will be treated with this paint which, activated by daylight, will continue glowing all through the hours of darkness.

Dr. Seyss-Inquart Made Cabinet Minister
Former Fuehrer of Sudetens Also Promoted

Berlin, May 1.

Dr. Arthur Seyss-Inquart, the Nazi Governor of Austria, has been made a Cabinet Minister by Herr Hitler. He will be informed regarding his special task at a later date. The post of Governor of Austria has now been abolished.

A governorship has been created for Sudetenland, and Herr Konrad Henlein, former leader of the Sudeten German Party in what was once Czechoslovakia, has been appointed Nazi governor of the Sudeten region. —Reuter.

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WORLD RADIO

The following table shows the Shanghai times at which *news* is broadcast in the principal countries of the world, together with the wave-lengths and frequencies used. We shall be glad to receive comment or suggestions from listeners, which should be addressed or telephoned to the Radio Editor of the "North-China Daily News" (Tel. 11055). The times, given in the first column, are all between noon and midnight.

LONDON

P.M.	METRES	CYCLES
2.30, 3.15, 9.15 9.45, 12.00	.. .. 19.76	15.18

Today's BBC Programme

2.30 News
2.45 "Food for Thought," talk
3.15 Sports news and markets
8.00 School Ship H.M.S. Conway centenary
8.15 "Death in the Hand," thriller
9.00 "Empire Exchange," talk
9.15 News
9.45 Sports news and markets
11.00 "History of the Jews," talk
11.15 The Chester Cup, commentary
12.00 News

PARIS

7.00 .. .. 19.68 .. .. 15.24

ROME

5.30, 9.30, 12-00 .. 25.40 .. .. 11.81
7.00 .. .. 31.13 .. .. 9.63

BERLIN

3.00 .. .. .. 19.63/16.89 15.28/17.76
8.00, 10.00 .. 31.45/19.63 9.54/15.28

SAN FRANCISCO

8.30, 10.30 .. .. .. 31.48 .. .. 9.53

MANILA

6-30, 11.00 .. .. .. 31.35 .. .. 9.57

MELBOURNE

5.15, 8-30 9-20 .. 31.32 .. .. 9.58

TOKYO

1.00, 2.00, 3-30
4.30, 10.00, 11-00 .. 25.42 .. .. 11.80

HONGKONG

12.30, 2.15, 7.00 .. 31.49 .. .. 9.52
11.00 .. .. 31.49 .. .. 9.52

CHUNGKING

5.30 .. .. 31.49 .. .. 9.52

Japan Buying Greek Vessels

Dairen, May 2.

To find accommodation for the increased volume of trade which Japan now finds it necessary to ship, the Japanese are again in the market for vessels. Five Greek ships have just been sold to the Yamashita Kisen Kaisha, premier firm for the chartering of British ships here in the past. Arrangements have also been practically completed for the sale of several more Greek ships in a month or so. At present there are 45 Greek mercantile vessels in Japanese waters.—Reuter.

"Daily Express" readers when asked what they would choose if they were given the task of showing people of 6938 A.D. a cross-section of 20th Century life voted strongly for 'ASPIRIN'.
This most widely used of all remedies was discovered and named by »Bayer« in 1898, and, for forty years, 'Aspirin' has been taken for the relief of all suffering by all races in all countries of the world.
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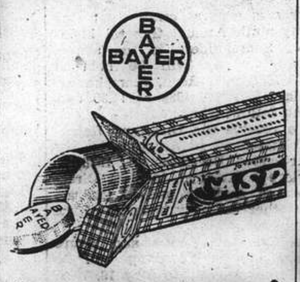

'ASPIRIN'
»Bayer« means Best.

1939 World Bridge Olympic Games

On Friday, the Shanghai International Bridge Club members played 20 selected hands in the 1939 World Bridge Olympic Games. The same hands were played in bridge centres throughout the world. Results of local play have been forwarded to headquarters in America and it may be several months before the results are known. Hands 1-8, inclusive have been published previously; hands 9-12, inclusive, are appended.

Hand No. 9.

	♠ K Q J 7 2 ♡ Q ◇ J 9 4 3 ♣ J 5 2	
♠ A 10 8 ♡ A 9 7 ◇ K Q 7 ♣ A 9 6 3	NORTH WEST EAST SOUTH	♠ 6 5 4 3 ♡ J 8 2 ◇ A 10 6 5 ♣ K 10
	♠ 9 ♡ K 10 6 5 4 3 ◇ 8 2 ♣ Q 8 7 4	

North Dealer
East and West Vulnerable.

Hand No. 10.

	♠ A Q 3 ♡ K 9 6 5 ◇ A 9 4 ♣ K 9 4	
♠ 10 9 6 4 ♡ A 10 ◇ 10 8 5 2 ♣ A 6 5	NORTH WEST EAST SOUTH	♠ 5 2 ♡ J 7 4 2 ◇ K J 6 3 ♣ J 7 2
	♠ K J 8 7 ♡ Q 8 3 ◇ Q 7 ♣ Q 10 8 3	

East Dealer.
Both Sides Vulnerable.

Hand No. 11.

	♠ Q 10 6 4 3 ♡ – ◇ A 7 6 5 ♣ K 9 8 7	
♠ K J ♡ K Q J 10 2 ◇ Q 8 3 ♣ Q 10 2	NORTH WEST EAST SOUTH	♠ 2 ♡ 9 8 7 6 5 4 ◇ 10 9 4 ♣ 5 4 3
	♠ A 9 8 7 5 ♡ A 3 ◇ K J 2 ♣ A J 6	

South Dealer.
Neither Side Vulnerable.

Hand No. 12.

	♠ A 9 2 ♡ A K 8 5 2 ◇ Q 3 ♣ K 6 5	
♠ Q 5 3 ♡ J 9 4 ◇ 10 5 2 ♣ A 7 3 2	NORTH WEST EAST SOUTH	♠ K 10 8 4 ♡ Q 10 6 ◇ K 8 7 6 ♣ Q 4
	♠ J 7 6 ♡ 7 3 ◇ A J 9 4 ♣ J 10 9 8	

West Dealer.
North and South Vulnerable.

Seventy Years Ago

From the "North-China Daily News" of May 3, 1869

At the Church meeting held yesterday, the question of pew allotment incurred the usual fate of such questions in Shanghai. It was referred to a Committee, who are to allot seats to applicants, at a uniform rate of rental, and to suggest to a future meeting what this rate shall be—basing their calculation on the number of applications and the expense which has to be met. To the present Trustees, this task was entrusted; and the community are much indebted to them for accepting it. It was announced that the Church is likely to be opened on the first Sunday in June. A letter was read, from Mr. Seward, declining the proposed offer of free sittings to the U.S. Consular officers; and objection was raised to the proposed gift of eight free seats to the British Consulate. Eventually, five were given. The decision seems to have been rather hasty. The principle, not the number of seats, was in question; and it would have been well either to give the full number proposed, or none.

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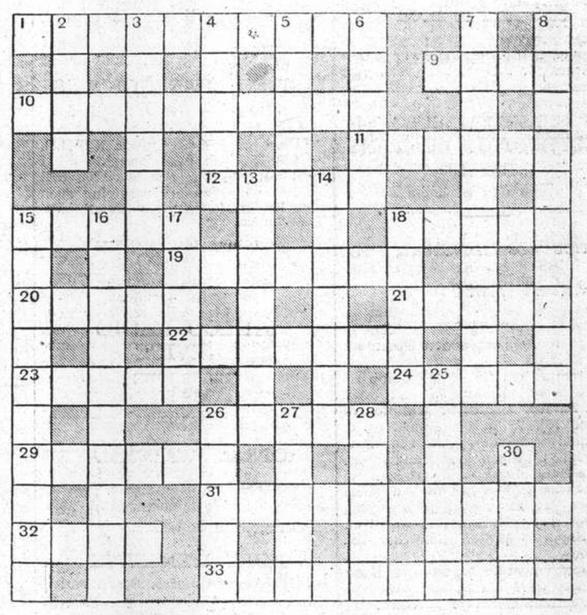
LONDON CROSS WORD No. 1801

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

1 Whereat one might gain a prize by a mere trick (two words)
9 Bird
10 An association of athletes (two words)
11 This comes in to waken me shamelessly
12 As a result of his actions much may crop up
15 The shallow minded are never pro. this
16 When beheaded this creature is often found in wood
19 Our own form of shingle
20 A pigment
21 Part of every savings week in Germany
22 This much-used weed destroyer is certainly a hot favourite with children
23 In this land it comes first
24 Palindrome
26 Not very plentiful, and most of it isn't able
29 The seventh one is particularly delightful
31 "Cameo print" (anag.)
32 An interrupted line still flows
33 Simple

DOWN

2 Seedy parts of the body
3 Most of this injury is on familiar lines
4 Just what the doctor ordered?
5 No single man ever sees his mother this
6 Brand
7 When this comes, restraint goes
8 It serves to dispel some of the darkness, at any rate
13 "Go in car" (anag.)
14 A literary suppression
15 Nice vehicle to play poker in?
16 If the beast goes the rest is lacking in power and all is beyond endurance
17 Hat, town, or race
18 Sleep on it is quite usual advice
25 Still in existence
26 Bird
27 Fruit
28 Number
30 This city may spell starvation

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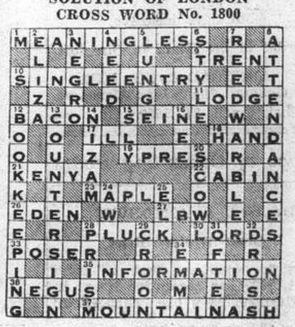
SOLUTION OF LONDON CROSS WORD No. 1800



Sungari Shipping High and Dry

Low Water in Manchoukuo River Causes Great Loss to Harbin Merchants

FROM OUR DAIREN CORRESPONDENT

Harbin, Apr. 23.

Old Man Sungari has gone fractious. The raging wolf of northern Manchoukuo has turned into a debilitated lamb—much to the economic distress of the local Water Transport Directorate. For the mighty waterway, which thinks nothing of engulfing the whole city of Harbin, has removed its patronage, and vessels which, before the ice covered it to a six-foot depth, were riding proudly at anchor or tied up to the wharves, are now flat on sandbanks.

Flat on sandbanks is hardly correct. Their keels may be but the ships themselves are at all kinds of crazy angles, the general appearance being one of devil-may-care insobriety, as the boats are being propped up with bamboo poles to save them from giving up the ghost and settling comfortably to rest on their sides.

On board the crews move uselessly about the decks, demoralized by this latest fantastic prank of the scourge of the northern provinces. And there they will have to remain until the gangs of coolies, working might and main on the huge islands of sand, have opened a passage for the marooned vessels.

Vast Masses of Silt

The Sungari is a vigorous stream and with it as it passes through Harbin carries vast masses of silt. This is the reason for the present tie-up. Where, before the winter, was a huge volume of water rushing forward, is now a series of narrow rivulets passing between elongated islands. Meantime there lie the ships, just at the time when the busy spring traffic should be about its work. Half the local fleet—some of the ships two and three deckers—are unable to move, except laterally. And, though the Harbin waterfront authorities are doing everything in their power it will be many days and perhaps weeks, before these victims of recalcitrant Old Man Sungari can be liberated to be about their normal duty.

This strange quark on the part of the river is all the more incomprehensible since last autumn there was an exceptionally heavy rainfall while the snow last winter fell in tremendous quantities. Local wiseacres predicted an unusually deep river when the ice melted but the Sungari was not to be had that way.

Residents of Harbin are flocking to the river front to view the amazing change in their gangster-like river and many are rowing out to the middle of the stream where there is a large island of sand and silt in a spot which has never in the history of Harbin been visible before.

Water Still Receding

Old Man Sungari though is excelling himself. Instead of ending his little joke and beginning to start back to normal he is rather harping on the subject as the water is receding each day at the rate of 10, 15 or even 20 mm. each day and since the ice disappeared the level has dropped by over a metre.

The monkey tricks of this river can be better understood if it is remembered that no later than last autumn people in the suburb of Zatoun had to climb higher and higher in their houses as the water rose and rose, eventually to be forced to cook, eat and live in general on the very tops of their dwellings.

The Harbin Water Transport Directorate is not highly amused by his vagaries as Old Man Sungari might think. The river has been closed for many long months and colossal quantities of freight have to be moved along the waterway while the means for this essential transport is prostrate in its sandy bed. And before normal traffic can be resumed it will have cost the Harbin navigation authorities a sum of money which will make them remember the about-turn of the Sungari for many years to come, with anything but delight.

Wuchow Residents Afraid of Tiger

Measures to Protect People and Animals

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

Wuchow, Si., Apr. 9.

Once more residents in the suburbs of Wuchow and farmers and gardeners living in the country have been alarmed by the sudden appearance of a tiger in their midst.

Towards the close of last year several people reported having seen a tiger prowling round after dark. The reports were not taken seriously however, and gradually all fear subsided. During the present week the tiger again made his appearance causing a sense of fear to fill the hearts of all those living in that area.

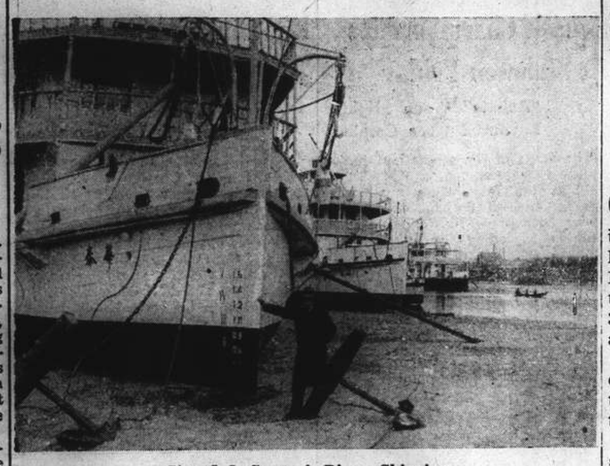
Several evenings ago soldiers slowly walking up the concrete path leading to what was formerly the British Consulate, were horrified to see crouching at one of the bends in the pathway, a large dark form, with two brilliant "headlights" sparkling in the darkness. The animal did not remain there long, however, and neither did the soldiers. Both evidently thought that "discretion is the better part of valour" and so turning into high gear, each went his allotted way.

Second Appearance

Last evening the tiger again appeared. This time he made a friendly call at the home of a farmer living near the Kwangsi University. About 9 p.m. the ferocious brute sprang into the enclosed yard and grabbing a small pig made off with it. The people heard the squeels, but sensing the situation did not dare to open their doors.

The following morning when the farmers went into the fields to plant rice, they were horrified to see on the newly harrowed earth many spors. This has brought on a general alarm, and now the doors are closed early and fastened securely against a possible second visit, and evening walking from one village to another is now taboo.

It will be remembered that in the early summer of 1937 for several weeks a large tiger prowled round the hillsides here and molested domestic animals that had not been fastened indoors. Finally the beast was killed by an organized posse and it is possible that the local officials may again take the same plan to get rid of the present marauder.



Stranded Sungari River Shipping

It is seldom that the Sungari River, after unusually heavy autumn rains and winter snows, decides to run nearly dry. Such is the case, however, and shipping suffers.

London Letter

British People United

Unanimous Approval of Unequivocal Promise to Poland of Support Against Aggression

BY O. M. GREEN

(Editor "North-China Daily News," 1911-1930)

London, Apr. 6.

NOTHING so remarkable has ever been seen in Parliament (and the country) as the unanimous approval of the Prime Minister's explanation of the unequivocal promise to Poland of support against aggression. In 1914 there were conspicuous doubters; Lord Morley and Mr. John Burns, it will be recalled, both resigned from the Government over the declaration of war.

But today there are none. The Independent Labour Party in their Easter conference at Scarborough are discussing a motion that calls on the workers to resist any war and oppose rearmament. But even they are not united and the I. L. P. are now so small and isolated "are they not as a remnant?" that, whatever they may vote, makes no difference to the national solidarity.

A conspicuous figure in the debates was Mr. Greenwood, who led the Labour Party in Mr. Atlee's, perhaps not wholly unfortunate, absence through influenza. He was dignified, clear and helpful and although he said that "the Labour lion was certainly not going to lie down with the Government lamb," he gave his Party's wholehearted assent to Mr. Chamberlain's policy.

With similar support from Sir Archibald Sinclair for the Opposition Liberals, it was, a striking demonstration of the spontaneous unanimity freely arrived at between men of widely different views, a striking contrast of the regimented opinions of totalitarian countries.

Labour's Internal Squabbles

But it is a great pity that the Labour Party continues to be torn by internal squabbles, Sir Charles Trevelyan and Mr. Aneurin Bevan, have now been expelled for supporting Sir Stafford Cripps in his stand for the united front, and Mr. H. N. Brailsford, the veteran Radical journalist has written to Party headquarters asking to be expelled too, as "I have committed all the crimes with which the last batch of criminals is charged and shall repeat my offences."

Fourteen more official Parliamentary Socialist candidates have also written in to say that they entirely agree with Sir Stafford Cripps. So no doubt they too will presently go into the wilderness.

The revolt against the dictatorship of Transport House, otherwise the trade unions, is no new thing. It has cropped so repeatedly at recent Labour conferences and Sir Stafford Cripps has a considerable following in the country, on principle rather than personality for he is a cold-blooded non-magnetic figure. But a Party so divided is most unlikely to win an election. That is a good thing in one way, but on the other hand a strong opposition is indispensable to the making of a strong Government.

Recruiting for Territorials

Soldiers everywhere are conspicuous. The recruiting for the Territorials has been excellent. Many units in London and the provinces are already up to the full strength asked for by the Government only last week, and are rapidly on the way to doubling their numbers. Thousands of men are spending the Easter holidays in camp and employers are making a good response by promising full pay and ample leave for men to do their training.

The propaganda machine is working full blast, in newspapers, cinemas and posters. But the people who drew up the posters for the base of the Nelson column (something like "National service: the call to you," I forget the exact wording) have surely missed a great opportunity. On such a monument the message that should have been used is surely obvious.

Evacuation of Children Schemes

The London County Council has distributed an enormous pamphlet of 5,000 words to all headmasters of schools within its area, on how children are to be evacuated in case of emergency. Two signals will be given, "get ready" and "go." Children will be formed in groups of 50 and marched to their nearest station under teachers and helpers, each group carrying a standard with a number on it, which will be worn together with an identification label, by each member of the group.

Every child must have a great coat and a rucksack containing a complete change of clothes and things for the night. Enough food should be taken for one day. District officers are appointed who will give advice beforehand and arrange at the stations for the order in which the groups are to be entrained.

It is emphasized that sick children and those likely to spread infection cannot be taken. This will be a relief to country households which have to take in the children. The circular says that plenty of accommodation has been promised for the evacuees. But where they will go cannot be stated until the day comes; for London children it will be anywhere between Land's End and the Wash.

It is imaginable that many parents simply will not be able to provide the prescribed rucksacks and change of clothing. How this difficulty is to be met is not yet explained.

The voluntary principal still holds good: parents who do not send their children to school, says the L.C.C., will be regarded as not wishing to have them evacuated. There remains the difficulty obstinate in many minds, that it is simply impossible to evacuate such a city as London. And when one thinks of the vast crowds that throng all streets and trains in the "rush hours" of an ordinary business day, that difficulty seems almost to amount to impossibility.

Caricatures at British Museum

I went into the British Museum the other afternoon to see the exhibition of European caricatures which has just been opened. As usual I lost myself, and as usual I wondered why I do not oftener visit this vast enthralling storehouse of the arts and learning of all ages. I nearly forgot the original object of my visit, first in the collection of early European printing, and next in the Assyrian rooms. However, I got to the caricatures at last, and they are worth all the time one can give them. As they are to be on show for a year, anyone coming home on leave might well make a note of them for a spare afternoon.

The word caricature, which nowadays suggests something political, has been used in its broadest sense. For example Michel Angelo and Leonardo da Vinci (there are no caricatures by the latter, but several by his pupils) amused themselves in light moments by drawing comic heads. Those by Michel Angelo give one a new insight into his austere nature, continually outraged by the world's frivolity. But what incomparable drawing. The delicacy and precision of his pencil might be the despair of any artist today. The earliest caricaturists chose such stock subjects as the rich old woman buying a young husband, and the wealthy dotard with a young wife. "Avarice" is the subject of a spirited 17th century Dutch drawing full of figures—a lady selling her charms for a shower of gold, a man on a roof rifling the stork's nest for eggs, greedy merchants and uncouth creatures delving in gutters. But the Dutch caricaturists could be politicians too, as shown by their savage attacks on Cromwell. Early caricature like early journalism, used a ferocity which makes us moderns gasp. Plainly there was no law of libel then. Another thing that strikes one is the peculiar ugliness and repulsiveness of the faces. Cruikshank in this respect was typical of a long line of predecessors. I cannot remember one really agreeable face by him and even when he was supposed to draw a pretty one, as in his illustrations of Dickens, he made it unutterably silly and simpering. Cartoonists have grown kinder, or have moments of kindness since then. One can easily see at the British Museum the ancestry of Belcher's charwomen, but none of his predecessors would have made them so human and lovable as he does.

Miss Hilda Yen, Chinese girl flier who is touring the United States on behalf of China's war cause, is in hospital with serious injuries, sustained when her plane crashed near Prattoille, Alabama, on Monday.

British Aviation Progress

Production of Planes Highly Gratifying and Recruiting Satisfactory; Maj. Seversky's Plans

FROM OUR OWN AVIATION CORRESPONDENCE

London, Apr. 7.

QUITE recently Sir Kingsley Wood, Minister for Air, announced that our production of aeroplanes had increased fourfold since the beginning of this year. At a lunch at Manchester this week he said that the production in March had beaten all records. Labour employed in making aircraft has risen by 40 per cent. in the past few months, and in addition to the work of the big firms, 3,800 subsidiary factories are engaged in making various parts of aircraft and engines.

As regards quality the Minister could "say with confidence that our new aircraft are as formidable as any in the world, and in the type now being issued to the bomber and fighter forces we possess the best in the world."

Meanwhile recruiting for the R.A.F. shows very satisfactory returns. In the year ended March 31, 35,104 pilots, observers, airmen and boys joined up. The 31,000 recruits asked for by Sir Kingsley Wood last June were obtained by March 4, and young men continue to come forward in shoals.

For the Air Defence Cadet Corps over 100 squadrons have now been formed, and the desired number of 200 should be reached at no distant date. Each squadron contains 100 cadets, of between fifteen and eighteen years, who are trained in elementary aircraft engineering and maintenance, workshop practice, the theory of flight, signalling and meteorology. Each squadron is attached to a unit of the R.A.F., and gets plenty of opportunity for seeing practical work at close quarters. This summer the Air Ministry is forming a camp at which 700 boys, in relays, will be taught gliding. The value of this cadet training needs no emphasis.

Maj. Seversky's Visit

The visit to London this week of Maj. Alexander Seversky, originally Russian, with a brilliant record of air service during the War, now one of the best-known American designers and manufacturers, has attracted much attention. He is proposing to the Air Ministry that long-distance fighter planes, as well as bombers, should be built in Canada, and in an interview with the "Daily Telegraph" he said that by this means it would be possible for 5,000 fighter planes with full military load and ready for action to reach England in an emergency.

Major Seversky has produced a convoy fighter which, it is claimed, can take off in under a quarter mile with a load of 76,000 lb., which means enough petrol for 3,000 miles, and with a maximum speed thus loaded of 300 m.p.h. To the "Daily Telegraph" he said:

"With such pursuit planes the air defence of the British Isles could be augmented within a few hours by aircraft built and stationed in Canada, Australia and other British Dominions. "The long-range principle would enable Britain to decentralize its production. It must be remembered that the initial number of aircraft possessed by a nation at the start of hostilities is important, but the ability to produce them at a great rate of speed will decide the issue. This is where the Dominions can play a paramount rôle."

Illustrious Launched

Lady Henderson, who will be remembered in Shanghai as daughter of the late Mrs. Roderick Campbell, wife of Admiral Sir Reginald Henderson, performed the launching of the Illustrious, the largest aircraft carrier in the world, at Barrow-in-Furness this week. The Illustrious has a displacement of 23,000 tons and is expected to be at least as fast as the Ark Royal, lately completed, which did 31¾ knots on her trials. She has hangars on two decks, capable of carrying 70 aeroplanes, and these are divided from each other by steel fire-proof curtains operated by electricity, so that in case of fire any compartment can instantly be shut off from the rest of the ship.

The Illustrious is the first of six similar aircraft carriers, of which four others are actually being built, and the last one will be laid down this year. Her length is 740 ft. and her beam about 80 ft. The launching of this monster was accomplished with the utmost ease and precision. Within a minute of Lady Henderson's pressing the release button, the Illustrious was in the water and in the hands of the tugs awaiting her.

King Sees Hush-Hush Things

The King made a prolonged tour of the Lancashire aircraft factories this week, when he saw some things so very hush-hush that only three or four of his suite were allowed to accompany him. His Majesty served with the Air Force in the War and thus had more than the normal interest in what he saw. First he visited the Avro works at Failsworth, where parts of the Bristol-Blenheim bombers are being built: these fearful machines, which are now being produced at an incredible rate, have a speed of 295 m.p.h. and a range of nearly 2,000. But the Avro works are also making a still more formidable warplane, which the King saw.

His Majesty went next to Heaton Chapel, the largest of the four Fairey factories, which at present is producing Battle single-engined bombers, all-metal monoplanes of 257 m.p.h. level speed. The King was shown some of the ingenious devices used to accelerate speed of production—a hydraulic press, which presses out fuselage frames in a few seconds; and a jig-borer (used in making jigs or master gauges essential for rapid manufacture) which bores holes in machine-tools to an accuracy of less than one ten-thousandth of an inch.

Here, too, the King saw a secret warplane, one of the new craft manufactured for the Fleet Air Arm. The Fairey Co. has specialized for the Navy and has recently supplied large numbers of Swordfish torpedo-spotter-reconnaissance biplanes for service in aircraft carriers.

Practice Planes to Dominions

The share that the Dominions would take in the defence of the Empire if need arose is illustrated by the number of first-class aircraft that are now being supplied to them from Great Britain in order to familiarize their pilots with the fastest bombers and fighters. Thus a number of Hawker-Hurricane 8-gun fighters, which can do 335 m.p.h., and of Bristol-Blenheim bombers have lately been sent to South Africa.

Canada is receiving batches of Hurricanes for fighter training. New Zealand will have received by the end of this year a force of Vickers Wellington high-performance bombers and a large number of obsolescent but still very valuable military aircraft for the training of pilots. A number of New Zealand pilots have already graduated in the R.A.F. in England. They will shortly share in the flying to New Zealand of eighteen of the 30 Wellington long-range bombers ordered by the New Zealand Government. These aircraft will fly in three formations of six. No record will be attempted; but the flight of 13,000 miles should produce some valuable experiences.

Flyingboats Compared

The arrival at Southampton of the Yankee Clipper, the American flying-boat, biggest type in use in the world, was quite unsensational, although she was given a rousing welcome. She was escorted in by the Connemara, one of the four Short flyingboats which are to operate the mail service across the Atlantic beginning on June 1, while numerous other aircraft flew round and over her. The Yankee Clipper took the water in perfect style and with very little flurry considering her huge bulk.

Alhough only a little longer than the Connemara, the American boat has much greater capacity. The Connemara can accommodate six persons besides mails. The Yankee Clipper can carry 40 passengers and a crew of twelve. She has storage room for 4,000 gallons of petrol, which gives a range of over 3,000 miles, and still leaves 10,000 lb. available for payload. Fully loaded the boat weighs 82,500 lb. Her four engines develop 6,000 h.p.

Imperial airways are experimenting in the transport of fruit from the places where it is grown to other places where it won't grow at all or at least is completely out of season. Already there is a brisk trade in this sort of work. But the Company are not yet satisfied that they have solved the problem of containers light enough for air and strong enough to save the fruit from being crushed. So no doubt we shall soon be eating real mangoes and mangosteens in London. In the end the transport people will kill their own business by making everything that is now exotic and strange so commonplace that nobody will want to travel.

Conditions in Wusih

Wusih, Apr. 29.

The price of silk is very high this spring, which means prosperity for the local farmers, and there is a great deal of activity on the part of guerillas.

Transportation facilities, both by train and bus are good, though one cannot find out much about the condition of the motor highway. Visitors from neighbouring cities occasionally comment on the fact that Wusih seems to be recovering more rapidly than some other places.

Earthquake in China Seas Located

Washington, Apr. 30.

Seismic shocks that were first felt at 3.10 a.m. G.M.T. and continued until 8 a.m. G.M.T., were recorded today at the University of Georgetown. The centre of the earthquake was located 13,840 kilometres away, in the China Seas region.—Havas.

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The public is cordially invited to an Exhibition of Curios and Pictures of Tsin, Tang, Sung, Yuan, Ming and Tsing (Manchu) Dynasties, which will be held between May 3 and May 11 on the 4th floor, Ningpo Guild Association, 480 Yu Ya Ching Road.

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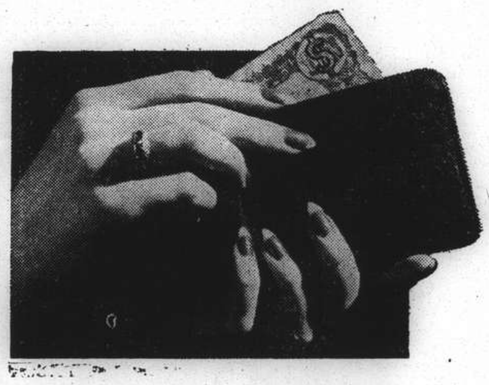
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THE SPORTS PAGE

Unrest in Europe Cancels Football Tours

English Clubs to Visit Denmark and Norway; Wolves to Play in Copenhagen Next Week

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, May 2.

THIS year there may not be as many Continental tours by English League clubs, as in the past. There are two main reasons. The first is that of the official F.A. tours to South Africa, and the other is the general unrest in Central Europe.

The F.A. tours are affecting clubs, because most of the leading sides, and those are usually the ones that make tours, find themselves without one or more of their "stars" and Continental clubs are not going to offer a guarantee to any side and then find that most of the "star" players will not be able to play against them.

Some clubs, however, have already made final arrangements. Arsenal, Wolverhampton Wanderers and Blackburn Rovers are going to Denmark. All three it is understood will play at Copenhagen and the tentative dates are:—Wolverhampton Wanderers will play on May 10, 12 and 14; Arsenal on May 22, 24 and 26 and Blackburn Rovers on May 13 and June 2.

Wolverhampton Wanderers after they had made these arrangements received a letter inviting them to tour Argentina. The offer, which contained a proposal to play five matches at a guaranteed figure of £1,250 per match, arrived too late for consideration. Two years ago the Wolves contemplated touring Argentina but the F.A. stepped in and vetoed the proposition.

Norway Ambitious

Norway is making an endeavour to improve football in that country and Leeds United and Bolton Wanderers have been persuaded to make a visit.

Arrangements have been made for Bolton to play five matches in May at Bergen, Stavanger, Skien, Dramen and Fredrikstad, and Leeds United will meet two selected teams on May 12 and 14 at Oslo.

Liverpool are to play at Gothenburg, Sweden, at the end of May, and Lyn, one of the leading Norwegian clubs, is trying to arrange a match at Oslo on June 2. If Liverpool does not accept the request, Lyn will probably approach another English First Division club.

Arne Brustad, the famous left-winger, who played for the Rest of Europe against England at Highbury last year, is among the Internationals who play for Lyn.

Cardiff City may, as the result of efforts on the part of "Bill" Hitch, the former Surrey and England cricketer, tour India during the close season.

Hitch, who coaches Glamorgan County Cricket Club in the summer and holds a coaching engagement in Calcutta during the winter, is negotiating with the All India Football Association.

Reply from India Awaited

Rough plans for a tour have been forwarded to India, and Cardiff is now waiting for a reply from Hitch.

Mr. W. Jennings, Secretary of Cardiff City, stated that the negotiations arose from a casual remark he made to Hitch when he met the cricketer on the station before leaving for India. "I asked Hitch to let me know if there was any chance of a tour over there," said Mr. Jennings. "I spoke quite casually," he continued, "but Hitch began negotiations and we are now awaiting the result."

Everton and Stoke City both completed arrangements to visit Germany, but both tours have been cancelled because of the international situation.

Everton was to have played four matches from May 10 to 25 in Berlin, Vienna, Stuttgart and Dortmund, and Stoke City from May 6 to 20 at Hamburg, Berlin, Dusseldorf and Nuremberg.

Everton was the first to cancel arrangements. The club's directors arrived at this decision and Mr. Theo Kelly, secretary of the club, stated: "The Board, in view of the present situation, think their action in the best interests of everybody."

When Everton made this statement Stoke City decided to carry on with its tour unless the international situation became worse, but about two weeks later decided not to go.—Reuter.

Yankees Invading Detroit

Champions Lose Services Of Big-Hittler; DiMaggio Lying in Hospital

New York, May 2.

National League baseball clubs moved east today and American League teams swung into the western circuit for the first inter-sectional games of the 1939 season. To the world champion New York Yankees, the first western road trip may easily prove unhappy.

The Yanks left their star outfielder, Joe DiMaggio, propped in a New York hospital bed, certain to be out of action for at least ten days. DiMaggio suffered a severe ankle sprain in Saturday's game with Washington, and doctors found the muscles injured from the ankle almost to the knee.

The Yanks first will invade Detroit, and there probably will face for the first time in more than a year their one time "Jinx," pitcher "Schoolboy" Rowe.

Rowe, the only pitcher who could consistently beat the New Yorkers two years ago, is back in action with the Tigers this season with his ailing arm at least partially recovered. Amazing contradictions were evident in the National League standing as the teams swung into the east.

The Pittsburgh Pirates, who nearly won the 1938 pennant, were in last place not far behind the New York Giants, 1937 pennant winners. In first place were the Boston Bees, rated in the pre-season dope as a seventh place club.

Bees Humble Giants

The Bees scored their fourth consecutive victory yesterday, handing the Giants a 7-2 beating behind the four-hit pitching of Bill Posedel, a righthander acquired last winter from the Dodgers.

Posedel held the Giants hitless until the seventh inning, when Mel Ott rapped out a double.

The Pirates broke their eight-game losing streak by defeating Cincinnati, 2-1.

Johnny Rizzo drove in both runs for the winners with his two doubles and a single in four trips to the plate.

Rip Sewell, who joined late last season and lost the only game he pitched, held the Reds to six hits yesterday. It was the first Pittsburgh victory since the season's opening day, when the Pirates defeated Cincinnati, 7-5.—United Press.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	12	15	3
Brooklyn	13	15	2

Batteries: Passeau, Burkart, Smith, Henry, Davis, Coble and Millies; Tamulis, Pressnell, Wyatt and Todd.

New York	2	4	0
Boston	7	10	1

Batteries: Lohrman, Brown and Danning; Posedel and Lopez.

Cincinnati	1	6	0
Pittsburgh	2	9	1

Batteries: Moore, Weaver and Lombardi, Hershberger; Sewell and Berres.

Chicago-St. Louis; postponed to later date.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Detroit-Cleveland; cold.

Chicago-St. Louis; postponed to later date.

Others not scheduled.

INTER-LEAGUE CHARITY GAME

Chicago Cubs (N)	1	10	3
Chicago White Sox (A)	4	8	0

Batteries: Dean, Higbe and Hartnett, Garbark; Whitehead and Silvestri.

Standings

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	Pct.
Boston	8	3	.727
Cincinnati	6	3	.667
Chicago	6	4	.600
St. Louis	5	4	.556
Brooklyn	5	4	.556
Philadelphia	4	6	.400
New York	3	7	.300
Pittsburgh	2	8	.200

AMERICAN LEAGUE

New York	5	3	.625
Boston	5	3	.625
Chicago	6	4	.600
Washington	5	4	.556
Detroit	6	5	.545
St. Louis	4	5	.444
Cleveland	4	6	.400
Philadelphia	2	7	.222

—United Press.

Dr. Nagai Elected to Olympic Committee

To Sail for London and Finland Next Week

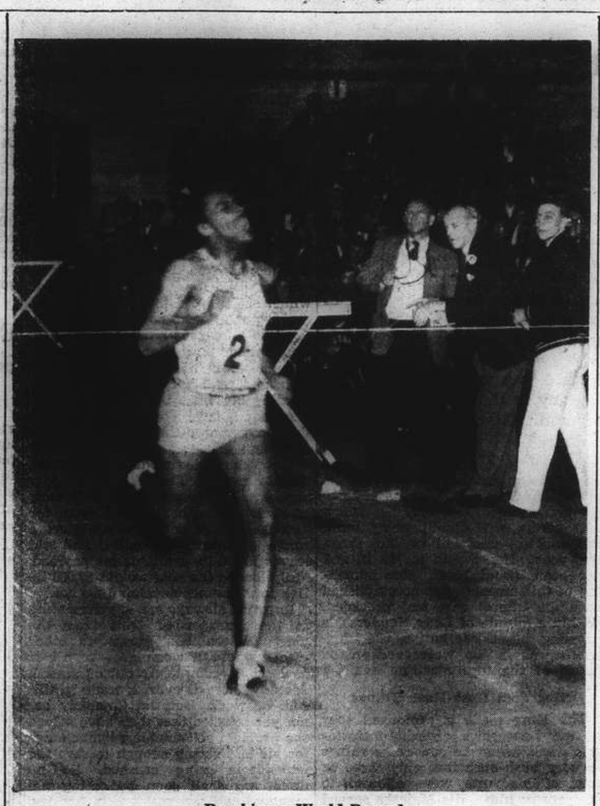
Tokyo, May 1.

The Japanese Olympic Committee today formally recommended Dr. Matsuzo Nagai, formerly Japanese Ambassador in Berlin, and at present Director of the International Section of the Federaion of Organizations of Physical Culture, as a member of the International Olympic Committee.

He will succeed Mr. Jigoro Kano, who died last year en route to Tokyo via America from the International Conference in Egypt.

Dr. Nagai is to leave Yokohama on May 11 on board the N.Y.K. liner Tatsuta Maru for London in order to attend the forthcoming general meeting of the International Olympic Committee opening in London on June 6.

He will later visit Finland, with a view to explaining all the circumstances leading up to Japan's abandonment of her right to hold the Olympic Games to Tokyo in 1940 before the Finnish Olympic Organization Committee.—Reuter.



Breaking a World Record

With every inch a strain to his gasping lungs, John Borican, New Jersey runner, hits the tape to set a new world indoor record of 1.49.8 for the half mile on Dartmouth College's track.

First Cricket Match This Week-end

This coming Sunday, the first cricket match of 1939 in Shanghai is to be played between A. C. Sinclair's team and D. W. Leach's side at the Cricket Club. In preparation for this initial match, players will be able to use the nets on Saturday afternoon from 2.30 p.m. onwards. Sunday's match will begin at 1.30 p.m. and the sides have been arranged as follows:

A. C. Sinclair (capt.), E. H. Anstice, R. Booth, W. V. K. Chadwick, H. A. Crickmer, J. E. Fairbairn, G. T. Gambling, A. Graham, C. F. King, A. Lingard, J. W. Pote-Hunt, C. H. Mellor, A. S. Read, L. F. Stokes, F. J. Knightly, and J. Weaver.

D. W. Leach (capt.), G. S. Dunkley, P. G. A. Cantopher, H. J. M. Cook, L. G. Day, E. R. Duckett, G. G. Ellitt, L. Heap, P. J. Hart, J. C. Jenkins, H. E. Orr, J. D. Shotter, G. J. Read, C. E. M. Thomson, P. V. Simpson and T. H. Wood.

Hongkong Footballers Beaten at Manila

Huge Crowd Sees Game Under Floodlights

Manila, May 2.

LaSalle College, runner-up in the recent Manila football league, tonight created a major surprise by beating the crack football eleven from Hongkong, 3-1, before a huge crowd in the Rizal Memorial Stadium.

With six men wearing LaSalle colours who on Sunday night helped the All-Manila team trim the Chinese, 3-1, the collegians flashed excellent form and speed tonight in taking the measure of the visitors.

The largest crowd to witness a football match here since the China-Japan clash in the Far Eastern Athletic Association championship which inaugurated the Rizal stadium in 1934 flocked to the game tonight.

The stadium was filled with yelling Chinese and Filipinos as they saw the men reveal high-class football under brilliant floodlights.

As on Sunday night, Manila tonight saw football played under international rules which allow no substitutions.

K. King Cheong scored Hongkong's only goal tonight. He booted the leather into the net in the first half, but LaSalle retaliated twice, both times through A. Crespo. J. Ortigas netted the other goal for the local team in the second period.

The Chinese will make their final appearance here Thursday night when they oppose the Yco Athletic Club, champions of the Manila football league.

The Yco lineup includes Alex Boisseree, former Shanghai interport soccer star.

Lee Wai-tong, outstanding Chinese football player and probably one of the greatest soccer players in the Orient in his prime, failed to play tonight.

The idol of Chinese soccer fans rested because he still suffered from the severe case of cramps that caused him to show a mere shadow of his usual form on Sunday. He will definitely play on Thursday night against the Yco squad.—United Press.

Draw for Ladies' Golf Contests at Hungjao

Two Competitions Set For Friday

The Ladies Open Meeting will be held next Friday, May 5 at Hungjao. A Medal Competition will take place in the morning and a Nine-Hole Two Club Competition in the afternoon, followed by Approaching Putting and a Putting Competition.

Following are the draws and teeing-off times:—

MEDAL COMPETITION

9.00 Mrs. Kay v. Mrs. C. F. King
9.04 Mrs. Reynell v. Mrs. Burton
9.08 Mrs. Gordon v. Mrs. R. Davis
9.12 Mrs. Kruse v. Mrs. J. S. MacDonald
9.16 Mrs. Gubb v. Mme. Millet
9.20 Mme. Laffond v. Mrs. Gibb
9.24 Mrs. Kocher v. Mrs. Harper
9.28 Mrs. Maitland v. Mrs. Johnson
9.32 Mrs. Judd v. Mrs. Gray
9.36 Mrs. Farnsworth v. Mrs. Watson
9.40 Mrs. Bradley v. Mrs. Howell
9.44 Mrs. Culbertson v. Mrs. Gardener
9.48 Mrs. Killery v. Mrs. Black
9.52 Mrs. Harrison v. Mrs. Mann
9.56 Mrs. Mackenzie v. A. N. Other

TWO-CLUB COMPETITION

1.32 Mrs. Kay v. Mrs. Gibb
1.36 Mrs. King v. Mme. Laffond
1.40 Mrs. Reynell v. Mme. Millet
1.44 Mrs. Burton v. Mrs. Gubb
1.48 Mrs. Gordon v. Mrs. MacDonald
1.52 Mrs. Davis v. Mrs. Kruse
1.56 Mrs. Kocher v. Mrs. Watson
2.00 Mrs. Harper v. Mrs. Farnsworth
2.04 Mrs. Maitland v. Mrs. Gray
2.08 Mrs. Johnson v. Mrs. Judd
2.12 Mrs. Robson v. Mrs. Mann
2.16 Mrs. Howell v. Mrs. Harrison
2.20 Mrs. Culbertson v. Mrs. Black
2.24 Mrs. Gardener v. Mrs. Mackenzie

Any player wanting a lift out to Hungjao is asked to telephone Mrs. J. R. G. Barter (Tel. No. 72417) before noon on Thursday.

"Man Mountain" Dean Suspended

Sacramento, Apr. 29.

"Man Mountain" Dean, the 300-pound bearded wrestler, was suspended today by the California Athletic Commissioner for using a flying broad jump, in violation of rules.

Dean has become famous for his "broad jump", which lands him on either the stomach or back of his opponent.—United Press.

Schools Athletic Meeting Today

Preliminaries for Field Events Begin Programme; Eight Teams Entered

The tenth annual Shanghai Schools Sports Meeting, which is being conducted by the Shanghai Inter-Schools Athletic Association, will begin today, starting at 4 p.m., on the grounds of the Shanghai American School.

Fifteen preliminary competitions of field events are listed on today's programme while the preliminaries for the track events will be run off tomorrow, beginning at the same time on the same grounds.

All finals for all field competitions are to take place on Friday afternoon and the finals for all track competitions will be held on May 13, starting at 2 p.m.

No less than eight schools are entered in this meeting. Competitors who participate in the events are divided into five classes, A, B, C, D, E, for the purpose of handicapping, which is determined on a system taking into account a competitor's age, height and weight.

In the final of each individual event the first six places shall score 6, 4, 3, 2, 1, 1 points respectively, and in team events 12, 8, 6, 4, 2, 2, points. In case of a tie the points at stake shall be equally divided.

The Public and Thomas Hanbury School has successfully captured the Rotary Shield for successive four years. Last year the team was given a close race by St. Francis Xavier's College as the final margin stood at 188½ to 182½.

The Shanghai American School, possessing bigger boys, encountered no difficulty to win the "A" Class championship and the team should repeat the performance again this year.

Plans for Athletic Championships

Elaborate Programme of Events Arranged; New Races Included

According to decisions made at the Executive Committee Meeting of the Shanghai Track and Field Association (International), which took place yesterday evening at the Foreign Y.M.C.A., this year's Open Championships will be run off in an elaborate programme covering two day's of competition on May 27 and June 3 on the grounds of the Shanghai American School.

The Association has also made reservation for June 17 and 24 in case any postponement is made necessary.

Yesterday's meeting was presided over by the new president, Mr. L. F. Bright. It was mentioned by the hon. secretary, Mr. Robert Z. K. Sze that owing to present commitments and the short time of stay in Shanghai the East Surrey Regiment is unable to become a member of the Association. The Seaforth Highlanders, however, are prepared to join and they will be the only British service team entering.

As the forthcoming competition will last two days, four new items were added to last year's list of events, thereby making the total eighteen. The new events will be the 440 yards middle hurdles, the two mile run, the 4×220 yards relay and the 400 shuttle relay. The shutte relay has never been seen in Shanghai before. It is a most interesting event on the Relay Carnival programme in the United States and should be liked by local followers too.

Entries to Close May 22

The task of arranging the programme was given to Messrs. George Chow, Harold Brown and Billy Tingle. Each team desirous of participating is requested to send an application to the hon. secretary, c/o St. John's University, together with an entrance fee of $10, not later than May 22, at noon.

In track events each team is entitled to enter two men while three athletes are allowed for each field event. With the exception of the high jump and pole vault, each field event will have four trials for every participant and there will be no preliminaries.

The scoring is based on five points for first, three for second, two for third and one for fourth. In relay races the points will be doubled.

Spectators are to pay an admission of $1.10 (including tax) on each day of competition.

To the American School for the grounds, $50 will be paid and the rest will go to expenditures.

Messrs. Brown and G. H. Wade were appointed as Managers of the meeting. Messrs. L. F. Bright and Robert Sze are in charge of naming officials while Mr. K. S. Chang, the hon. secretary, will look after the printing of tickets and the awarding of a prize for team championship.

A complete list of the events this year follows:—

Track:—100 yards, 220 yards, 440 yards, 880 yards, 1 mile, 2 miles, 440 yards middle hurdles, 120 yards high hurdles, 400 yards shuttle relay, 880 yards rely, 1 mile relay.

Field:—High jump, broad jump, hop-step-jump, 16-lb. shot put, discus throw, javelin throw, pole vault.

Squash Championships At Stake on Friday

"Bobbie" Wade Slightly Favoured Over Cumine

The finals of the senior and junior squash rackets championships will be held at the Race Club on Friday commencing at 6 p.m., the senior match between L. H. Wade and E. B. Cumine preceding the junior game between G. Beckerman and T. E. Baker. These two matches will complete the season although it is hoped to hold a match between the Race Club, champions of the year, and a team composed from the remaining teams which entered the contest this year. On the date of the latter match, it is expected the Annual Squash Rackets Association dinner will be held to conclude the season.

The final between Wade and Cumine will be a very open affair with Wade slightly favoured in view of his improved performances recently although the two have been playing each other recently and neither can register more match victories than the other. It should be a good contest to watch. The match between Beckerman and Baker similarly brings together two players who have doubtless played each other on countless occasions as both play for the Foreign Y.M.C.A. and are in the second division team.

Kho Sin-kie Through To 3rd Round

Indian Tennis Player Beaten Handily

London, May 2.

Kho Sin-kie, Chinese Davis Cup star, made further progress in the British hardcourts championships at Bournemouth today when he beat Gaus Mohammed of India in the 2nd round of the men's singles.

He won in three sets, by a score of 6-2, 13-11 and 6-1. He was always more accurate, his ground shots being far superior, despite the Indian's rally in the second set.

Kho Sin-kie is holder of the British hard courts singles title, which he won by beating H. W. Austin, the famous British net star, in the final last year.—Reuter.

RECITAL of
ASIATIC and INDIAN
DANCES
by
SLAVINA BROWN
and
INDIRA DEVI
LYCEUM
Thursday, May 11, at 9.15
Tickets $4, $3, $2, $1
at the Theatre

-5656

SHANGHAI RACE CLUB
SPRING RACE MEETING, 1939

SATURDAY, May 6 TUESDAY, May 9 SATURDAY, May 13
MONDAY, May 8 WEDNESDAY, May 10

The First Bell will be rung promptly at 1.15 p.m. each day.

MEMBERS AND THEIR WIVES AND DAUGHTERS WHO REQUIRE BADGES ARE ASKED TO NOTIFY THE UNDERSIGNED WITHOUT DELAY.

Only Holders of Members' Badges of the Shanghai Race Club or International Recreation Club and Guests' Tickets giving admission to the Members' Enclosure and Stands will be admitted at Entrance-Gate, 305 Bubbling Well Road or Archway Entrance, Mohawk Road.

Tickets giving Admission to the Members' and Guests' Enclosure, Pari-Mutuels and Stands may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

Prices: For the five days ..... $15 each
For one day only ..... $ 5 each

Notice:—No Guest Ticket will be issued unless the name of the Guest is first declared. Application forms are obtainable from the undersigned.

It is particularly requested that all applications be forwarded to the undersigned before 5 p.m. on Friday, May 5, 1939.

All Badges, Brooches and Tickets must be visibly worn.
Failure to exhibit Badge, Brooch or Ticket may entail challenge by the Club's Officials and ejectment from the Club's Premises.

TICKETS GIVING ADMISSION TO THE UNRESERVED PART OF THE ENCLOSURE MAY BE PURCHASED AT THE TOWER ENTRANCE, 304A MOHAWK ROAD

Price: For each Race Day ..... $1 each.

Tiffins, Teas and Refreshment will be obtainable at the Course.

For Members and Guests .... in the Grand Stand (Guests' Tiffin Room)
For the Public ..... in the Public Refreshment Rooms adjoining Pari-Mutuel Room.

ADMISSION WILL BE REFUSED TO THOSE UNDER 17 YEARS OF AGE FOR THE FIRST FOUR DAYS OF THE RACE MEETING.

MEMBERS REQUIRING TICKETS FOR THEIR CHILDREN FOR THE FIFTH DAY, MAY 13, MAY OBTAIN SAME ON APPLICATION TO THE UNDERSIGNED.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.

CASH SWEEP

All through chances (Nos. 1-600 only are available) for 7 races on—

1st Day, May 6, 1939 ..... $20 each
2nd Day, May 8, 1939 ..... $20 each
3rd Day, May 9, 1939 ..... $20 each
4th Day, May 10, 1939 ..... $30 each
Including Special Sweep on Champions (Tickets Nos 10001 to 10600 are reserved for all through numbers)
5th Day, May 13, 1939 ..... $20 each

Special Sweep on Champions, Race No. 9, 4th Day, Spring Race Meeting, May 10, 1939 (The Champions Sweepstakes). $10 each Ticket of Eleven Sections. Single sections $1 each.

10 per cent. of the Special Sweep will be donated to Charity.

For further information regarding Sweeps apply to

A. W. OLSEN, 304 MOHAWK ROAD.

CANIDROME
To-Day at 5 30 P.M

JOSEPH GARDEN TENNIS CLUB
Bus No. 22, Route de Sieyes (west of Route Tenant de la Tour).
Beautiful surroundings. Finest resort.
How will you spend your summer? Play tennis?
If you do, please come and join our club. It will give you every satisfaction.
Time of opening, from 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. daily.

-5739

HAI-ALAI
TO-DAY at 7 p.m.

Events 1-8:	Events 9-16:
1. RAFAEL	1. ANDRINUA
2. URIZAR II	2. ACHA
3. MAGUREGUI	3. ASTI
4. GUERNICA	4. SOLOZABAL
5. ECHARRI	5. HERNANDO
6. PRUDENCIO	6. SALSAMENDI

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DOROTHY LAMOUR
RAY MILLAND
in
"JUNGLE PRINCESS"

To-night
DUO PALOTAY
Sensational European Ball Room Dancers
CASANOVA BALLROOM
OPEN ALL NIGHT SOL GREENBERG, Manager.

Uptown
To-day Only! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
THE GOOD EARTH
STARRING Paul Muni · Luise Rainer
NEXT CHANGE:
Miriam Hopkins and Ray Milland
in
"WISE GIRL"

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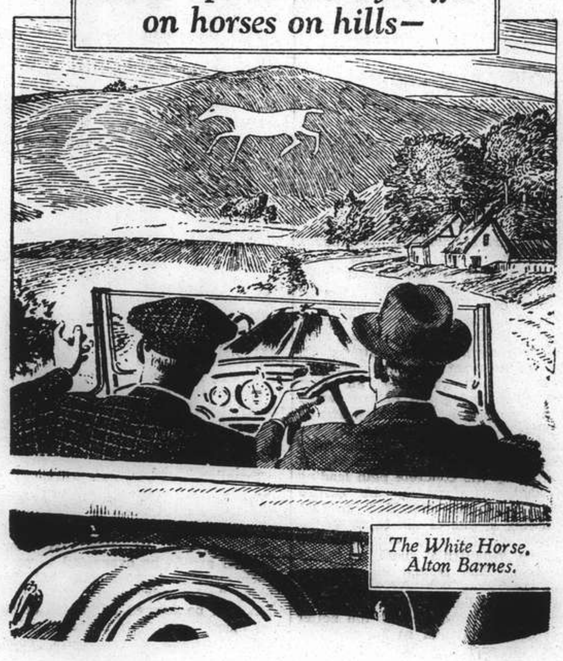
	142 MUSEUM RD.	745 AV. FOCH	239 KWEICHOW RD.	550 AV. JOFFRE
	2.30, 5.30, 9.15	2.30, 5.30, 9.00	2.30, 5.30, 9.00	2.30, 5, 7, 9.15
	THE BUCCANEER	SOULS AT SEA	4 MEN & A PRAYER	ELEPHANT BOY
	FREDRIC MARCH FRANCISKA GAAL	GARY COOPER GEORGE RAFT	LORETTA YOUNG RICHARD GREENE	SABU
FRI. SAT.	I AM THE LAW	THANKS FOR EVERYTHING	SING YOU SINNERS	HARD TO GET
SUN. TUES.	SUBMARINE PATROL	FOUR DAUGHTERS	DAWN PATROL	THAT CERTAIN AGE
WED. May 10	LONE WOLF IN PARIS	THE BUCCANEER	SOULS AT SEA	FOUR MEN and A PRAYER
	33c 55c 75c 1.10	33cts. 55cts. 85cts.	33cts. 55cts. 85cts.	33c 44c 65c 85c

Their opinions may differ on horses on hills—



The White Horse, Alton Barnes.

"That White Horse over there is famous throughout the country."

"Ah! well, I know a White Horse that's famous throughout the world!"

When you feel at the end of a tiring day that a little whisky would do you good, have some White Horse, and it will! It's wonderfully soft and mellow—in fact as fine as a fine liqueur.

~but they ask for
WHITE HORSE
as a matter of course
Screw-cap flasks on sale everywhere

Why Gert Eng Lost Main Event

Saturday's Fights at Auditorium Leisurely Reviewed

That form and ability in the gymnasium against sparring-partners and punching-bags in preparation for actual boxing contests can be misleading was amply demonstrated on Saturday evening at the Auditorium's latest presentation when Gert Eng, the lion-hearted Swede dropped a close decision to the Champion of North China, Nicki Wan and Tony Livingston, pride of the United States Marines failed in his attempts to put the willing local product, "Tiger" Usoff, out for the count as had been confidently expected in many circles.

Neither Eng nor Livingston revealed to any marked degree the resourcefulness, tremendous hitting powers and physical fitness that they had displayed during their training periods when they gave notice to the privileged few the impression that they were head and shoulders better than their prospective opponents. Against Wan, Eng's dynamic punching powers were definitely missing and although he landed two and three blows for every one he received, the Northern champion never for one moment appeared in danger of going down. The Scandinavian had by far the better of the bout for the first four rounds but he was an extremely tired man from that point on. Wan then took command and had he been a trifle steadier and a little more accurate with his heavy artillery he should never have allowed the contest to have reached the tenth round, in which the Swede surprised everybody in the building by raining punches from every angle upon the astonished Manchu to take the final frame and, it seemed, the decision. The judges, however, thought otherwise although their task must have been an extremely difficult one to decide. With the fight over, the popular Sam Sofoulis will probably consider rematching the men for with the Swede in better condition, an action packed battle can be anticipated when Wan will have to be much smarter than he was on Saturday to secure the nod.

Very Tough Nut

"Tiger" Usoff proved once again that he is a very tough nut to crack as his many previous opponents have discovered to their discomfort, his awkward style and rushing-cum-shoving tactics being a problem that Livingston could not solve in eight rounds from the knock-out angle. The Marine, who has crossed gloves with Solly Krieger, recognised middle-weight world champion, found the bear-like attentions of the Russian most disconcerting and could never manœuvre the "Tiger" into a position where he could land with his justly famed right hand. In the first round the fight nearly came to abrupt conclusion when Livingston missed Usoff's jaw by a couple of inches with a short-arm jolt. The Shanghai boy immediately sensed that if one of these blows landed the contest would be over and he soon resorted to those clinching and pushing methods which have upset many of his erstwhile foes. Utilizing his ten pounds weight advantage to good effect, he kept in close to the Marine throughout thereby minimising any chances of the latter landing any K. O. blows. Livingston's timing and idea of direction were poor and in the seventh and eighth rounds he was definitely tiring, a fact which allowed the Russian to take the edge in these frames. Livingston has a knock-out punch—of that there is no doubt—but he found the sheer awkwardness, now developed to a high degree—of the Russian, his greatest stumbling block and it is more than likely that were he to meet an opponent who fights on more orthodox lines, he would be seen to far better advantage. The points decision that went to him, however, was deserved.

Lesson for Zataz

Private Chezemission gave Boris Zataz a complete boxing lesson in the six-round special event and instead of the "Jolting Jew" living up to his name it was he who had his head nearly jolted off his shoulders. Zatz does not appear to improve at all, the fire and vim that were associated with his name a couple of years ago being entirely missing. The Russian soldier landed six punches to every one that he received and it became rather monotonous watching Zatz' face gradually assuming a hue that is generally coupled with ripe tomatoes.

After sustaining a bad gash on the nose in the second round of what was to have been a six-round contest against Neuklis of the U.S. Marines, Private Kuznetzoff, Russian Regiment welter, wisely did not come up for the third, the decision going to the American on a technical knock-out. The Russian must now seriously consider the effects that future bouts may have upon his physical well-being. In his last three contests either his nose or eyebrows have been split open and it is getting quite a habit for this game-hearted young man to be seen covered in his own gore. He has a more than useful "dig" in both hands but his facial features invariably get in the direct path of smashing blows that do him not the slightest good and not even the meanest of spectators care to see a promising fighter's health impaired.

Two two wrestling matchos conducted under Graeco-Roman rules that formed a special attraction (sic) on the programme were not well received. The majority of onlookers were a little hazy as to the finer points of the spectacles which proved rather dull and slow and merely served to keep the proceedings going until well past 12.30 a.m.

Famous British Tennis Star Dead

Captained Winning Davis Cup Team in 1912

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Apr. 30.

The death has occurred today of Mr. Charles P. Dixon, famous tennis player, at the age of 66.

He was captain of the Davis Cup team that won the trophy for Britain in the year 1912. He was for several years doubles champion of Europe. —Reuter.

Albanian Crown Offered to King of Italy

Scene at the Royal Palace of the Quirinale, Rome, when the Albanian mission offered the Royal Crown of Scandemberg to the King of Italy, Emperor of Ethiopia.

Murder Seen by A Woman

Girl Shot Behind Shop Counter by Lover Who Committed Suicide

The shooting in the Fulham-road branch of the Express Dairy Co. of Winifred Tedder, 18, a waitress in the shop, by Harry Crees, 22, a milk roundsman employed by the company, who afterwards shot himself, was described at the double inquest at Hammersmith on March 2, states the "Daily Telegraph and Morning Post."

It was stated that the weapon was a double-barrelled sporting gun, taken to the shop in a brown paper parcel.

The jury found that Miss Tedder was murdered by Crees, who took his own life while the state of his mind was disturbed.

Mr. Thomas Tedder, of Haven-lane, Haven Green, Ealing, said that his daughter had been keeping company with Crees for about a year. They seemed to be on very affectionate terms until about a fortnight ago, when he understood that they had a quarrel.

Mr. Alan Crees, a farmer, of Lodge Hill Farm, near Shepton Mallet, Somerset, was so overcome by emotion when he entered the witness-box that for some time he was unable to take the oath.

He said that about three years ago his son attempted to shoot himself at Frome, Somerset. Shortly afterwards he left the district.

Scene in the Shop

Mrs. Laura Waite, of Acton, manageress of the dairy shop, said that Crees and Miss Tedder quarrelled about a fortnight ago, and Miss Tedder told him that she did not want to see him again. Last Friday he telephoned that he would get even with her.

On Monday, Mrs. Waite said, Crees, carrying a long brown paper parcel, went to the shop and asked for "Teddy." Told that she was making tea, he went towards the room at the back of the shop, but Miss Tedder appeared at the door and asked him to leave.

He said he had got the sack, and she said, 'Will you please go, because I don't want the sack as well as you.' Mrs. Waite continued, he asked her to meet him that night, and I heard her say, 'My mind is made up.' I ordered him to leave the shop, and Miss Tedder asked him to leave at least three times

I heard her say, 'I know what you have got there, and if you think you can frighten me with it you are mistaken.'

I then heard a rustling of paper. Miss Tedder screamed for me, and I heard her say, 'Harry, don't.' I saw her run towards the window behind the counter.

Crees was on the other side of the counter. In his hand he had a gun and it was pointing at her. I ran towards Miss Tedder when she called for help and she ran back to me at the rear of the shop.

Crees followed her, still pointing the gun. I ran to the office and crouched under the desk and saw him shoot. Miss Tedder had turned sideways to shield herself and said 'Don't, stop you fool.' I heard two reports and saw Miss Tedder collapse to the floor. I ran to the shop door and called for help.

As I got up from the floor, Crees was standing there reloading the gun in front of me. He ran through the door at the back of the shop, and I heard a report from the back of the shop. A few moments later came a second report.

Dr. Henry Mason, who was called to the shop, said Miss Tedder was lying behind the counter with a wound on the left side of the chest. She was breathing, but pulseless and died on the way to hospital.

Dr. Walter Fraser Allen, divisional surgeon, said that Crees was found dead in the store room at the back of the shop with a sporting gun between his legs, the barrels pointing at his neck in which there was a small wound.

Mr. Roland Hazel, for the dairy company, said that Crees had not been discharged. It was presumed that the reference to having "got the sack" was to Miss Tedder refusing to have anything to do with him.

Federal Reserve System Returns

New York, May 1.

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, in their report for the week ended April 29 respecting the entire body of reporting member banks of he System, revealed a decline on total loans amounting to $24,000,000 compared with the previous week and a decrease of $487,000,000 compared with the corresponding period last year.

Investments showed a decline of $9,000,000 and an increase of $1,418,000,000, respectively, compared with last week and the same week in 1939.

Loans during the period under review totalled $8,100,000,000 and investments $13,675,000,000.—Reuter.

Sequel to Detention in Mental Ward

Unemployed Man Wins £1,500 Damages from Council

Damages of £1,500 were awarded by a jury at Liverpool Assizes to Joseph Power, aged 34, an unemployed ship's steward, of Radway Road, Huyton, who alleged that though he was quite sane he was detained in a mental hospital at Whiston Institution, near Liverpool, from July 1 to 12 last year, states the "Daily Telegraph."

Power sued Lancashire County Council, Dr. George Gordon Wallace Hay, medical officer and master of Whiston Institution, and George Howell, of Ritherup Lane, Rainhill, chief attendant of the mental ward of the institution.

Judgment was entered in accordance with the verdict, with costs. An application by the defence for 14 days' stay of execution on the ground of the amount of damages and the Judge's summing-up was granted on condition that £1,000 was brought into court and £500 paid to the plaintiff.

Power's case was that he was taken in an ambulance from his home, leaving behind his wife, who was a helpless cripple, a sick baby, and two other young children. He was placed in a ward with sick lunatics.

"No Justification"

Mr. Jolly, for the defence, yesterday said that Power had quite properly been taken to the institution on a three days' detention order, signed by a relieving officer, who came to the conclusion from remarks Power made that he was in such a state of mind that there was a danger of him doing harm to himself. There was no justification for keeping Power longer than three days, but he had been kept there in complete honesty under Dr. Hay's judgment in the best interests of Power himself.

Mr. W. Gorman, K.C., for Power, said that public servants must act in accordance with the law. Unless a man were a certified lunatic he could not be detained one minute longer than 72 hours.

Mr. Gorman argued that it was ridiculous to suggest that Power was free to go at any time. If he had mental trouble when he was admitted his mental condition would have become worse after being kept for those extra nine days in the horrors of a mental ward, where they were told men were shouting and one man died. Would a sane man ever forget what happened in that ward in nine days?

Mr. Justice Stable, summing up, said it was of the utmost importance to the public that these institutions should be properly conducted. If Power was forcibly detained for nine days there was not the slightest legal justification. Howell had confirmed Power's statement that until the Wednesday Power was under a particularly rigorous form of detention.

They might consider it significant, the Judge added, that Dr. Hay said he had destroyed his notes in Power's case. They might think Dr. Hay never examined this man and never came to any judgment about his condition at all. No doctor had come forward to say there was anything at all the matter with this man.

Japanese Propaganda For Malaya

Broadcasts from Formosa Picked Up in South Seas

Singapore, May 2.

Japanese propaganda broadcasts in the Malay language have been picked up in Malaya from a Japanese radio station at Formosa.

The broodcasts are regarded here as further evidence of Japan's desire to "make known her cultural aspirations" in British Malaya and the Netherlands East Indies.

The Government of the Netherlands Indies is considering an order making it illegal for radio listeners to tune in to these broadcasts.

The Government of the Straits Setlements, however, Reuter understands, does not consider that people in Malaya listen to these broadcasts to any extent, and no action in the matter, for the present at any rate, is planned.—Reuter.

"Father Divine" Buys House in Yonkers

Select New York Residential Area May Get "Paradise"

New York, May 1.

Residents of the select Yonkers section of this city were stunned today when learning that "Father Divine," famous Negro prophet and preacher, had purchased a luxurious estate in the district.

The residents intend to do their utmost in preventing Father Divine from creating a "Paradise" in a quarter inhabited exclusively by the elite of New York Society.

Several years ago Father Divine had bought an estate near President Roosevelt's private residence near New York where he received each day thousands of his fellow-Negroes during great demonstrations of joy and religious ceremonies.—Havas.

Champagne Cup And a Trade Talk

Mr. Chamberlain Attends Reception at the Soviet Embassy in London

Mr. Chamberlain attended the reception given by the Soviet Ambassador and Mme. Maisky on night of March 1, at the Soviet Embassy in Kensington Palace Gardens—"Millionaires' Row."

For over an hour he stood talking earnestly with M. Maisky before a buffet laden with caviare, vodka, and French and Russian champagne.

Mr. Chamberlain chose champagne cup. We must now turn our attention to more peaceful subjects, he said, "such as trade."

For some time they discussed the forthcoming visit to Moscow of Mr. R. S. Hudson (Secretary Overseas Trade Department), who, said Mr. Chamberlain, is no stranger to Russia; he has been there before and is looking forward to another visit.

Other guests included Sir Samuel Hoare, Lord Lytton, Lord Samuel and Mr. H. G. Wells. Lord Halifax had accepted, but was prevented from being there by influenza.

Jazz Music

A portrait of Litvinov smiled down from the wall above Mr. Chamberlain's head. Above the Tudor fireplace were a portrait of Stalin and a hammer and sickle hewn in stone.

It was a grand and glittering party. Only about three of the guests did not wear full evening dress. Many wore orders and decorations. An orchestra played romantic music—changing to jazz as Mr. Chamberlain was leaving shortly before eleven o'clock.

His presence at the party took many of the guests by surprise. Most of the English guests were left-wing intellectuals, writers and scientists, who spend most of their spare evenings on anti-Chamberlain platforms.

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To-morrow night at the
LYCEUM THEATRE
The most brilliant and fascinating show, the recent success of Covent Gardens, London
"THE SLEEPING BEAUTY"
Symphonic ballet, music by **Tschaikowsky** *presented by*
LE BALLET RUSSE
Magnificent costumes, Beautiful scenery
Symphony Orchestra
Splendid dancing and acting by a talented Company of professional artists.
A show not to be missed!
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TO-DAY and TO-MORROW! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9 p.m.

Richard DIX Chester MORRIS Joan FONTAINE in
Drama Aflame with the Thrill of Flight...Alive with The Beat of Human Hearts!
Prices of Admission 33c., 55c., 85c.
Friday! Biggest Attraction
The First Soviet Picture in Glorious Technicolor
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Never BEFORE SUCH SHEER ENCHANTMENT!

SHE SINGS THE SONGS YOU ASKED TO HAVE HER SING!
A New Universal Picture

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OUT OF A GREAT BOOK
. . . Comes a Thrilling Dramatic Motion Picture!
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Robert PAIGE • Jacqueline WELLS
ARTHUR LOFT • GEORGE McKAY
EDDIE LAUGHTON • ANN DORAN
Screen play by Robert E. Kent and Stuart Anthony
Directed by C. C. Coleman, Jr. • A COLUMBIA PICTURE
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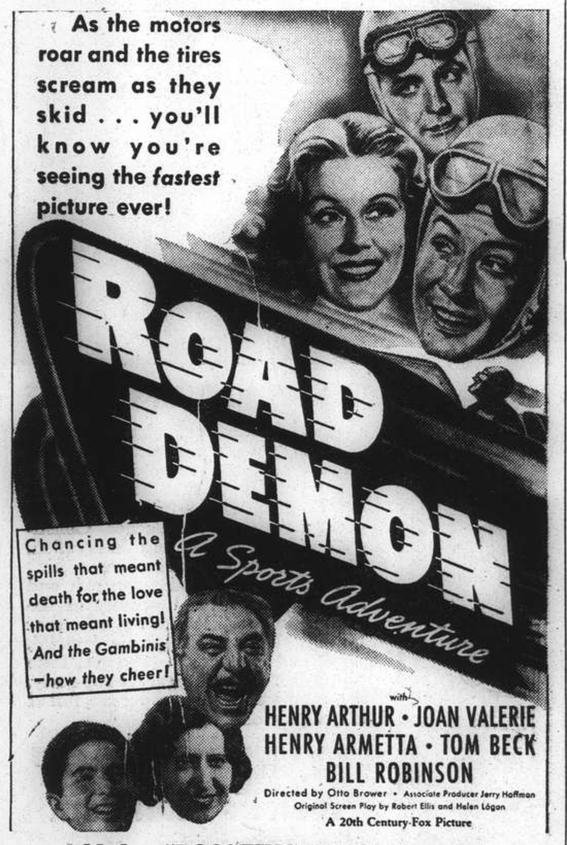
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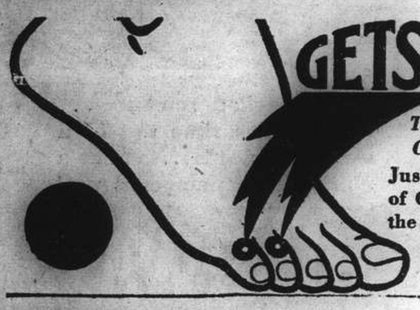

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ENGAGEMENT

BLOWN—AMBROSE.—The engagement is announced of GEOFFREY WILLIAM, youngest son of Capt. and Mrs. O. C. Blown, and WINNIFRED GAUNT, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Ambrose of Hongkong. (Hongkong papers, please copy.) -5297

MARRIAGE

BURRELL—PARSONS.—On May 2, 1939, at Holy Trinity Cathedral by the Very Rev. A. C. S. Trivett, M.A., D.D., FRANK, elder son of Mr. M. Burrell and the late Mrs. Burrell of London, to EDITH MARY (MOLLY), second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Parsons of Shanghai. -5853

DEATH

MACGREGOR.—On March 20, 1939, suddenly and peacefully at Kuling, ANNE, relict of Roderick MacGregor. Beloved mother of Mrs. H. A. Cornaby (Kuling), Mrs. A. L. Buckley (London), Mrs. C. Claxton (Vancouver) and F. MacGregor (Shanghai) -5845

CARDS

Mrs. J. W. LOUREIRO

Miss LOUREIRO

P.P.C. -5844

Mr. and Mrs. KURT MESKE

ss. Gneisenau

P.P.C. -5711

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

F.R.B. NOTE SLUMP

The steady depreciation of the F.R.B. note issue in North China has developed to such an extent that by May 1 National currency was quoted at a premium of 33 per cent., and it was generally expected that the premium would go even higher. As was pointed out in these columns on Monday the position has now been reached where F.R.B. notes are still exchanged at par by the Japanese banks, meaning that a yen worth 1s. 2d. may be purchased for a Federal Reserve dollar worth no more than 6d.—in other words eight pence for nothing. Five days previously the "Peking Chronicle" had much of interest to say on the subject, in an editorial from which the following is extracted:—

In the past week observers of the currency situation saw very high levels attained by foreign currency against Federal Reserve notes, or to put it another way watched the yuan decline as against western money. In some quarters this situation was represented as lack of confidence in the F.R.B. notes, especially as the Chungking money remained firm.

Closer inspection, however, reveals the true cause. There have been very heavy imports of flour recently, and the goods had to be paid for in foreign exchange. Therefore there was a competitive demand for dollars and pounds, the bidding forcing dollars into an exceptional position. The fact that F.R.B. notes were traded for gold actually is in favor of the new notes, as it had been said that foreign houses would be unwilling to deal in them. Yet here we find the notes with an established position, even though the rate may give a misleading idea of value.

The apparent stability of the old notes is due to two factors. In the first place the notes are being supported by borrowed money from England, and in the second place the currency is getting to be very scarce in the north as the Chinese and others have been exchanging them very rapidly for new notes. Naturally scarcity has had its effect in keeping up the price.

If the argument adduced above appears to be a trifle naive it is probably in keeping with the general trend of opinion which seeks to find good in what must be a deplorable currency situation, for it must be quite obvious that if indeed it is possible to secure 1s. 2d. worth of foreign exchange, even if it is only in Japanese yen, for a Chinese note which is only worth 6d. then it should be quite plain that the demand for F.R.B. notes should be such as to place them at a premium over the National dollar worth a little over 8d. How the Federal notes could have reached so low a value it is somewhat difficult to understand, if indeed their exchange worth is in reality pegged to the nominal value of the Yen, and transactions carried out on that basis. Nor does there appear to be much substance in the claim that the value of the F.R.B. currency is being influenced by the scarcity of the National dollar, for judging from Reuter's report, appearing in another column today, large quantities of newly-issued Nationalist currency are filtering into North China from Chungking, much of which, it is stated has already been seen in Peiping. Again if that scarcity were indeed due to the rapid exchange of National notes for F.R.B. then it is the former which should beat a discount rather than the latter, for obviously the former would be on a selling market which should serve to bring their price down. If on the other hand shortage of National notes is responsible for keeping their value up then the "Peking Chronicle's" contentions do not recognize the cold realities of the situation. It might in the circumstances be premature to claim that the experiment involved in the creation of the Federal Reserve Bank has proved a failure, but there is at present very little to indicate that it has about it many ingredients of success. The real fact of the case is that the National currency has still a backing behind it which the F.R.B. notes do not possess and so long as this is so it does not really matter what artificial aids are employed to maintain their value; they are bound to fail.

With adequate support it might be possible to peg the F.R.B. currency on a par with National, though it would seem that, unless some unexpected recovery takes place in the North, even this would now be attended with considerable difficulty. The adoption of a different scheme in connection with the establishment of the Hua Hsing Commercial Bank whose notes will be on a par with National notes, instead of the Yen indicates what may very well be accepted as a confession that the northern plan has failed. It may be taken for granted that had it succeeded it would have been adopted for Central China as well, and the fact that it has not can permit of only one conclusion being drawn, and that not a favourable one. In view of this the following further extract from the editorial in the "Peking Chronicle" is not without interest:—

One of the factors which has tended to maintain and increase public confidence in the new notes is the very good balance sheet produced by the Directors to the first ordinary meeting of shareholders. Chinese banks have notably been reluctant to disclose their state of business to the public, but in this case the people have been taken into the confidence of the state bank with a frank and eminently fair statement. It shows that there is ample gold and silver to cover paper money, besides holdings in other banks. By these deposits it is understood foreign exchange credits. The sound position achieved by the State Bank of Manchoukuo, parent of the F.R.B., or at least model for it, has been reflected in the state bank here. What has been done in Manchuria, the public will argue, should be equalled throughout the northern provinces of China.

The standing of the old notes with regard to assets has to be taken on faith alone, as no detailed public balance sheet has been disclosed to the public.

The claim that what has been accomplished by the Bank of Manchoukuo has been reflected by the Federal Reserve Bank does not in the circumstances appear to be justified. The reform of the Manchoukuo currency, as this journal has often pointed out, was one of the most successful undertakings by the Japanese following the Mukden incident. But the proposition there was to displace a currency which had been inflated to such an extent as to be almost worthless. The problem in North China is to replace notes which have a definite backing, and a very tangible value. Between the two there is indeed a vast difference.

Diplomatic Novelties

Events emanating from Germany's expansionist policies in Central Europe have transformed the geography book, but the methods employed in attaining these ends must also transform standard forms of diplomatic procedure governing intercourse between states, especially in the matter of communications. In early days the envoys of imperious princes undertook no light task in transmitting their master's wishes to others. Until some sort of immunity had been developed and envoys were treated as messengers rather than authors of objectionable news they were liable to be flung into prison or even executed according to the measure of wrath accompanying the receipt of the tidings they carried. It was not until in comparatively recent years that a form of regulated and polite communication between states was developed and studied notes were exchanged on matters in dispute. An international diplomatic correspondence system, with its peculiarity of expressions, its rigid form of conduct and an unassailable nicety of approach brought chancelleries into contact. Chancellor Hitler cut all this. His reply to President Roosevelt's appeal took the form of a speech to the German people broadcast to the world, and before any official considered action could be taken in Washington the world had already passed its opinion on the message. Generally speaking, in a world where tremendous secrecy continues to hedge diplomacy in spite of democratic insistence on publication, the reply of one country to another in the form of a note is not published until the recipient has had time to consider it. Chancellor Hitler's procedure was to publish it, with an international audience listening in, and let the recipient take it or leave it. Quite appropriately, the Washington State Department has declined to accept this novel form of a reply. Mr. Cordell Hull has announced that the German Foreign Office had sent a copy of the speech to the American Embassy in Berlin, followed by a telephone message stating that it was a reply to President Roosevelt, and there the matter stands as far as Germany is concerned. Mr. Hull, however, added that the speech will not be considered as constituting a reply to the President. Something of this nature was to be expected when Chancellor Hitler, in his speech, stated that he received the telegram after the world had learnt of it through the radio and the newspapers. He adopted the course of explaining Germany's case on even a better organized public scale, but the American viewpoint that he has not yet replied to a personal message sent to him by the President is quite sound. However publicized may have been the message and the reaction, it still remains a message to Der Fuehrer and, by ordinary courtesy irrespective of diplomatic procedure, warrants a reply.

False Prophecy

It is interesting to note that the "Evening Standard" is taking a firm stand against newspaper reports which tend to enhance the war scare at present prevailing. A great deal too much has been made of rumours pending speeches by either of the dictators, and there cannot be the slightest doubt that much wholly unnecessary anxiety has been caused by wild speculation, and the circulation of stories which on proper investigation have been found to be without the slightest foundation. The reference to Mme. Tabouis, the diplomatic correspondent of the Paris "L'Œuvre" is by no means uninteresting. That the lady in question has made several interesting prophecies cannot for one moment be denied, and within the past few years she has succeeded in establishing a reputation for accurate prediction far in excess of its actual merits. Not only that her stories of what has been going on behind the scenes would, if indeed they were always correct, have indicated the control of a secret intelligence service far better than any of those upon which some nations spend sums of money far beyond the reach of the cleverest diplomatic correspondent. Of recent months Mme. Tabouis has not been so successful with her prognostications, and it seems now that over the week-end Herr Hitler let her down most badly. He did not occupy Liberia, nor even send an ultimatum to Poland. There was also no basis in fact for the declaration that Italy planned to seize Tangiers on Sunday. Three misfires in one week-end is likely to do damage to the most efficient of prophets, and will not enhance Mme. Tabouis's reputation. That, however, does not absolve the newspaper publishing her writings from the responsibility for such wholly unnecessary and distinctly unfortunate sensationalism. Times are bad enough without publicists seeking to make them worse, by the arousing of fears which the event does not justify. Fortunately many people are no longer misled by the enthusiasm of this writer.

A Country Diary

April 30.—I am writing this in the calm of a Sunday morning—trying to think how rapidly events must march when May comes rushing in. Some of us who take an interest in wild bird-life enter into a sort of mild competition to see which of us can find the incoming birds first: the latest problem is the Indian Cuckoo ....he of the "one more bottle" call: owing to my habit of scouring the country every day of my life I have usually been the first in the field with the arrivals, but under modern conditions I often have to rely on the evidence of others. In this particular case I confess I have not yet seen or heard the bird, but friends have reported a first arrival on the 28th while others have named the 29th April. The first witness who named the 28th was rather shaken when closely questioned, and finally withdrew his statement because he said he could not guarantee it. He was a Scotsman. My own daughter said she heard it, and she is a most careful person....so careful in some ways that she would search for eggs in a Cockoo-clock....but when pressed for details of time and place she would not even give the time away. Her evidence led me to the House-Boy (usually a good and keen observer) but I regret to state there has recently been a little trouble between us owing to his late rising and the consequent lateness of my early morning tea: when I cross-questioned him on the point of time he said, "Velly early morning time, before Master wake up"....and I am afraid that the oriental smile of triumph which accompanied this nasty back-door crack made me rather doubt his veracity. The fact remains that I still have no definite proof of the time of arrival: years ago I said that the correct arrival date was about the 1st of May ....But you *must not* take these things too literally....as the sailor said, when he climbed the mast and found six young crows in the crow's-nest.

IN PARENTHESIS

His Second

"I THOUGHT you said you would only pop into the clubhouse for a second."

"Yes, my pet, and I've had it."

* * *

Beautiful Girl's Secret

"A DEBUTANTE Who Likes Horses—" headline.

"They have the same-shaped faces as my men friends," she confessed with a shy smile, "but they cannot talk."

* * *

Egg Lashes Out

SIR Henry Egg has not failed. Speaking in the Turnip Exchange, Wopps-on-the-Wold, he made a powerful plea that crises should be "staggered."

His right sock suspender, which had collapsed, was in full view of the audience.

* * *

Love Can't Find a Way

YOUNG people in the romantic Isle of Skye aren't getting married. The roads, are so bad that the men can't go out courting.

The path of true love never did run smooth, and one is not sure that macadamizing it will help.

What's really wanted is a bit of the old Adam.

* * *

Puzzles

A FELLOW came up to me t'other day and said: "If you ever have your picture taken, Mr. Formby (of the "Sunday Express"), you might let me have a couple o' dozen."

Well, I blushed right to the roots of my teeth, I was that flattered. "Certainly, my good man," says I. "Good," says he. "Then I can sell them as puzzles."

* * *

Heard in Court

Witness: When I say the man is well off, I'm not making a rash statement. I've seen his washing on the line.

WOMAN Motorist: I have two previous convictions, though I say it who shouldn't.

Woman at Highgate, N.: I don't see why my husband should get behind with his payments to me. I've never got behind with the receipts.

* * *

Then Men Can Weep

WIVES should work outside the home if they want to, decided "co-eds" (women students) from American colleges who met in conference at North-Western University, Evanston, Illinois. —B.U.P.

In conference, the co-eds—
You've seen their movie lives,
Such winsome push-and-go-eds—
Have struck a blow for wives:
Alberta, Betty Jane and
Patricia have proclaimed
That wives should work for gain and
Thus feel not so ashamed.

They urged "redistribution
"Of wealth" upon these lines
As being the solution
Of worry and its signs:
But Eve—although men like her
In search of cash to roam,
They trust 'twill always strike her
To bring her wages home.

—By F. G. H. Salusbury in the "Daily Herald."

* * *

Bus Race Broadcast

AND now I am taking you over to my broadcast of the Central London Rush Hour Omnibus Race.

"Well, here we are in the queue. We have a few seconds to spare, so I'll introduce you to Miss Doris, yesterday's winner. She's standing here, absolutely champing—

"Well, Miss Doris, feeling fit?"

"Ever so, thanks."

"And to what do you attribute your success in always getting on the first bus?"

"Oh, I don't know. I'm just a home girl, I suppose, who tries to tolerate her mother."

"You mean 'emulate,' don't you, Miss Doris?"

"Why, of course! How silly!"

"Heh! Heh! Heh!"

"Ha! Ha! Ha!"

"Well....By Jove, though, here's the bus! Doris has gone! Ears back, eyes flashing! It's a ding-dong fight! Someone's trying to get off! He's down! So's the conductor! Attagirl, Doris! She's on! No, she bounces off a large lady with parcels! She's off! She's on! Ah, she's off! And the bus has gone!

"Too bad, Miss Doris, better luck to-morrow. Would you like to say anything now?"

"I'd like to say a lot!"

"Heh! Heh! Heh!"

THE WEATHER

Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—

Yesterday	Min.	49.0	Max.	72.0
Same date, 1938	Min.	61.5	Max.	76.5

Rainfall nil.

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday	Min.	45.0	Max.	75.6
Same date, 1938	Min.	61.0	Max.	74.3

Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 1st:—Pressure rather low and steady over Japan and Korea: rising over northern China. Fine and mild weather. Cloudy at times in China. Northerly to easterly winds along the Coast.

State on the morning of the 2nd:—Fine and cool weather. West-north-westerly wind. Pressure rather high and rising.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Fine and hazy weather with north-westerly to northerly winds around Shantung. Fine, cloudy at times with north-westerly to north-easterly breezes over our regions. Cloudy and fine to overcast with local rain and moderate north-westerly to north-easterly winds over the Eastern Sea.—Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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Some of his oldest friends	375.00

Britain Has Men for Defence Needs

Lord Chatfield Declares, "We are Prepared"; Immediate Action on Conscription Measures Expected; Bills Published; Irish Included

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, May 1.

"TAKING into consideration the recently announced plans for military training, we should have, without calling on our reserves or civil defence services, well over 1,000,000 men for the defence of this country," declared Lord Chatfield, the Minister for the Co-ordination of Defence, in a speech in London today. "We are prepared," he added, "to defend the freedom of the seas to the last British sailor. The German propaganda machine, whilst it complains of our policy as one of threats and encirclement, tells the German people that we are so decadent that we are not prepared even to defend ourselves. We hope we shall not be called on to prove that once again this charge is unfounded."

The National Council of Labour today appointed a sub-committee to draw up recommendations and a reasoned statement showing the Labour Party's Opposition to conscription at the present moment. These will be submitted on May 4 to a joint meeting of the General Council of the Trades Union Congress, the National Executive of the Labour Party, and the Executive of the Parliamentary Labour Party.

It is officially announced that Lord Craigavon, the Prime Minister of Northern Ireland, is to travel to London tonight at the invitation of Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the British Prime Minister, and Sir Samuel Hoare, the Home Secretary. He will discuss certain aspects of the Military Training Bill, insofar as Northern Ireland is concerned.

No time will be lost in putting the Military Training and Reserve and Auxiliary Forces Bills through Parliament, states Reuter's Lobby Correspondent. The second reading of the former will take place in the House on May 4, when Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the Prime Minister, will speak. Both Bills have a lifetime of three years, and can be continued for a year at a time by an Order-in-Council, or abandoned before the three-year period is concluded by similar means.

The text of the conscription bill, officially styled the Military Training Bill, was issued tonight.

Under its provisions, both the Admiralty and the Royal Air Force may take a certain percentage of those called up. The Admiralty is empowered to establish a Special Reserve, to which selected men will be attached. There is no need for special powers for the Royal Air Force, which already possesses an Auxiliary Reserve.

Application to Irishmen

The Bill provides that the King, by an Order-in-Council, may direct the Bill to be applied to Northern Ireland, with any modifications or adaptations that may be specified. It is unlikely that such an order will be issued, except in a special emergency or in time of war.

Citizens of Eire "ordinarily resident" in Britain will come within the terms of the Bill, like the citizens of other Dominions, unless they are members of the Dominions military forces.

The only exemptions under the Bill are members of the regular forces, those who have served six months with the forces since attaining the age of fifteen, or those serving in any reserves or auxiliary forces, or undergoing training as cadets in military colleges.

The total number of men affected is about 200,000. It is likely that they will be called up in quarterly batches of about 50,000 men each.

The Bill also requires employers to reinstate persons called up for service, and imposes penalties for non-compliance with compensation for aggrieved persons. It also enables rules to be framed to prevent the prior discharge of persons who would shortly become eligible for service.

The power is taken to abbreviate the present procedure for taking possession of land and buildings required for military purposes.

People called up will be enlisted as militiamen, and will undergo a continuous six-months training course.

Subsequently, they will serve for 3½ years in one of the auxiliary forces, or supplementary reserves.

Men between 20 and 21 who fail to register are liable to a fine of £5.

Conscientious Objectors

Conscientious objectors will be required to register as such, and tribunals will be established to hear their case. These tribunals may grant exemption subject to applicants performing work of national importance.

A special committee has also been established to deal with applications for the date of service to be advanced or retarded on account of hardship.

The Reserve and Auxiliary Forces Bill, also published today, curtails the procedure at present necessary in calling up Army reserves.

The Bill empowers the Admiralty, the War Office and the Air Ministry, under an Order-in-Council, to call up members of the reserves and auxiliary forces if necessary to enable preparedness for defence.

The Bill contains safeguards similar to those embodied in the Military Training Bill regarding the reinstatement of persons called up, and the penalties for non-compliance.—Reuter.

Poland to Adopt Firm Stand

Envoy to U.S. Says German Demands for Danzig Resisted

New York, May 2.

Poland will fight any German effort to take Danzig, Count Perzy Potocki, Polish Ambassador to the United States, said in a statement issued here last night on authority from Warsaw.

Indicating Poland's increasingly firm stand toward Chancellor Adolf Hitler's demands for German control of Danzig and a pathway for the Reich through the Polish Corridor to East Prussia, Count Potocki said there could be no compromise on these issues between Poland and Germany.

He revealed that the Polish Foreign Minister, Col. Joseph Beck, will make counter-demands on Germany when he answers Chancellor Hitler's demands before the Polish Parliament on Friday.

The Ambassador declined to reveal the nature of the counter-demands which Col. Beck will make on the Reich.—United Press.

Polish Press Hints

Warsaw, May 2.

Newspapers close to the Government yesterday editorially discussed the possibility of Poland's assertion of pre-emptory rights over Danzig where the Polish Government does not now enjoy sovereign rights.

The Polish press cited Germany's action in Czechoslovakia as a suitable precedent for such action by Poland. The papers said that in view of Chancellor Adolf Hitler's new policy toward Poland, the Warsaw Government must stiffen its policy toward Germany.

The papers said this would mean refusing to accede to the Reich's demands for control over Danzig and a pathway through the Polish Corridor to East Prussia. Poland, the press said, probably will be less liberal in any compromise settlement with Germany now that Chancellor Hitler has denounced the anti-aggression pact between Poland and the Reich.

The relations between Poland and the Free City of Danzig are determined by three treaties. Under the Treaty of Versailles, Poland is charged with the conduct of the foreign affairs of the Free city, which is under the "protection" of the League of Nations. The two states also have formed by treaty a common customs and economic union under the Polish law, but the administration of the customs within the territory of the Free State is performed by Danzig authority. The management of railways also is under Polish control. The administration of the harbour and waterways is handled by a special board comprising an equal number of Danzig and Polish members.—United Press.

German Papers Boycotted

Warsaw, May 2.

The Association of Polish News Vendors today imposed a boycott on German newspapers. The Association, which controls the majority of newaper circulation in Poland, based its action on the "recent insulting tone of the German press."

The German Ambassador to Poland is expected to arrive here today after a month's absence for a final conference with Colonel Josef Beck, Polish Foreign Minister, before the Government definitely commits itself on the Polish-German problems.—United Press.

Danzig Nazi Message

Danzig, May 1.

Herr Albert Forster, District Leader of the National Socialist Party here, today telegraphed Chancellor Adolf Hitler and thanked him for mentioning Danzig in his Reichstag speech last Friday.

"Danzig, which is gathered en masse to celebrate May Day," the Nazi leader telegraphed, "greets the Fuehrer loyally and devotedly. We thank you for the words you found for the Germans in Danzig in your Reichstag speech."—United Press.

Special Powers for President

Warsaw, May 2.

The Cabinet has approved a Bill giving President Moscicki exceptional financial powers for national defence until the next ordinary meeting of Parliament.—Reuter.

China Clipper Back In Manila

Manila, May 2.

The China Clipper returned from Hongkong today and will remain here until 2.30 a.m. on May 4 when it leaves for San Francisco. Air mail for the United States closes tomorrow at 7 p.m.

The Philippine Clipper, delayed at Honolulu, is due here on May 6 and leaves for Hongkong next day.

The California Clipper is expected here on May 9, but departure from San Francisco may be delayed in view of the delay of the other Clipper schedules. The Honolulu Clipper is at San Francisco.—United Press.

North Japan Ravaged by Earthquake

Village Sinks Into Sea; Many Hurt and Dead; Homes Ruined

Tokyo, May 2.

The terrible havoc wrought by an earthquake, which occurred at 2.59 yesterday afternoon in the northernmost part of Japan, was shown when further information from the stricken area was received, following the restoration of communication facilities.

A police report released at 9 o'clock this morning, showed the known casualties as eighteen dead, seven missing and 27 injured. Property damaged was estimated at 572 houses completely demolished, 1,007 houses partly destroyed, and eight houses burned.

The epicentre of the earthquake was in the Japan Sea, some thirty kilometres off the mouth of the Yoneshiro River, in the Akita prefecture.

The Oga Peninsula is reported to have been the worst hit. Aikawa, in the Akita prefecture, a village of seventy houses, is said to have sunk in the sea yesterday afternoon.

The damage in Toga, another village on this Peninsula, has not yet been ascertained, owing to the lack of communication facilities.

Akita City Suffers Little

The city of Akita, capital of the Akita Prefecture, suffered very little. Only two godowns, containing chemicals and drugs, were destroyed by fire.

The embankment reservoir in Funakawa, a town on the southern coast of the Ojika Peninsula, collapsed, burying seven houses, three of whose inmates are reported missing.

Haraido, a village on the western shore of Lake Hachirogata, in the Ojika Peninsula, suffered very badly. All of its 500 houses were more or less destroyed. One villager was killed. Another village, Goriai, north of Haraido, also suffered terribly, with 259 houses demolished, 160 partly destroyed, four persons killed and many injured.

Rail traffic is said to have been dislocated in more than thirty places, owing to the tracks being ruptured, and tunnels and bridges being damaged. More than thirty severe aftershocks terrorized the populace, who dashed out into the streets in the pitch darkness.

Troops in Akita have been mobilized, and were seen parading through the streets of Akita.

Upon the receipt of news of the earthquake, the Government authorities dispatched a rescue party comprising thirty policemen and three physicians to the scene. The majority of railway lines affected have already resumed their traffic services.—Reuter.

Japanese Manhandled In Singapore

Protection Sought from Chinese "Mobs"

Singapore, May 2.

Representations against a wave of anti-Japanese terrorism launched by local Chinese were filed today by the Japanese Consul-General here with the local government.

This action followed reports that three Japanese bauxite buyers had been manhandled on Sunday by a Chinese mob, which earlier in the day had threatened four Japanese at pistol point. The incident was said to have occurred following a raid by sixteen Chinese, carrying firearms, on a Chinese operated bauxite mine near here.

Landing from three boats, the gang was said to have intimidated fifty coolies working the deposits. The raiders were alleged to have threatened the coolies with death for having sold goods of military value to Japanese. Four Japanese who were near the mine office were threatened but not injured.

When police arrived in response to a call for assistance, the raiders had already left, but later reports indicated that they had subsequently returned and manhandled three Japanese remaining at the mine.

Also on Sunday, one Chinese coolie was injured by an anti-Japanese mob of Chinese who attacked workers engaged in making repairs at the Japanese Primary School here.

Chinese attending a Spiritual Mobilization Movement rally on Sunday were reported to have adopted a resolution whereby all Chinese boys and amahs in Japanese employ would leave their present jobs by May 15. More than 1,000 Chinese, led by the Consul-General, were present at this meeting.—Domei.

Puerto Rico Named Military Zone

Same Status as Panama Canal Zone Accorded

Washington, May 2.

The War Department yesterday designated Puerto Rico as a separate military zone effective on July 1. The status of Puerto Rico will be similar to that of the Panama Canal Zone and its designation as a military zone is the first step in strengthening the strategic outlying defences of the canal.

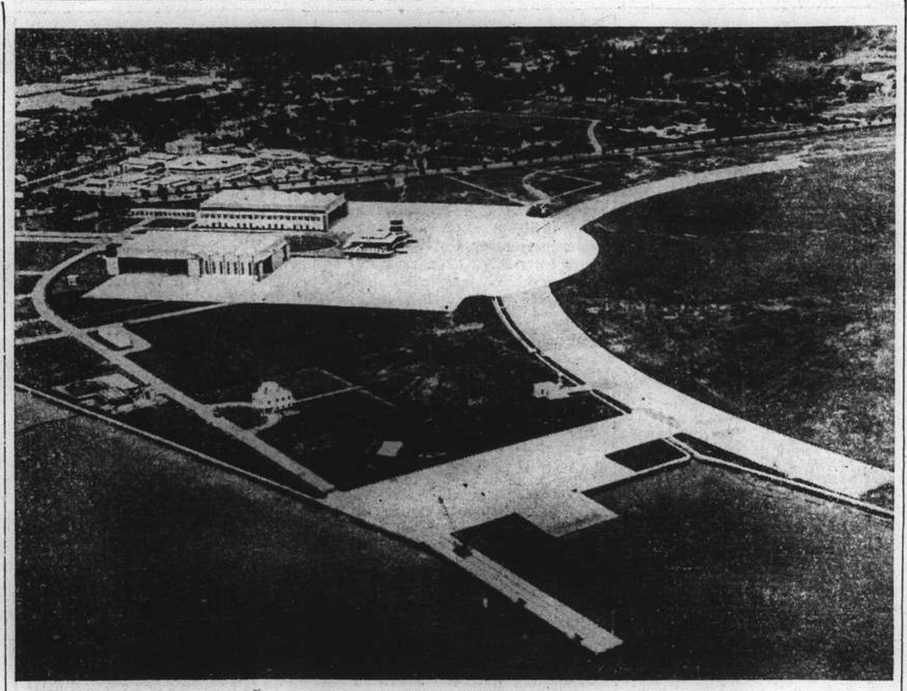
The Secretary of War, Mr. Harry Woodring, announced that the Puerto Rico military zone would be placed under the command of Brig.-Gen. Edmund Daley. The War Department, it was understood, proposes to establish an air base on Puerto Rico and make the chain of islands bordering the Caribbean a "breakwater" to protect the Caribbean and all Atlantic approaches to the Canal.

Announcement of the designation of Puerto Rico as a special military zone was made coincident with President Roosevelt's request to Congress for the immediate appropriation of $21,000,000 to bolster the defences of the canal.—United Press.

Gen. Franco Dismisses Education Minister

Burgos, May 2.

A decree issued here today announces that Don Pedro Saint Rodriguez has been relieved of the post of Minister of Education and deprived of other titles. This action is said to be due to a divergence of opinion with General Franco.—Reuter.



Singapore's New Civil Aerodrome

Stratcgically placed at the gateway between the Pacific and the Indian oceans, Singapore is a key point in the rearmament of Britain's overseas defence forces. Notable addition to the island in recent years has been the civil aerodrome which, as this picture shows, has ideal facilities for both landplanes and marine aircraft.

Japanese Army, Navy Express Concern Over Conditions

Concession and Settlement Said to Be Haven of Refuge for Terrorists; Mayor Fu's Demands

A JOINT statement by the Japanese army and navy authorities in Shanghai expressing the "deepest concern" over the failure of the Shanghai Municipal Council and the French Municipal Council to reply to the demands made recently by Mayor Fu Siao-en of the Greater Shanghai Municipality, was handed to journalists present at the Japanese press conference yesterday evening. Following the issuing of the statement, Col. Mabuchi, Director of the Japanese Army Press Bureau, severely criticized the existing conditions in the two foreign areas, which, he said, were only occupying their present status because of the fact that the forces occupying the Shanghai area were Japanese.

The statement was as follows: It was because of their reliance on the police power and good faith of the Settlement authorities that the Japanese army and navy authorities, from the very beginning of the present hostilities, endured numerous tactical handicaps in their operations to drive the Chinese forces from the Shanghai area and have subsequently left the task of eradicating the elements prejudicial to the peace of the Settlement to the Settlement authorities.

It is, therefore, much regretted that the local situation has tended to become worse than it was at the time of the retreat of the Chinese forces withstanding the frequent representations we have made, not only have outbreaks of terrorism continued to this day, but numerous organs of the Chungking Government aee carrying on their various activities, both in the International Settlement and the French Concession.

Maintenance of peace and order within the occupied territory is a grave responsibility resting on the Japanese forces. And since the state of order in the two foreign areas of Shanghai immediately affects the task of peace maintenance in the occupied areas as a whole, we cannot but feel keenly anxious regarding the conditions in Shanghai.

Urgent Importance

Representations relating to the maintenance of order in the International Settlement and the French Concession have been made repeatedly to the authorities concerned by the Mayor of the Special Municipality of Shanghai, Mr. Fu. But those representations, we are given to understand, have not even been answered.

Although the Japanese army and navy authorities, upon whom falls the entire responsibility for the maintenance of peace and order in the occupied territory of Central China, have many things which they would request of the Settlement authorities, they do believe that the representations above-mentioned are of urgent importance, and hereby declare that they support those representations in their entirety, and will watch subsequent developments with the deepest concern.

Asked if any government had recognized the "Reformed" régimes in China, a military spokesman stated that they had not, but the fact remained that Mayor Fu was the de facto authority in the areas around Shanghai. He added, in reply to another questioner, that five requests had been made by the Japanese authorities to the French Concession and the Settlement bodies. These were: (1) the suppression of terrorism, (2) the closing down of all Chungking régime agencies, (3) the control of publications, (4) the control of anti-Japanese movements, and (5) the prohibiting of any displays of the Nationalist flag.

When a correspondent pointed out that an answer to Mr. Fu in connection with his demands would be tantamount to a recognition of the "Reformed" Government, which even the Japanese Government had not officially recognized, the spokesman stated that there had been precedents in Shanghai where the new régimes had been dealt with in a de facto manner without extending recognition. He added that the Japanese had de facto relations with the new governments.

Chungking Agencies

In connection with the joint statement Col. Mabuchi, Director of the Japanese Army Press Bureau, said that since the hostilities in the Shanghai area the Japanese forces, ignoring the demands of military strategy and in numerous instances at their own inconvenience, had tried to prevent the Settlement and Concession from becoming involved in the hostilities. This had been done with all due respect for the rights and interests of third party Powers and for the protection of the lives and property of the peaceful populations in the two areas.

"Following the occupation of the Shanghai area," he continued, "it would have been easy indeed for the

(Continued on page 8)

F.R.B. Note Slump Continues

34 Per Cent. Discount as Against National Dollar Asked in North China

Tientsin, May 2.

The fall of the F.R.B. notes in North China continues. The new Japanese-fostered currency fell another point today, so that the premium on Chinese National currency is now 34 per cent.

On today's unofficial market, it took 134 F.R.B. dollars to buy 100 Chinese National dollars. Yesterday, the cost of 100 Chinese National dollars was 133 F.R.B. dollars, a week ago it was 121.50, and three weeks ago 109.50 F.R.B. dollars.—Reuter.

Difficulties Increase

Peiping, May 1.

Difficulties, which are being experienced by the Federal Reserve Bank in holding up the value of its currency in North China, have increased rather than decreased.

National currency was quoted at a premium of 33 per cent. today, and it was generally expected that the premium would go much higher.

The fact that notes issued by the Federal Reserve Bank are exchanged at par by Japanese banks means that a 1s. 2d. yen may be purchased with a 6d. Federal Reserve dollar—this being today's market rate.

In addition, it is learned from very reliable sources that large quantities of the newly-issued National currency from Chungking are filtering into North China, via Shansi and Suiyuan, much of which has already been seen in Peiping.—Reuter.

French Flier Makes Forced Landing

Calcutta, May 2.

M. Gilbert Denis, French airman who is attempting to break the record for the flight from France to Indo-China, made a forced landing 35 miles south-west of Midnapore. He was unhurt.—Reuter.

Time Bombs Found Near Bordeaux

Bordeaux, May 2.

The discovery of two time bombs found near high tension railway power lines near here was announced last night by local authorities.—United Press.

German Society Woman In London Expelled

London, May 2.

Fraulein von Griesheim, prominent German Society woman here, was told by the Home Office today to leave Great Britain.—Havas.

Giant Panda from China Mauls Pilots Of U.S. Air Liner

First Officer's Hand Bitten; Dr. A. E. Best Calms Angry Captive with Fresh Bamboo Shoot

Pittsburgh, May 2.

A seventy-pound giant panda from China strolled into the control cabin of a T.W.A. trans-continental air liner yesterday and mauled three flight officers and bit the first officer's hand as he was attempting to land here.

The panda, in the custody of Dr. A. E. Best of West China Union University, was on a long chain which permitted him to reach the control cabin of the airliner when Dr. Best was looking in another direction.

The first officer of the plane succeeded in landing the plane safely while Captain Don Terry and Tommy Tomlinson, pilot, struggled with the panda.

Dr. Best is en route to the Bronx Zoo where the panda will be exhibited. Dr. Best was not aware of the accident until the airliner had landed. He then sought a piece of fresh bamboo shoot to pacify the angry panda.

At the gentle suggestion of the airliner's crew, Dr. Best shortened the chain on the panda to prevent further wandering through the plane. Dr. Best and the panda continued with the plane to Newark, N.J.—United Press.

Sir John Simon Sounds Optimistic Note

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, May 1.

Winding up the Budget debate in the House of Commons tonight, Sir John Simon, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, stated: "I am not persuaded that we are going to have very serious changes for the worse. I believe that the general method we are following is going to get us through our difficulties."—Reuter.

Commons Query on Lillie Accident

Statements by Widow And Sgt. Winsett to Guide Future Action

London, May 1.

The recent shocking accident in Shanghai, in which Dr. Bertram Lillie, the Principal of the Lester School and Henry Lester Institute of Technical Education, Shanghai, was killed, and several other persons injured, figured in the House of Commons today.

Mr. R. A. Butler, the Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, said that the facts of the case were obscure.

The question of whether action by the Government was appropriate, he declared, must await a full investigation, and statements by Mrs. Lillie and Sergeant R. J. Wimsett (both of whom were seriously injured in the accident), who, Mr. Butler said, "are understood to be recovering."

Sherwin Permit Case

Mr. Adrian Moreing, Conservative member for Preston, asked regarding the result of enquiries into a complaint that Mrs. Sherwin (wife of Mr. C. E. Sherwin, of Messrs. Bailey & Perry, Solicitors, Hankow) had been refused permission by the Japanese to rejoin her husband in Hankow.

Mr. Butler replied that Mrs. Sherwin had hitherto been refused a pass by the Japanese authorities, for reasons which were not clear, and which were being further investigated.

Mr. Moreing then asked: "Is Mr. Butler aware that one of the allegations against Mr. Sherwin is that he is anti-Japanese; is it not a fact that in Hankow Mr. Sherwin helped to remove the bombs that the Chinese left behind to impede the Japanese; and does not this show that the Japanese allegations are groundless?"

Mr. Butler replied that these matters would be taken into consideration in the further investigation to which he had referred.—Reuter.

R.A.F. Pilots to Train In Canada

Duration of Scheme Will Be Three Years

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, May 1.

Sir Kingsley Wood, the Secretary of State for Air, announced in the House of Commons today that an agreement had been reached with the Government of Canada regarding the scheme under which Royal Air force pilots will be sent to Canada for intermediate and advanced flying training.

The duration of the scheme, he stated, will be three years.

The number of pilots to be trained, Sir Kingsley added, would not exceed fifty in any one year.—Reuter.

U.S. Youths Refuse To Salute Flag

Greenfield, Mass., May 1.

Twelve-year-old William Johnson and his two younger sisters today were sentenced to the county training school because of their repeated refusal to salute the American flag on grounds it violated their religous belief.—United Press.

British Submarine at Manila

Manila, May 2.

The British submarine Phoenix arrived at Ilo Ilo today and is to head for Hongkong early next week, completing a cruise from Australia and the Thursday Islands. The submarine left Hongkong on January 23 for its long cruise.—United Press.

U.S. Neutrality Provisions Expire Amidst Uncertainty

Sure Points in Foreign Policy Centred In Phenomenal Rearmament, Credits Ban

Washington, May 2.

THE "cash and carry" provisions of the nation's neutrality legislation expired at midnight last night amid national debate and uncertainty on most phases of United States foreign policy. The only points of foreign policy which appeared to have unanimous support today were the President's $2,000,000,000 rearmament programme and the maintenance of the Johnson Act which forbids American loans or credits to nations which have defaulted in their debts to the United States.

The House and Senate foreign affairs committees will terminate public hearings this week on proposed revision of the existing neutrality legislation with little prospect of agreement. When a decision finally is reached, it must synchronize with President Roosevelt's views to become effective. Including quasi-defence projects, the rearmament programme now being enacted by Congress will cost $2,000,000,000, a peace-time record for the United States.

The naval appropriation bill, totalling almost $800,000,000, probably will be reported to the House of Representatives tomorrow. It is expected to be approved before the end of the week. President Roosevelt then is expected to submit to Congress supplemental estimates of $250,000,000 to complete the expansion of the Army Air Force to 6,000 planes.

Dr. Philip Marshall Brown, executive of the American Peace Society, meanwhile testified before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee that he foresees the possibility of an agreement between Japan, Germany and the Soviet Union regarding problems in the Pacific.

Dr. Brown said that as the United States has "gained the enmity of these three nations," such an alliance would have "vast implications" for the United States in the event America became involved in war in the Pacific. The United States, he said, should preserve the utmost freedom of action in the preservation of her neutrality.

"This would seem to depend, in the last analysis, on the cautious conduct of foreign affairs rather than legislative restriction and commitments," he said. "There need be no sacrifice vital to the interests of the nation under well established principles of neutrality."

Japan "Holding Key"

Some diplomatic observers believed today that Japan holds the key to the world's future as a result of the German-British rift which appeared likely to precipitate a new balance of power in which the United States might be importuned to join.

Japan, with her vast armies schooled in the field and her huge naval construction programme, it was believed may be forced to choose between allegiance to the Berlin-Rome Axis and diplomatic independence.

Entry of Japan into a Rome-Berlin-Tokyo military axis, observers believed, would produce a combination so powerful that most other countries of the world would feel constrained toward a common diplomatic purpose for their own safety.

If Japan remains outside, she might be able to prevent the swift crystallization of two great blocs. Some experts believe she is strong enough to play an unfettered role in world politics and to bargain not only for her own national advantage, but conceivably for restored order in the Far East.

The United States' obvious interest in Japan's future allignment or nonalignment would be determined by the degree to which Japan might become a party to world-wide "power politics" and the effect of her position on control of the Pacific.—United Press.

Senator Borah's View

Washington, May 1.

"It is none of our business to supply arms to Great Britain or any other nations," Senator William E Borah, Republican of Idaho, declared today in a commentary on the United States' foreign policy.

Speaking to the press, he stated that the problem of neutrality had boiled down to the question of knowing "whether we will or will not be neutral and, if we are not neutral whether we will forbid the sale of arms to all nations or sell them only to certain nations."

He asserted in conclusion, "We will be involved in war from the moment that we start supplying arms."—Havas.

U.S. Tariff Blamed

Houston, Tex., May 1.

The United States tariff wall is driving other nations into war by depriving them of commodities they must have to exist, according to Dr. P. G. Haines, economist of Texas A. and M. College.

"Italy went into Ethiopia for agricultural land and agricultural products she once could get here," Dr. Haines said.

"The same is true of Japan, which has gone into Manchuria and China so she can raise her own cotton. When she has consolidated her position, she never will buy another bale here.

"The United States before the World War, was a debtor nation, owing Europe some $2,500,000,000," Dr. Haines continued. "After the war, the picture had changed and Europe owed us some $19,000,000,000. The only way trade could be carried on under this set-up was for Europe to buy our goods with gold, or to trade their goods for our goods. The United States has sixty per cent. of the world's gold, so it was impossible for Europe to use gold. The American tariff shut the other door. So the rest of the world is going to war and we are going to hell," Dr. Haines said.—United Press.

Latest Exchange

The closing Interbank selling rates yesterday were as follows:

Sterling 8½d. U.S.$ 16 1/16 c.

LONDON METALS AND N.Y. CROSS RATE

London, May 2.

Silver prices again advanced in London today, with quotations being fixed at:—

	May 1	May 2
London spot	20 7/16 d.	20 7/16 d.
„ forward	20d.	20 1/16 d.
„ gold	148/6d.	148/6d.
London/New York:		
One pound U.S.	$4.6813	$4.6823
One U.S. dollar	51.267d.	51.256d.

—Reuter.

Far East Excluded From Peace Bloc

Soviets Reported to Be Seeking Military Alliance with Powers

London, May 2.

Efforts to bring Soviet Russia into the peace front were near a deadlock today as the Soviets threatened to quit continuing negotiations unless Britain agrees to a three-Power military alliance. The Soviet wants a military alliance with Britain and France.

If Britain fails to agree to Russia's demands, the Soviet will make efforts to establish its own anti-aggression bloc among the Baltic countries, it was believed.

Britain is fearful that the extension of the Anglo-French entente might drive Japan into an acceptance of Chancellor Adolf Hitler's proposal to convert the anti-Comintern Pact into an outright military alliance.—United Press.

"Long and Very Friendly"

London, May 1.

The talk between Lord Halifax, the Foreign Secretary, and M. Ivan Maisky, the Soviet Ambassador, following the latter's return from Moscow, is described in authoritative quarters here as "long, and very friendly." Conjectures regarding the date by which the negotiations with the Soviet will be complete, however, are stated to be "pure guesswork."

It is stated that the whole position regarding the current negotiations was discussed during the conversations, and that account was taken of the views of other countries associated in the anti-aggression measures. Official quarters are reticent as to the details of the Anglo-Russian negotiations, which are stated to be taking place in an encouraging and hopeful spirit.

It is stated that the question of the application of a British guarantee to Poland was not discussed when the British Ambassador in Warsaw, Sir Howard William Kennard, saw Colonel Joseph Beck, the Polish Foreign Minister, during the week-end.

Clear Guarantee to Poland

The British Ambassador and Col. Beck exchanged impressions of Herr Hitler's speech, and particularly those passages affecting Poland, and the German suggestions regarding Danzig, together with the Polish rejoinder.

It is declared in authoritative circles that the question of the British guarantee to Poland had been made perfectly clear. Nothing, it is stated, has happened to change or mitigate it.

No attempt has been made on either side to link up the Anglo-Soviet talks with the Far East, Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent understands. The objectives throughout, he states, have been purely European.

British policy, it is explained, is to strengthen generally the forces against aggression, and to associate the Soviet with this plan, while taking into account the views of other countries, such as Poland and Rumania. At the same time, Britain's plan is to deprive of substance Germany's allegation that "encirclement" is intended or desired.

Balkan Problems in Commons

Asked whether he would consider what steps could be taken to assist in settling of outstanding questions between Rumania, Bulgaria and Greece on such matters as the Dobrudja and an outlet for Bulgaria to the Aegean Sea at Dede Agach, with the view to preserving the principle of co-operation between the Balkan countries against aggression, the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, said that the Government, while attaching greatest importance to the principle of Balkan unity, considered that the questions to which the questioner referred, must primarily be settled by negotiations between the countries concerned.—Wireless and Reuter.

Lithuania to Defend Her Independence

Trade Negotiations With Germany Continue

Kaunas, May 2.

General Chernius, the Premier, in a speech made here today, said that Lithuania was determined to defend her independence and integrity by military means.

M. Norkaitis, head of the Trade Delegation which has been negotiating with Germany, has left for Berlin again, after having reported to the Government.

Germany, it is reported, wants a fifty per cent. share of Lithuania's foreign trade and an agreement with Lithuania only to use the port of Memel for foreign trade.—Reuter.

Riot in Algiers Takes Toll

Algiers, May 2.

Thousands of Arabs barricaded themselves in their homes here yesterday to withstand an attack by 200 Senegalese soldiers who were angered because Arabs had wounded two Senegalese during a riot. French regulars rounded up the Senegalese and confined them to their barracks. Thirty Arabs and two Senegalese were wounded.—United Press.

Chinese Offensive Aimed at Stopping Concentrations

Success Claimed by Chungking Spokesman; Battle Continues in Han River Region; Ningpo Bombed

Chungking, May 2.

COMMENTING on the reports of the "Chinese April Offensive," a Chinese military spokesman at a press conference here this afternoon declared: "Offensive movements on the part of Chinese forces on various fronts are aimed, principally, at preventing the Japanese from concentrating their armed forces in China for a large-scale drive in any particular sector. The Chinese offensive, in this respect, has been completely successful."

Referring to the Chinese attacks on Nanchang, the spokesman claimed that the original plan of the Japanese, to direct a main attack on Changsha, had been frustrated owing to the Chinese offensive in the vicinity of Nanchang, "where fighting is still progressing south-east of the Kiangsi capital."

The spokesman also declared that Chinese pressure in North Hupeh, on the northern flank of the Japanese forces on the east bank of the Han River, had so far been successful in preventing the Japanese from crossing the river and making a westward drive towards the Shasi and Ichang area.

Although it was reported that the Japanese, launching a four-column drive, were converging on Chinese forces in south-eastern Shansi, the Chinese military spokesman stated that the Japanese offensive from Yicheng and Sinyuan to the east, had been repulsed.

Han River Battle

Heavy fighting is said to be continuing on the Han River front, where, it is reported, Japanese forces yesterday morning again attempted to cross the Han River to invade Shayang, on the west bank of the river, north-east of Shasi.

The Japanese, a Chinese despatch claimed, were driven back to the east bank by heavy Chinese machine-gun and trenchmortar fire.

At the same time, another Japanese column is said to be moving northward from Chungtsiang in the direction of Siangyang and Fancheng.

In south Hupeh, Chinese forces are reported to be attacking Tungchen, on the highway to Changsha.

Six Japanese aeroplanes yesterday morning bombed Ningpo, according to a Chinese despatch from Chekiang. The machines are reported to have dropped 17 bombs, resulting in over 100 casualties and demolishing 200 houses.

The Ningpo Guild in Shanghai is said to have dispatched yesterday afternoon, ten doctors and twenty nurses to Ningpo by the ss. Tehping to attend to the wounded in that city. —Reuter.

Steamer Held Up

Following the extensive bombing of Ningpo from the air Japanese war vessels began shelling Chinghai, riverport gateway to Ningpo, yesterday morning while the Chinese forces returned the fire. It was impossible to ascertain the extent of the damage caused by the shelling locally yesterday, but it was reliably learnt that the rescue steamer sent by the Shanghai Ningpo Residents Association could not reach Ningpo on account of the shelling. The boat which was to have reached its destination yesterday morning was stopped at Chi Li Gih outside Chinghai. The boat was reported last night to have been detained by the Japanese.

The situation along the Chekiang and Fukien coast was very threatening yesterday, as it was reported that many Japanese war vessels were anchored along the coast ready for action in the near future. It was predicted that more than thirty neutral steamers might be held up by the Japanese.

Communists Defeated

Peiping, May 2.

Caught in a surprise nut-cracker operation, the newly organized Fourth Army commanded by Gen. Yeh Ting, veteran Communist leader, was virtually wiped out in north-western Honan at noon on April 25, according to a belated report reaching here today.

The Chinese left 750 dead while 100 of the survivors were taken prisoner by the Japanese, the dispatch said.

After pushing to Huehchengchi, south-east of Kweiteh on the Lunghai Railway in north-eastern Honan, on April 24, the major force of the Japanese Yamagata Detachment completed preparations to crush the Fourth Army at one stroke.

Encircling 1,000 Chinese troops of the army entrenched at Liuchiangchi, the Japanese closed in from several directions at noon on the following day.—Domei.

Chinese Repulsed

Hsuchow, May 2.

Withering blasts of machine-gun fire quickly put an end to an attempt of about 1,000 Chinese troops to force their way into Chishan, 200 kilometres south-east of Fenghsien in the north-western extremity of Kiangsu province, at 4.30 o'clock in the morning of April 26, according to a delayed dispatch received here today.

The Chinese tried to disorganize the Japanese defences by launching a hand-grenade attack near the southern gate of the town. Japanese machine guns cut loose and mowed down 250 Chinese in quick order. The rest fled. —Domei.

Threat to Kaifeng Cleared Up

Kaifeng, May 2.

Launching a general assault on some 3,000 Chinese troops of the 106th Division of the Central Army in the vicinity of Chinghwachen in northern Honan on April 29, Japanese forces closed in from the east, south and west and routed them in a four-hour battle.

The Chinese fled into the mountains north of the town, leaving 200 dead, according to a field dispatch received today.—Domei.

Sgt. Wimsett Makes Statement

General Hospital Incident Again Discussed at Press Conference

The physicians attending Sergeant R. J. Wimsett of the Shanghai Municipal Police who, it will be recalled, was seriously injured during the motor-car accident which occurred on the evening of April 24 and in which Mr. B. Lillie and a Japanese sentry lost their lives, whilst Mrs. Lillie was also injured, yesterday morning permitted police officers inquiring into the case to interview him for a short while. He was able to make a statement. The contents of Sergt. Wimsett's statement were not made available to the press and will be added to the documents already compiled regarding the circumstances of the accident.

Due to the weakness of the patient, those who interviewed him yesterday, only stayed in his room at the General Hospital for a few minutes and British Consular officials, it was understood, will see Mr. Wimsett either today or tomorrow, whilst the Japanese authorities, it was believed yesterday, will also approach the British Consulate with a view to seeing Mr. Wimsett in the presence of a consular representative, so that they can obtain a statement, too.

When a correspondent at yesterday's press conference asked whether the S. M. C.'s protest regarding the incident which occurred in the reception hall of the General Hospital after the accident, when Mr. A. H. Samson, Assistant Commissioner of the S. M. P., was slapped by a Japanese lieutenant, had been received, a spokesman said that the note had been received at the Consulate but that it had not yet reached the Japanese Naval Landing Party officials who are investigating the case.

Sentry's Death Emphasized

"If you will consider the gravity of the death of a Japanese sentry on duty," a spokesman said in reply to a question regarding the accident, "the question will solve itself."

"Did he (Mr. Samson) receive a slap in the face?" a correspondent asked, whereupon he was told that "a hand may have touched him."

"Here is a case," the spokesman added, "where a Japanese sentry was killed and it is obvious that the officer in charge was inquiring as to where the people involved in the accident were."

"The officer was denied admittance" the spokesman went on to say, "when newspapermen were permitted to enter."

In this connection, it may be pointed out that the reporter who was at the scene of the incident at the time, stood in the centre of the reception hall, of the hospital, whereas the spokesman evidently referred to the officer's attempts to enter the patients' rooms at a time when the physicians were administering first aid to them, whereas no reporter at any time made any attempt to see the patients.

At the conclusion of the press conference, a statement giving the Japanese version of the accident and the incident that occurred later, was handed to correspondents.

Chapei Fire Engine Knocks Pedestrians

S. F. B. Has Busy Day Answering Seven Calls

The Shanghai Fire Brigade and in particular, Ichang Road Station, had a busy day yesterday, whilst a Chapei machine which turned out to a blaze on Robison Road where four houses were ablaze at about 4.30 p.m., came into collision with five Chinese pedestrians who were all thrown into a creek and had to be rescued by the crew of an emergency ambulance, which conveyed them to a hospital where they received first-aid treatment, being subsequently sent home. The fire to which the Chapei machine was proceeding at the time, very badly damaged a Chinese house at 1889 Robison Road whilst the ground and the first floors of four adjoining houses were damaged slightly. The machines returned to their station one and a quarter hours later. At 9.27 a.m. Ichang Road firemen turned out to a false alarm with good intent whilst at 3.41 p.m. they arrived at the reported scene of a blaze at Luzon Road where they found the inmates to have already extinguished the flames in some bedding.

Six hours later, at 9.45 p.m. men from the same station were again called out and found that their services were not required as the inmates of 405 Macao Road had put out the flames which had originally threatened to damage the drying stage and the roof.

At 10.02 p.m. machines from Central station answered a call from Lane 780, House 24, Haining Road, where in a single storeyed house one room was badly damaged whilst two other rooms did not fare so badly. Whilst the blaze was actually under control eighteen minutes after the arrival of the machines, they did not return to the station until an hour.

At 9.27 a.m., two machines from the same station, were summoned to Peking Road where a motor truck was on fire. The blaze was extinguished in 18 minutes.

A little over an hour later, firefighters from Sinza station turned out to an address at 202 Taku Road and extinguished a fire of wood-shavings.

Former Boer State Attorney Honoured

Dr. Leyds Remembered On Eightieth Birthday

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Mentone, May 1.

A notable survivor of the Kruger regime in the Transvaal, Dr. W. J. Leyds, a Boer, today received scores of congratulatory messages from many parts of the world on the occasion of the attainment of his 80th birthday.

Dr. Leyds was Satte Attorney of the Transvaal Republic and framed all the Notes exchanged by President Kruger with Mr. Joseph Chamberlain on the eve of the South African War. —Reuter.

Japanese Army, Navy Express Concern Over Conditions

(Continued from page 7)

Japanese forces to have resorted to force to wipe out anti-Japanese and Communist elements of Chinese planning in the Settlement and Concession and to have halted the publication of anti-Japanese newspapers and magazines, the distribution of anti-Japanese literature, as well as to have assumed control of the various agencies of the Kuomintang régime. The arrests of high Kuomintang army officers could have been effected," he went on, "and any measures deemed necessary for the maintenance of peace and order in Shanghai could have been introduced.

"However, taking into consideration the peculiar character of the Settlement and Concession and the fact that the Japanese forces placed their reliance on the co-operation of the two police authorities for the maintenance of peace and good order within the Settlement and the French Concession, it can be said that these two areas are only maintaining their status because of the fact that the forces occupying the Shanghai area are Japanese," he continued.

"Had the Chinese forces been in the same position," Col. Mabuchi added, "it is quite possible that the Concession and the Settlement would since long have disappeared. In this sense alone it may be said that the Japanese forces have saved the Concession and Settlement."

No Interference

"The authorities of the Settlement and the Concession" stated Col. Mabuchi "as well as the police of both areas, should be deeply thankful for the lenient, charitable and chivalrous attitude of the Japanese forces. The authorities of the Settlement and Concession would do well to refresh lapsing memories and recall the time of the occupation of Tazang, the crossing of the Soochow Creek and the entry of the Japanese forces into Nantao."

Continuing he added, "The maintenance of peace and order in the occupied areas is the grave responsibility of the Japanese forces and we cannot brook any interference from any source with the exercising of this duty. The Settlement and the French Concession are, at this moment maintaining a peculiar existence, and they are located in the centre of the Japanese-occupied areas. As long as the Japanese forces are the principal agency in the maintenance of peace and order in the territory surrounding the Settlement and Concession, the authorities of these two areas are duty bound to co-operate fully with the Japanese forces in that task.

They should realize that the situation is changed entirely from the days when the Japanese and Chinese forces were engaged in combat on the outskirts of Shanghai. We hope for the maintenance of neutrality by the authorities of the two areas. It is now almost one and half years since the Chinese forces were crushed by the Japanese army and navy outside Shanghai, and at this time the Japanese military and naval authorities cannot ignore the continued existence in the foreign-controlled areas of Shanghai of agencies of the Nationalist Government, engaged in activities likely to disturb peace and order by inciting, anti-Japanese elements and utilizing anti-Japanese publications.

Hostile Acts

"Moreover," he cotinued, "there has been a recent tendency where hostile acts against the Japanese have increased in these two areas. It is difficult to understand why the Concession and Settlement authorities, who at the time when the Japanese and Chinese forces were fighting on the outskirts of the city, sedulously proclaimed their neutrality, should rise in the defence of the Kuomintang army and the Kuomintang régime when the Chinese forces have fled far inland. In view of the fact that frequent outbreaks of terrorism have taken place recently against Japanese and important Chinese persons connected with the Japanese, both in the Settlement and French Concession, which are areas that should be safe for foreigner and native alike, the Japanese authorities have repeatedly issued warnings demanding a curb on political terrorism, the control of anti-Japanese newspapers and magazines and the closing down of agencies of the Chungking régime.

However, with the Settlement and Concession authorities showing very little good faith in suppressing anti-Japanese elements and carrying out only perfunctory measures, the basic causes of trouble in the maintenance of peace and good order have not been removed in the two areas," he went on. "Real results cannot be achieved by mere written replies, notifications and proclamations. Mr. Fu Siao-en, Mayor of the Greater Shanghai Municipality, also sent notes on five occasions demanding the suppression of unruly elements in the two areas the handing over of the District Courts to the new régime, the banning of the display of Nationalist flags, etc., to the Consular Body and to the administrations of both areas.

He asked for a reply and then pressed a second time for an early answer but we were given to understand that this has not been done. We are forced to doubt the good faith of the Settlement and the Concession authorities towards the maintenance of peace and good order. If we consider that the Special Municipality of Shanghai is a *de facto* administration in the areas adjoining the Settlement and Concession, the present attitude of the two authorities should be regarded as being based wholly upon sentiment and prejudice.

Assassinations

The assassination of Mr. Chen and Mr. Shi, two pro-Japanese Chinese personages, were obviously political terrorist outrages aimed at the Japanese in that they sought to hamper Sino-Japanese co-operation. While the victims may have been Chinese, the acts were tantamount to the assassination of Japanese. Consequently they cannot be ignored. It is only natural that the Japanese army and navy, burdened with the heavy responsibilities of maintaining peace and order, have expressed their dissatisfaction with the prevailing conditions in the Settlement and Concession and have expressed their full support to the demands of Mayor Fu."

Col. Mabuchi continued, "However, that is not all which the Japanese forces wish to state. Representations and demands made so far are but a small part of what they have to say. We are convinced that it is essential for the Setttlement and Concession authorities to look upon existing conditions and remedy the cause leading to the impression that the Settlement and Concession are being utilized by the Chungking régime.

"Adequate measures should be taken that Chinese and Japanese alike, including those Chinese friendly to Japan, should be able to live freely without danger to their lives in the areas under the jurisdiction of the Settlement and Concession authorities. If they are unable to do so we shall be constrained to conclude that these authorities have neither the will nor ability to enforce real measures for the maintenance of peace and order."

"Haven for Terrorists"

Answering questions following his statement, Col. Mabuchi stated that in the opinion of the Japanese authorities it would not be a violation of the neutrality of the Settlement and Concession to recognize Mayor Fu. Asked if he was aware of the fact that the Settlement's policy was governed by the Consular Body, Col. Mabuchi replied, "This is not the time to quibble over the legitimacy of the Settlement. Here we have two administrations both of which are surrounded by a third administration. Unless these three co-operate there can be no hope for the maintenance of peace and order."

Replying to a questioner, who asked if he was aware there had been eight political assassinations in Soochow during the space of five weeks, Col. Mabuchi said that he was not aware of this fact. Another correspondent asked if he had heard of four "shoot-ups" in Fah Wah village where the S.M.P. were not allowed to function. Col. Mabuchi replied that their co-operation was possible. "Is the spokesman aware that an attempt was made to murder Mayor Fu Siao-en himself at the Civic Centre?" came another question. "That was an independent case," relied Co. Mabuchi, "which might have been planned either within the Settlement and Concession or outside these two areas."

It was undeniable, he said, that the Concession and Settlement were being used as a haven for terrorists who were using the places as a shelter of refuge. It was not a question of method to be employed to combat these but the eradication of the source of such troubles.

"No Good Will"

Asked what action the Japanese authorities demanded, against third party nationals engaged in anti-Japanese movements Col. Mabuchi replied that the metnod of punishment should be evolved by the Councils in consultation with the Powers concerned. As a matter of fact there had been a precedent when the Council had deported and imprisoned Communists at the time of Chiang Kai-shek's occupation of Shanghai.

It was evident that terrorism could not be stamped out unless measures were taken beforehand. In each case when the S.M.P. had arrested suspects for terroristic activities the Japanese authorities had come and pointed out the men required. That the police had been unable to do this on their own initiative indicated that there was no good will on their part. Two very important arrests of terrorists, he added, had been carried out by the Japanese Gendarmerie, who had enticed the men from the Settlement to the Western District, where they were seized.

Referring to the suppression by the police of an alleged anti-Japanese newspaper on Monday, a correspondent asked if when the Japanese authorities made requests to the S.M.C., were not these requests the result of immediate action by the Council? There had been no instances where the S.M.C. had refused to take action after Japanese requests, Col. Mabuchi said, but the Japanese were not seeking just perfunctory action but something more thorough and lasting.

Newspapers and Chungking

In February the Japanese had made a request to the S.M.C., he added, and on the following morning the inhabitants of the city were treated to the sight of almost all the police force on the streets, including the "men with canes" and even higher officers. Now the Council had issued a notification in the press against anti-Japanese organizations but it remained to be seen whether any would be prohibited or suppressed.

Many Chinese in Shanghai had shown that they wished to be friendly to the Japanese, he continued, and to work with the new régimes but they had been prevented from doing so by terrorists in the Settement and Concession. Newspapers published in both areas were nothing but copies of newspapers printed in Chungking. This was not acting in accordance with the actcal situation in Central China.

Asked what would be the Japanese reaction if they were not satisfied with the measures taken by the two authorities and would that reaction include occupation of the Settlement and Concession, Col. Mabuchi said that he was not in a position to make public what steps the Japanese intended to take."

Famous French Designer To Aid Japan

Export Goods to Cater For Western Needs

Tokyo, May 1.

The Ministry of Commerce has decided to invite M. Rene Herbst, leading French architect and industrial designer, to Japan as technical adviser to Japanese exporters.

If he accepts the Japanese offer, he will direct the designing of Japanese export products so as to meet Western requirements.

The French designer planned a number of aerodromes in Britain, Belgium and the Netherlands.—Reuter.

Barricades Removed In Gibraltar

Gibraltar, May 2.

Barricades were removed here this morning. The British warship Ramillies, three British and French destroyers sailed to the East. The Ramillies left for firing practice.

The German warships which are at present on a cruise are expected to leave the ports which they are visiting, that is, Tangier, Cadiz, Algeciras, Ceuta and Malaga, today.—Reuter.

Japanese Premier Surveys Outlook

Axis Powers Thanked For Understanding of "New Order" Aims

Tokyo, May 2.

Keen appreciation of "the sympathetic understanding and willing support extended to Japan by Germany and Italy, as co-signatories of the anti-Comintern Pact, in connection with the China Incident since its very beginning," was expressed today by Baron Keichiro Hiranuma, the Premier, in addressing the annual conference of Provincial Governors.

It was urgently necessary, he declared, to draw still closer the bonds of co-operation among the signatories of the anti-Comintern Pact.

An urgent task before Japan, he continued, was to attain "a satisfactory settlement of the China Incident, concerning which Japan's basic policy has already been formulated and enunciated from time to time."

Baron Hiranuma re-affirmed Japan's "grim determination to construct a new order in East Asia, with a view to establishing lasting stability in this part of the world."

Neighbourly co-operation among Japan, Manchoukuo and China in the political, economic and cultural fields, he declared, was essenial for the successful discharge of "Japan's mission."

China Must "Reconsider"

"Japan," continued the Premier, "desires China to reconsider her anti-Japanese attitude and to do her share in the construction of a new order in East Asia. At the same time, Japan wishes third Powers to endeavour to understand her policy and objective, and positively to participate in the construction of a new order in East Asia, commercially, financially and technically."

Surveying the Chinese situation, Baron Hiranuma observed "with gratification" that there were many Chinese "who are ready to share Japan's pleasures and pains, and who seek a re-birth of their own country."

At the same time, he said, the new regimes in various parts of China were developing smoothly.

Turning to domestic affairs, the Premier emphasized the necessity of securing national defence to cope with the delicate international situation, "especially since the China Incident has entered into the stage of long-range reconstruction and rehabilitation."

Foreign Trade Promotion

The fostering of economic resources and the promotion of foreign trade were also advocated by Baron Hiranuma, who intimated the Government's decision "to throw the full weight of Japan's resources into the China Incident to attain her ultimate objective, by invoking the full provisions of the National Mobilization Act."

In view of the gravity of the situation, the Premier trusted that the entire nation would "render its united service to the Throne by fully grasping the idea of the unique national structure in Japan and by giving full play to the 'Imperial Way'."—Reuter.

Paris Denies Italian Offer to Parley

Paris, May 1.

Authoritative French quarters categorically denied reports today that the Italian Government had made proposals to the French Government allowing for negotiations between France and Italy. The reports emnated in the first place from a British source.—Havas.

OBITUARY

Sir Reginald Henderson

London, May 2.

Vice-Admiral Sir Reginald Guy Hannam Henderson, organiser of wartime convoys, died here today at the age of 57.

He served in the China Station for three years, from 1919 to 1921, as Flag Captain of H.M.S. Hawkins, and Chief Staff Officer to the Commander-in-Chief of the China Squadron. Since 1934, he had held the rank of Third Sea Lord and Controller of the Navy. —Reuter.

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Baby's Own Tablets

German Goodwill Plane In Hongkong

Hongkong, May 2.

A German junkers plane piloted by Baron von Gablentz on a goodwill flight from Berlin to Tokyo arrived here at eight minutes past noon today. The craft left Hanoi at 6.50 o'clock this morning and encountered thick fog on its route.—Domei.

Two Death Sentences In Jerusalem

Penalty for Murder of British Constable

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Jerusalem, May 1.

A military court, after a trial lasting for three days, today sentenced to death two Moslem Arab brothers for the murder of a British constable. The constable was shot dead while on duty in the Old City on April 19. —Reuter.

German Propaganda

London, May 1.

In Palestine for the last few days, the West Yorkshire Regiment has been conducting a careful search of Beit Rima village for arms and ammunition belonging to terrorists. The total arms found amounted to 37 rifles, one shot-gun and 1,100 rounds of rifle ammunition.

Although the search took place quietly and without any incident, the German radio in Arabic has invented stories of appalling atrocity by the troops, thus following up last week's invention of incidents in Jerusalem which local listeners knew well had never taken place.—Wireless through Reuter.

British Subsidy for Merchant Shipping

Commons Informed of New Building Policy

London, May 2.

Extended powers for the grant of subsidies to encourage construction of merchant vessels may be asked from Parliament in the near future, Mr. Oliver Stanley, President of the Board of Trade, announced in the House of Commons this afternoon.

He also announced a Bill compelling ship-owners wishing to sell ships for scrap iron to offer their vessels to the Government first of all, for Britain wishes to create a reserve fleet of merchantmen and, at the same time, prevent the sale of British ships to foreign nations.—Havas.

Japanese Here Observe Health Week

Residents of the Japanese community were due to start the observance of "health week" yesterday in line with a similar movement sponsored in Japan by the Ministry of Public Welfare.

Leaders of the Japanese community met at the Japanese Club on Boone Road on Sunday and mapped a programme for the week. The drive is being conducted in Japan to direct the attention of the public to the physical fitness standards of the nation.

Six Armed Robberies During Afternoon

Thugs Only Get Small Loots in Hold-Ups

Between 1.35 and 2.05 p.m. yesterday, four men, one of them armed with a pistol, entered a Chinese house at 64 Canton Road, intimidated the inmates and managed to make their getaway with about $1,000 in banknotes. Detectives from Central Station are investigating the case.

At 7 p.m. three armed thugs entered No. 7 Pakhoi Road and stole Jewellery worth $300, whilst at 8.45 p.m. six men, one of them armed with a pistol, held up a Chinese pedestrian on Ferry Road and relieved him of $24 in cash. Two hold-ups were staged at the same time last night when at 9 p.m. three thugs, two armed with pistols held up the inmates of a house at 440 Dalny Road and subsequently decamped with $12 in bank-notes, whilst on Chinghwa Road near Haiphong Road, a Chinese constable of the S. M. P., who was off duty at the time, had to part with $17 that he had on his person at the time, when three men, two armed, faced him. He was also relieved of his police whistle and a key to the police telephone.

An armed robbery, which is at present being investigated by detectives from Pootoo Road station, was perpetrated in a Chinese home at 4731 Robison Road at 7.30 p.m., the value of the loot being not yet known.

Indian Congress Passes Resolution

High Command Composed Of Right-Wing Men

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Calcutta, May 1.

Rajendra Prasad newly-elected President of the Congress, told the Congress Committee today that the New High Command would be composed entirely of Right-Wing men, excluding Pandit Nehru and Mr. Bose, who had declined the invitation.

The Committee then unanimously passed the resolution moved by Pandi Nehru that the National Congress was determined to oppose all attemtps to use Indian resources in the event of war without the consent of the Indian people.

Further disturbances occurred outside the marquee where the Committee was sitting. Congress volunteers were stoned and pelted with brickbats by a crowd and some were injured.—Reuter.

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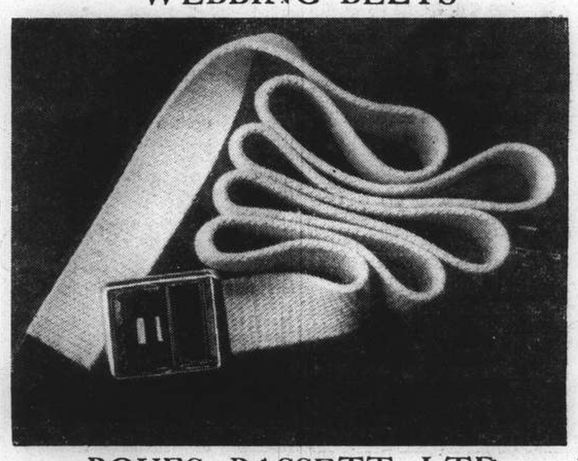

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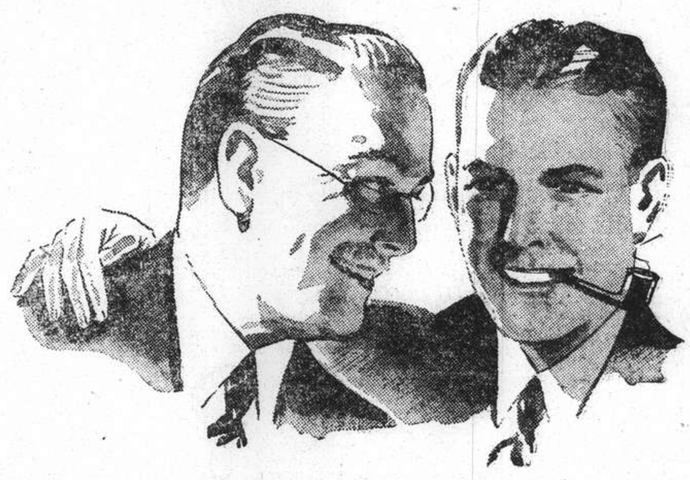

"Thanks Dad,
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"Sure my boy;

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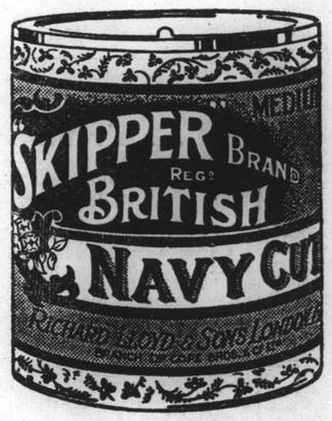

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FROM DAY TO DAY

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Harmer and daughter arrived yesterday in the ss. Empress of Japan.

Mr. C. A. Nichols of the Standard Vacuum Oil Co., accompanied by his wife returned yesterday from leave in the ss. Empress of Japan.

Mr. J. M. Sutton, of Messrs Sutton & Husney, New York, arrived yesterday in the ss. Empress of Japan, on a business trip.

Mr. J. E. Covington of the Universal Leaf Tobacco Co., Inc., returned from a trip to the United States yesterday in the ss. Empress of Japan.

Mrs. M. C. Balfour, wife of a physician connected with the Rockefeller Foundation, New York, and family arrived yesterday in the ss. Empress of Japan on a yisit.

Members of the British Women's Association and their friends are reminded that articles for the Jumble Sale must be sent in before 5 p.m. today.

Ministering Children's League Jam Stall would be glad of bottles and jars. Those who have any to spare, please telephone Mrs. W. H. Way, 51 Amherst Avenue, Tel. 21528.

In view of the limited staff available for this purpose, future applicants for medical registration may lodge their applications with the Registrar, Room 212, Administration Building, on Tuesdays and Thursdays only, between 2 p.m. and 4 p.m.

The Rotary Club will hold their regular weekly meeting tomorrow, at 12.15 p.m., in the Metropole Hotel. Speakers will be:- Asst. Commissioner Jacobs of the Shanghai Scouts' Association and Rotarian J. C. Oliver, Associate General Secretary of the Shanghai Y.M.C.A.

At H.M. Police Court yesterday before Mr. I. T. Morris, Acting Registrar, J. Parsons of 170 Kiangse Road was cautioned for parking his car between the hours of 8.40 a.m. and 9.40 a.m. in Nanking Road contrary to Traffic Regulations.

It is announced that the 9th drawing of the Refugee Lottery will take place at the Canidrome today at 2 p.m. The results of the drawing will be broadcast by XHHR, 1340 kilocycles. Tickets will still be on sale this morning from the Ta Kung Industrial Development Co., Nanking Road and many other lottery and exchange shops.

The health report of the French Municipality for the week ending April 29, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Concession were:—Foreigners, 4 and Chinese, 186. Deaths from notifiable diseases were:—Chinese, Tuberculosis 16; Pneumonia 6; Measles 5; Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers 3; Diphtheria 2; Recurring Fever 2; Cerebrospinal Meningitis 2; Beri-beri 2 and Encephalitis 1.

The Social Board of the British Women's Association are holding a jumble sale in Union Church Hall tomorrow morning commencing at 9.30. Contributions of any kind will be welcomed, and may be left at Union Church Hall early today, marked "B.W.A. Jumble Sale." The help of friends willing to assist in the arrangement of the articles and at the sale on Thursday will be welcomed.

The Navy Y.M.C.A. wishes to acknowledge with thanks the donation of books, magazines and American newspapers received from the following people during the month of April:—Mrs. P. S. Hopkins, Mrs. E. H. Munson, Mrs. P. H. Bordwell, Community Church, Mrs. J. C. McCracken, Miss West, Mrs. W. A. Main, Mr. Roger Wolcott, Mr. W. R. Lynch, Mrs. E. F. Rauch, Mr. W. H. Owens, Mrs. E. L. McAllister, Mrs. M. R. Burnes, Miss E. H. Falck, Mrs. J. S. Brenneman, and others. The Navy "Y" can still make use of novels and story magazines.

The special programme of the Municipal Orchestra for "The Strings" to be given in the Lyceum Theatre, on Sunday, May 7, at 5.15 p.m. is as follows:—

Corale ..... Bach
Fuga in A minor ..... Bach
Lament ..... Bridge
Air and Dance ..... Delius
Apres L' Ete ..... Schmitt
Mock Morris ..... Grainger
Third Suite of "Old Dances and Airs for the Lute" Free transcription for Stringed Orchestra ..... Respighi
"Italiana" Unknown Composer (end of XVI cent.)
"Arie di Corte" G. B. Besardo (XVI cent.)
"Siciliana" Unknown Composer (end of XVI cent.)
"Passacaglia" Ludovico Roncalli (1692)
Adagio Cantabile ..... Grieg
Gavotte and Rigaudon from "Suite in Olden Style" ..... Grieg
Eine Kleine Nachtmusik ..... Mozart
Allegro
Romanza
Menuetto
Rondo
Deputy-Conductor: Prof. Arrigo Foa.

The Missions to Seamen acknowledge with grateful thanks the following gifts during the month of April:—Books and Magazines from: "North China Daily News," The "Shanghai Times," The "China Press," "Lloyd's Register of Shipping," P. O. Box 632, Hongkew Police Station Canteen, Engineers Club, Ewo Junior Mess, Victoria Nursing Home per Miss Johnson, Brigadier-General E. B. Macnaghten. Messrs. J. P. Gunn, Austin, Carmack, W. H. Baldock, G. F. Dumbarton, Alex Pollock, V. S. Hamill, C. P. Crouch, J. E. Gray, W. R. Rowley, P. Colman, C. G. G. Harper, G. A. Tate. Mesdames T. S. Weigall, B. A. Limby, Arch. Sinclair, S. Nancarrow, Dorothy Lee, C. Murry and G. F. Forshaw. Jig saw puzzles from Master Ian Hutcheon. Clothing from Messrs. R. Wensley and Hurlestone Piper.

The twelfth annual club institute of the joint committee of Shanghai Women's Organizations takes place this year on May 17 and 18 at the French Club, 290 Route Cardinal Mercier. All members of constituent groups who wish to attend should apply to the chairman of their associations or clubs as soon as possible. The subject this year is "Shanghai—City of Refuge." Those who wish to visit the Community House on Ward Road are reminded that cholera inoculation certificates will be necessary. Registration forms must be returned not later than May 10:—Opening Session—Wednesday 9 a.m. to 12.00 noon. Tiffin and Entertainment. Visiting Refugee Centres: 2 to 4 p.m. Second Session—Thursday 9.30 a.m. to 12 noon. Tiffin and Entertainment. Adjournment: 2.30 p.m.

Growth of Seventh Day Adventists

Much Progress Recorded In Spite of Conditions; Work in China

According to the reports rendered at the missionary council held by the Seventh-Day Adventists in this city, most phases of their work in China have shown progress in spite of prevailing conditions.

From a survey presented by the statistical secretary, Mrs. C. C. Crisler, it is learned that the membership of the 639 churches and companies throughout the territory known as the China Division at the end of 1938 stood at 18,003. The force of workers includes 253 doctors and nurses, 325 teachers, 845 evangelistic workers, and 127 engaged in literature distribution.

The report of the treasurer revealed that the budget for the conduct of the mission's activities throughout China exceeds a million dollars, national currency, annually. Since the beginning of hostilities an additional amount has been received amounting to $750,000 national currency, for rehabilitation purposes and to provide for other unusual expenditures incident to the war. Mr. W. E. Nelson and Mr. Claude Conard, treasurer and auditor of the General Conference of Seventh-day Adventists, of Washington, D. C., are in attendance at the council, and with the officers of the organization in China are studying methods of disbursing the rehabilitation funds which have been contributed by the membership abroad.

The leader of the layman's missionary activities, Pastor E. L. Longway, reported that the Adventist membership throughout China have been especially active in relief work during the last two years.

World-wide Activities

The work in China is only a part of the world-wide missionary activities of the Adventist Church. The latest published statistics, December 31, 1937, show that the 8,388 churches throughout the world had a membership of 452,785. In the operation of their work they are employing 20,029 evangelists and institutional labourers and are conducting work in 385 countries, islands, and island groups, and are using 714 languages and dialects. Literature is being prepared and circulated in 194 languages. There are 2,526 primary and 243 advanced schools in operation, employing 6,104 teachers. The total enrolment is over 120,000. Eighty-nine sanitariums and sixty-four treatment rooms employing 6,395 medical workers are ministering to the sick. During the year under review nearly 700,000 persons received medical care and the charity work done exceeded $383,000, U. S. currency. During 1937 more than a million garments were given out to those in need and tons of bandages were sent where emergency needs were urgent. Volunteer workers cared for more than 3,300,000 cases requiring some phase of relief ministry.

The institutions operated by the Adventists in the Shanghai areas have suffered as a result of the hostilities, but the heavier losses have been incurred in the interior. Among these are the complete loss of the China Training Institute, their advanced school for China, located between Nanking and Chinkiang. Properties have been destroyed or damaged at Changsha, Nanchang, and a number of other places.

President W. H. Branson, head of the Adventist organization in China, in his addresses given each day at the council, is stressing the need of a spiritual revival, higher standards in living, and an advance move in evangelism.

At the meeting this evening Pastor A. L. Ham, director of the work in Kwangtung, Fukien, and Kwangsi, will report on the missionary activities in those provinces.

Incendiaries Blamed For Ship Fire

Rozan Maru Seriously Damaged by Flames

Chinese incendiaries were believed to have started a fire on the N.Y.K. freighter Rozan Maru which was badly damaged on Sunday evening while berthed alongside the Yangtszepoo Wharf, the "Tairiku Shimpo" said yesterday.

A fire was discovered on the ship at 7 o'clock in the evening but quick action on the part of the crew prevented it from spreading and it was put out shortly afterward. About 11.30 o'clock the same night another fire started and it spread all over the ship despite the desperate efforts of a fire brigade to control it.

It was controlled at 1 o'clock on Monday morning. The damage made the vessel unseaworthy.

Japanese gendarmes and consular police were hunting for persons believed to be responsible for the blaze. A large number of Chinese sailors was employed on the vessel; the fact that the fire started while the ship was at anchor also indicated that it was the work of incendiaries, the Japanese daily said.

Chinese Newspaper Suspended

Council Permits Resumption After Assurances

The Shanghai Municipal Council on Monday, May 1, cancelled the registration of the "Hwa Mei Chen Pao" on the ground that there had been published in this newspaper on April 28 an article which tended to prejudice the preservation of law and order. The newspaper in question was not published yesterday. Cancellation of registration involves suspension of publication.

The Council has now received a written assurance from the publisher of this newspaper that steps will be taken to ensure that there will be no further publication of such articles and that Police requirements will be strictly complied with. Regret was expressed at the appearance of the article in question, which was stated to be due to an oversight.

In view of the assurance given, the Council has permitted the re-registration of the newspaper in question.

"N.C.D.N." Photos.

Spanish Community Celebrates

Members of the Spanish community celebrated the end of the war and General Franco's victory by holding mass and afterwards a reception at the Casa D'Italia, Rue Maresca. These pictures show the proposal of the toast and the salute by uniformed members of the Spanish Falangi.

Nanking Angered By Flag Issue

French Authorities Said To Have Give Permission For Display on Holidays

"Reformed Government" officials were incensed over the reported permission granted by the French Concession authorities for displays of Nationalist régime flags in eight holidays during the year, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reported under a banner headline yesterday.

"Despite the fact that the white sun in blue sky flags of the Kuomintang should be completely obliterated from the face of the earth as the Kuomintang Government has retreated into a mountain fastness of innermost China, the French Concession authorities have been showing a very weak-kneed attitude toward Chungking, which lodged a strong protest over the recent incident in the French Concession when Nationalist flags were banned by the French police," the "Mainichi" said.

"It now transpires that the French Concession authorities are ready to allow the raising of the white sun in blue sky flags on eight days in the year. This new trend in French Concession politics is being regarded by 'Reformed Government' quarters as an act of bad faith toward Nanking.

"This act on the part of the French authorities means that they spurn the earnest requests repeatedly made by Nanking with a sincere attitude concerning the flag question."

"Reformed Government" circles were viewing the attitude of the French Concession authorities with much apprehension, the paper said. Once having forbidden displays of Nationalist flags on the ground that they were likely to disturb peace and order in the Concession, the authorities changed their attitude and took steps to give implicit permission to fly the flags, the paper pointed out. These actions of the Concession authorities were difficult to understand, "Reformed Government" officials said.

The daily said the International Settlement was "dressed in anti-Japanese colours" on May 1 with Kuomintang flags flying and glaring anti-Japanese slogans displayed on posters and placards in the Settlement.

The worst anti-Japanese action took the form of newspaper editorials, the journal stated, two Chinese language papers protesting against the request made recently by Mr. Yoshiaki Miura, Japanese Consul-General, in connection with the Settlement peace and order question.

According to the "Mainichi," Japanese quarters were strongly dissatisfied because the S.M.P. authorities allowed only foreign and Chinese policemen to patrol the streets on Monday, excluding the Japanese police and thus depriving them of a chance to control the displays of Kuomintang flags and other anti-Japanese demonstrations.

Exciting Experience In Hongkong

Foreigners in Blazing Boat in Harbour

Two foreigners, Captain W. E. Kirby, Secretary of the China Coast Officers Guild, a former Shanghai resident, and Mr. H. da Luz, Secretary of the Hongkong, Canton and Macao S.B. Company, had an exciting experience when the motorboat in which they were passengers caught fire in the harbour this morning, stated the "China Mail" of April 24.

Captain Kirby and Mr. da Luz had hired the motorboat, the "Lee Hang," at Queen's Pier, and were proceeding to the ss. Sui Tai when the engine broke down about 100 yards off shore.

While the crew were tinkering with it, the engine burst into flames.

The two foreigners aided the crew and after a hard fight the fire was extinguished.

Captain Kirby and Mr. da Luz transferred to one of several motorboats which had dashed to the rescue, and the damaged craft was towed back to Queen's Pier.

Miss Ja-ching Lee, Chinese airwoman touring the United States on behalf of Chinese sufferers from the Japanese invasion of China, was presented to the Governor of California, Mr. Culbert Olson, by a delegation of Prominent Chinese in Sacramento on Monday.

Spanish Community Holds Reception

Meeting at Church and Italian Club Yesterday

To celebrate Gen. Franco's final victories and the liberation of Spain, a considerable portion of Shanghai's Spanish community gathered at the Church of Christ, 235 Rue Bourgeat, at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. After Mass had been said by Father Mayoral, the Rev. Father Crubias delivered a short sermon in which he gave thanks for Gen. Franco's successful campaign and expressed the belief that conditions in Spain will be much improved. A Te Deum, sung by Father Cy Sierra, concluded the ceremony.

Members of the local Spanish Falangi, an organization pledged to the support of Gen. Franco, then proceeded to the Italian Club at 285 Rue Maresca, where, dressed in organization's official uniforms of red and blue, they received members of the Spanish community.

When Mr. C. Rubio, local chief of the Spanish Falangi arrived at the club accompanied by leaders of the ceremony which took place at the church, the 39 members of the organization stood at attention at the entrance to the club and gave the Fascist salute. The Spanish national anthem was then played, after which a general reception took place.

Although the Falangi has existed unofficially for the last seven months, a member told a "North-China Daily News" reporter that yesterday marked the organization's official entrance into Shanghai society. May 2 was chosen as a suitable date for the occasion as it is the anniversary of Spain's liberation from the rule of Napoleon.

U.S. Not Satisfied With Copy of Speech

Reply to President's Note Wanted in Formal Message

Washington, May 1.

Mr. Cordell Hull, the Secretary of State, indicated today that the mere handing of a copy of Herr Hitler's Reichstag speech to the United States Embassy in Berlin "will not be considered as constituting a reply to President Roosevelt's peace message."

He added that the German Foreign Office had sent a copy of the speech to the Embassy, and had then telephoned stating that it was a reply to the President.

Mr. Hull also stated that he expected to receive from Rumania within the next few days a proposal for a settlement of her war debts to the United States.—Reuter.

Gold Price Soars In Shanghai

Chinese Bankers Watching New Hua Hsing Commercial Bank Carefully

The fall in price of the federal notes issued by the provisional regime in Peiping, coupled with the announcement that the newly established Hua Hsing Commercial Bank in Hongkew will issue notes, has caused another great confusion in the gold market in Shanghai, the price of the metal being increased suddenly to $2,140 for 10 ounces showing an increase of $.50 as compared with the figure quoted last week.

Informed quarters believe that if the present purchasing activities indulged in by the local wealthy people, especially those representing financial interests in the north, are not stopped by a change of the financial situation for the better, the price of gold will surpass the unprecedented mark of $2,200 which price was once quoted on March 4.

Interviewed yesterday, a Chinese banker stated that the Shanghai Bankers Association was adopting a watchful attitude towards the new bank in Hongkew but declined to make comment. The formation of a counter policy will have to be awaited for the statements issued in connection with the founding of the new institution have not yet been transformed into facts.

Chinese press reports indicate that the notes to be issued by the new bank will not affect the legal tender notes issued by the National Government and even the order issued by the Finance Minister of the "Reformed Government" at Nanking states that the new notes will be circulated together with the National Government legal tender notes referred to as the "old legal tender notes." Any one refusing to use the new notes will be punished according to the "Regulations Governing the Punishment of Disturbers of Finance During the Extraordinary Period," according to the order. It is clearly stated, however, that the new notes will not be used in paying Customs duties.

The opinion expressed in local Chinese financial circles that the new bank will buy gold as reserve for its new notes is responsible for the increase of price of gold here. Merchants having business connections in North China and even former government bond speculators have been greatly interested in buying gold as an echo of the rise of price of the same metal in Tientsin. The market opened with the price fixed at $2,077 but big purchases caused the price to soar quickly. On Monday alone more than 1,300 ounces of metal were handled.

Envoy Seeks Release Of British Ship

Vessel Held by Japanese Off Canton

Tokyo, May 2.

Representations, aiming at the release of a British vessel being detained by the Japanese Navy off Canton on charges of smuggling arms and ammunition, were filed with Mr. Renzo Sawada, Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs, by Sir Robert Craigie, British Ambassador, when he called at the Foreign Office at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

Sir Robert is also understood to have sought information regarding the Hua Hsing Commercial Bank, established under Sino-Japanese auspices in Shanghai yesterday as the sole bank of issue chartered by the "Reformed Government" in Nanking.—Domei.

Two Pseudo Detectives Sentenced

Year's Goal for Posing as Japanese Officials

Charged with extortion in which the accused posed as detectives attached to the Japanese gendarmerie in Hongkew, Tseng Yoh-zung and Zee Yung-fah were each sentenced to one year's imprisonment yesterday by the First Special District Court.

Police evidence was that the pair went to a transportation company housed in the San Tai Hotel, Kiukiang Road, last week and by posing as Japanese gendarmerie detectives they demanded a search for counterfeit military passes which they alleged had been sold by the company. Assistants of the company were frightened and while no fake permits were discovered the accused left with $10 which they found in a drawer, stating that they would return again.

Suspecting the authority of the two self-styled detectives, the management of the hotel had them arrested the next day when they visited the hotel again for the purpose of extorting more money. Investigations made by the Settlement police later revealed that the first accused was once employed by the Japanese gendarmes as an informer but that he was dismissed in March. Japanese authorities were also looking for him as he had failed to turn in his military pass.

Nordic Associations Hold Ball

Last Friday the Nordic Associations in China held their annual ball at the Cercle Sportif Français. Among those present were the Chargé d'Affaires for Norway, Mr. T. Knudtzon, the Chargé d'Affaires for Finland, Mr. T. Kala, the Chargé d'Affaires for Sweden, Mr. K. E. A. Kronvall and Mrs. Kronvall, and the Chargé d'Affaires for Denmark, Mr. P. Scheel. The guests were received by the President of the Norwegian Association, Mr. C. Aall, supported by the presidents of the Finnish, Swedish and Danish Associations.

During the dinner Mr. Aall welcomed the guests in a short speech and Mr. Knudtzon spoke on the ties of brotherhood and spirit of friendliness between the peoples of the North. A speech for the ladies delivered by Mr. Kala was ably responded to by Miss E. B. Bergqvist. Mr. Scheel then thanked the committee for organizing the ball, which was a greater success than usual.

The May issue of "Spotlite," Shanghai's new pictorial magazine, which contains considerable material of popular interest, carries a leading article on pony racing illustrated with a number of photographs showing various phases of this popular sport. Other articles which should be of special interest to local readers deal with charitable institutions in Shanghai, the advent of swing, and a pictorial review of the recent fun fair held by the East Surrey Regiment.

Joint Arab Scheme For Palestine

British Cabinet Give Close Study to Plan For Solving Unrest

London, May 1.

It is understood that the British Cabinet at a special meeting which began at 11 a.m. and concluded at 1.30 p.m., this morning studied definite proposals for a settlement of the Palestine problem, drawn up at a final meeting last night by representatives of the Palestinian Arabs, and of the Arab States, joined for the first time by the Indian Moslems.

The proposed settlement, handed to the British Embassy in Cairo, includes the following four points:—

1. When order and normality has been restored, a National Government, with Palestine ministers, assisted by British advisers, shall be formed; high posts, when possible, shall be filled by qualified natives.

2. Jewish emigration shall be limited to a further 75,000, including recent illegal immigrants, over a five-year period, the Jewish population ultimately not to exceed a third of the total population.

3. The sale of land to Jews to be subject to conditions agreed upon by the proposed National Government and the High Commissioner.

4. A National Assembly, representative of the entire population, to be convened after three years to examine the situation, and draft a Constitution.

While it is understood that these new suggestions were considered by the Cabinet this morning, it is learned that the Cabinet's decision is not likely to be announced before the publication of a White Paper embodying the Government's proposals for a settlement of the Palestine problem.

Well-informed quarters in London believe that if the proposals are accepted, representatives of the Arab States will suggest to the Palestine Arab leaders that the campaign of terrorism in Palestine should immediately cease, and that the British plan be accepted.

It is believed that if this course is followed, the Arabs will immediately ask to be allowed to assume a share in the administration of Palestine and to be given responsible Government posts.—Reuter.

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Mr. M. Tanaka informs the public that he has returned from Japan and is now ready to take up his work as English/Japanese translator, interpreter, negotiator and publicity agent. He wishes to thank clients who sent in orders during his absence. For any business intercourse with the Japanese please consult Mr. Tanaka, 1151 North Szechuen Road (Kung Yik Fong), Telephone 46522.

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New Regulations Issued for Entry Into Japan

Designed for All Foreigners Visiting Country Or Living There ; Registration with Governors

Tokyo, May 2.

ADDRESSING the Conference of Provincial Governors today, Mr. Hachiro Arita, the Foreign Minister, deferred his review of Japan's diplomatic relations to another occasion and, instead, dwelt on the new regulations enforced on May 1, regarding foreigners entering, staying in or leaving Japan.

Pointing out that Japan's immigration law, enacted in 1918, stood in need of revision owing to a change in circumstances, Mr. Arita said that the new regulations had been drafted after a study of the immigration laws of various countries. They were designed to apply not only to foreigners entering Japan, but also those staying in or leaving Japan.

In enforcing the new regulations, Mr. Arita continued, he hoped the Provincial Governors would try not to cause misunderstanding among foreigners, but instead seek their effective co-operation, "with a view to contributing to the maintenance of peace and order by preventing Comintern activities and espionage."—Reuter.

The text of the regulations, issued by the Japanese Consulate-General yesterday, follows:—

1. In this Ordinance, a sojourn of not less than 15 days shall be regarded as "entry" and that of not more than 15 days as "transit", irrespective of the purpose of coming to Japan.

2. A person who comes under any one of the following paragraphs shall not be granted entry or transit.

a. A person who does not possess a passport or a certificate of nationality or a certificate substitute for either of the above.

b. A person who is likely to act against the interest of Japan or for the benefit of a country hostile to Japan.

c. A person who is likely to disturb public peace or desecrate public morals.

d. A person who is suffering from a contagious disease or any other disease dangerous to public health.

e. A person who is suffering from mental derangement or mental weakness, or who is destitute or any other person who is likely to require relief.

f. A person who violated (6) mentioned later.

Passport Defined

3. The passport, certificate of nationality, or other certificate substituted for either of the above two shall mean only a document which, with a photograph of the bearer attached thereto, is issued by the authorities of the bearer's country or of the country specified in accordance with international usage and visaed by the diplomatic or consular official of Japan within one year prior to the arrival of the bearer in Japan, or a certificate of passage issued by the above-mentioned Japanese official.

4. Paragraph (a) of 2. may not be applied to the national of a country which exempts the Japanese subject from the necessity of presenting the passport, or the certificate of nationality, or the certificate substituted for either of the above two, while the stipulation concerning visa set forth under 3, may not be applied to the national of a country which does not require the Japanese subject to have his or her passport, or certificate of nationality, or certificate substituted for either of the above two, visaed by its authorities.

5. A foreigner coming to Japan shall not be allowed entry or transit before he or she is examined by the police at the port of call, including the airfield.

6. When examined by the police as mentioned under (5), the foreigner shall enter the required facts in the formulated declaration and affix his or her signature thereto, and show his or her passport or other certificate if demanded by the police, and answer truthfully to the question on necessary matters.

7. The prefectural governor concerned may allow entry or transit to a foreigner who does not possess the passport or other certificate, if the former deems that there is reasonable cause for not possessing.

8. A foreigner in transit through Japan shall not stay more than 15 days.

Applications Necessary

9. A foreigner who wishes to stay in Japan not less than 30 days shall apply to the prefectural governor of the place of landing or of the place of the present sojourn for permit of sojourn within 10 days after his or her landing.

10. A foreigner who wishes to remain in Japan after the expiration of the term of sojourn shall apply to the prefectural governor of the place of residence or sojourn for the permit of the extension of the term of sojourn not later than 10 days prior to the expiration of the term of sojourn.

The term of the permit of sojourn and the permit of the extension of sojourn shall not exceed one year.

11. A foreigner who wishes to stay in Japan not less than 60 days shall submit the formulated report of residence to the chief of the local police station within 50 days after his or her landing. The above shall not be applied to a person who is not older than 15 years of age.

If any change occurs to the particulars stated in the report of residence, it shall be reported to the chief of the local police station within 10 days after the change. If a person removes his or her residence, he or she shall report it to the chief of the police station of the place where the person removed to within 10 days after the removal.

12. A foreigner who intends to leave Japan after having stayed in Japan not less than 60 days shall report in advance to the chief of the police station of the place of residence.

(a) Entry Yen 20 (Reference 7).
(b) Transit Yen 10 (Reference 7).
(c) Permit of Sojourn Yen 10 (Reference 9).
(d) Permit of the extension of the Term of Sojourn (Reference 10).

The fees (c) and (d) shall not be imposed upon the national of a country which exempts the Japanese subject from such fees.

The fees (a), (b), (c), and (d) shall not be imposed upon a person not older than 15 years of age, or upon a person who is specially granted entry or transit on account of a natural calamity or other inevitable circumstances.

German-Hungarian Amity Stressed

Statesmen Exchange Toasts in Praise of Axis Collaboration

Berlin, May 1.

"The German people and the chivalrous Hungarian nation are linked together by bonds of old and true friendship," Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop, Reich's Foreign Minister, declared at a dinner last night in honour of the visiting Hungarian statesmen, the Premier, Count Paul Teleki, and the Foreign Minister, Count Stephen Csaky.

"The German people welcome you with warm sympathy," Herr von Ribbentrop added in his toast after the banquet. "The past few years and recent events have reaffirmed our proven friendship. I think with especial satisfaction of the return of those territories which were torn from Hungary in contravention of all her rights. These facts, together with the adherence of Hungary to the Anti-Comintern Pact, have created new bonds with Germany and her friendly nations.

"Our collaboration rests on the base of reciprocal and unshakable confidence and will become always more productive in the interests of our two people and, in close relationship with friendly Italy, will be a guarantee of peace," Herr von Ribbentrop concluded.

Hungarian Admiration

Count Paul Teleki replied with warm thanks for these words of friendship. He emphasized his joy at being able to express the sympathy and respect of the Hungarian people for the "great and powerful German people."

"Friendship between our two peoples is deeply rooted; it was always a decisive element in the millenary existence of our State.

"Hungary's friendship for the German people has been strengthened, through the events of recent times, by a feeling of sincere gratitude for it was with the co-operation and aid of our friends, united in the Berlin-Rome axis, that we recovered territories of our old Hungary. The Hungarian Government is firmly resolved to continue this policy of confident union with the Axis Powers and wishes to work like all those who are moved by the same peaceful and friendly sentiments," Count Teleki said in his brief speech.—Havas.

Women's Friendship Club Formed

Japanese Take Lead in New Association

Tokyo, May 2.

Aimed at the cultivation of friendship among the women of Japan, Manchoukuo and China, and the promotion of philanthropic projects on the continent, the East Asia Good Neighbour Women's Association was formally organized at the Tokyo Kaikan, it was announced yesterday.

The association will shortly launch an ambitious educational programme among young men and women, boys and girls in China and Manchoukuo. Medical and relief work among the Chinese poor will be undertaken.

Mrs. Yutaka Matsudaira, Chairman of the Japanese Women's Overseas Association and a leading member of various women's societies, and several other prominent society women are active supporters of the new organization.

Young "war widows" will be urged to join the association.—Domei.

"Red Army Prepared to Fight Big War"

Crack Troops Mass in Red Square for May Day Show

Moscow, May 1.

"The Red Army is prepared to fight a big war," declared Marshal Klementi Voroshiloff, the Commissar for War, addressing a big gathering of crack troops drawn up in the Red Square during the May Day celebrations here today.

A million and a half troops and civilians were reviewed by M. Joseph Stalin.

Hundreds of tanks, heavy artillery and anti-aircraft batteries participating in the review crossed the Red Square at high speed, while 700 bombers roared over-head.

The parade of civilians was characterized by the absence of any bellicose slogans, and lacked the customary caricatures of Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the British Prime Minister.—Reuter.

Japanese Army Chiefs Study Europe's Crisis

Tokyo, May 2.

Recent developments in Europe were discussed at the opening session of the Japanese Army General Staff conference which got under way at 9 o'clock this morning. Field-Marshal Prince Kotohito Kanin, Chief of the Army General Staff, addressed the conference.—Domei.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Wedding of Mr. Frank Burrell and Miss Molly Parsons

Yesterday afternoon, the wedding took place at Holy Trinity Cathedral of Mr. Frank Burrell and Miss Molly Parsons, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Parsons of Shanghai. The matron of honour was Mrs. J. Pullen and the bridesmaids were Miss Betty Parsons and Miss Brendon Parsons (sisters of the bride). Mr. L. A. Whipps was best man, and the ushers were Mr. R. A. Joscelyne, Mr. J. Robertson, Mr. E. B. S. Creasy and Mr. J. L. R. Mair.

OBITUARY

Mrs. A. MacGregor

The report, delayed in transit, has been received of the death on March 22 at the age of 80 years, of Mrs. A. MacGregor, in Kuling. Due to the active hostilities in that area, culminating in the fall of Kuling, to the Japanese forces on April 14, no direct word had been obtainable, but the message has been confirmed by the Japanese Military Authorities in Kiukiang.

Mrs. MacGregor, after hospital and social service training, came to China in 1886 and worked for several years in Kiangsi, being often the first white woman to have set foot in the districts visited and the first to introduce Western methods of healing.

In 1891 she married Roderick MacGregor, of the Imperial Maritime Customs, and lived successively in North, Central and Southern China. Always intrepid of spirit, she was one of the first to build a cottage in Kuling when it was opened in 1896 by Mr. E. S. Little. Here she took her young family yearly to preserve them from the torrid heat and disease of the Middle Yangtze Valley, and here she prepared to guard them, single-handed, through the Boxer outbreak of 1900.

Since 1906 Mrs. MacGregor has made her home in Shanghai. In 1911, on the downfall of the Manchu regime, there was severe fighting in this area and she volunteered as nurse for some months in the Chinese Red Cross Hospital. In 1917 Mrs. MacGregor went to England to be with her two war-widowed daughters, travelling via Siberia on the eve of the Russian Revolution. On her return to China she worked actively on the Hospital Aid Committee of the B.W.A. until failing health limited her powers.

Spending summer yearly in Kuling, Mrs. MacGregor was unable to return to Shanghai on the outbreak of hostilities in 1937 and the closing of the Yangtze, her frail health making the devious route via Canton inadvisable. But her spirit remained indomitable and she continued to work for the refugees and to make dressings for the wounded, both in Kuling and at Hankow where she was taken for medical treatment. Since the summer of 1938 she has remained in Kuling with her eldest daughter, Mrs. H. A. Cornaby, using her last strength for the wounded and distressed.

Mrs. MacGregor's sympathies were catholic, practical preventative action winning her approval, and the Social Service Section of the B.W.A., the Door of Hope, the Blind School and the S.S.P.C.A. were some of the charities that had her regular support.

Besides Mrs. Cornaby in Kuling, Mrs. MacGregor is survived by three other daughters—Mrs. A. L. Buckley in London, Mrs. Cecil Claxton in Vancouver and Miss F. MacGregor in Shanghai, and two granddaughters and a grandson.

Prompt Action Prevents Conflagration

Sugar, Tea Hong Scene Of Evening Fire

A fire which broke out in the premises of a tea and sugar hong situated at 42 Rue Takou, shortly after 7.30 p.m. last night, threatened to take serious proportions, as that it had taken a firm hold in a large cargo stored on the premises, and it was only thanks to the prompt and efficient intervention on the part of Concession fire-fighters, that a major conflagration was prevented.

The actual battle against the flames made it necessary for the firemen to surmount a number of obstacles, in that the means of access to the actual blaze was rather difficult and the flames had to be fought from two separate points. Whilst a number of hoses were laid on from Rue Takou, another group of firemen entered through an alleyway off a side-street and the combined efforts of these two groups had eight big nozzles in action within a very short time after the arrival of the machines. Another obstacle that had to be surmounted was the distance over which hose had to be laid, there being no hydrant in the immediate vicinity of the building.

The blaze was declared under control shortly after 8 p.m. and, whilst fortunately there were no injured, the material damage caused by the outbreak was believed to be considerable, a cargo of wall-nuts and sugar having been partially destroyed.

The German Consul General in Tunis, Herr Marschall von Biberstein, and his wife were fatally injured in a motor car accident which occurred on Monday night. The car in which the Consul General and his wife were driving, collided with another car about ten kilometres outside Tunis. The Consul General and his wife were conveyed in a grave condition to a hospital where they succumbed to their injuries a few hours later. A servant who was also in the car escaped with slight injuries.

The British Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, has agreed to accept an honorary degree from the University of Strasbourg. The honour will be conferred on the British Premier on November 22, at the beginning of the next winter semester.

British Gunboats Due From Hankow

H.M.S. Scorpion, flying the flag of Rear-Admiral R. V. Holt, and H.M.S. Cricket are expected to arrive in Shanghai at about noon today from Hankow. Both vessels are bringing parties of foreigners from the Wuhan port.

American Artistes Spend Day Here

Mr. and Mrs. W. Keighley Take in Sights of Shanghai; Due in New York July 20

Miss Genevieve Tobin, Hollywood film star and her director husband, Mr. William Keighley, arrived in Shanghai at noon yesterday in the Canadian Pacific Empress of Japan and they will leave the city today when she sails for Hongkong.

The couple, who are on a honeymoon trip, were conveyed to the Park Hotel soon after landing and they had tiffin there before going on a sightseeing trip round Chapei in the afternoon. At 5 p.m. the couple held a reception at the hotel for the press.

In the evening Mr. and Mrs. Keighley visited several Shanghai cabarets, including the Lido and the Metropole Gardens, proceeding from there directly to the Empress of Japan which was due to sail at 6 a.m. this morning.

Hollywood "Ace" Director

Mr. Keighley, who is rated as one of Hollywood's "ace" directors, firmly established himself with representatives of the press at the reception tendered him yesterday by the local offices of Warner Bros. in the Park Hotel. Even from a short conversation, it seemed that Mr. Keighley had a broad view on human relations, which fact is generally considered the paramount factor in any director's success.

Mr. Keighley, although born in America, is of English parentage, pointed out that his name in Yorkshire is pronounced "Keithley."

Questioned on the efforts of rival studios and the activities of their stars, he gave a free an unbiassed opinion, complimenting at times and repressing with a smile his natural bent when an interrogater's questions seemed not in keeping with ethical relations. To him Miss Margaret Sullivan stood supreme among the Hollywood roster of actresses, admitting that it was a case of personal prejudice, but granted that Miss Bette Davis, a Warner Bros. star and winner of the Academy Award, stood out among the dramatic players.

"Too Much Propaganda"

Many of the masculine players were handicapped by studios forcing on them roles entirely unsuited to their talents, suggesting Robert Taylor for an example. Edward G. Robinson and Paul Muni were fixtures with the American public, but cited Spencer Tracy, again from a personal point of view with his "Boys' Town," this year's Academy prize-winner, he was quite in agreement—Mr. Tracy's Manuelo (Captains Courageous", also an Award two years ago, could not come into the same class. In that film the star mingled Irish, Portuguese and a variety of shadings.

To him, other than French films, the majority of the foreign product usually included, at least in part, too much propaganda. British pictures were improving, he said, and much could be expected from them.

Miss Genevieve Tobin, favourite for many years on the screen, has retired from active work, being on her honeymoon, and cheerfully allowed her husband to monopolize the conversation. Miss Tobin is playing in "Yes, My Darling Daughter," coming next week to the Cathay, which Mr. Keighley directed.

Mr. Keighley sincerely hoped that the studio would not forward any scenario while he was on his trip, for he would not consider going blindly into any subject on his return—the couple will leave Italy early in July and will arrive in New York about July 20.

WEDDING

Burrell-Parsons

The wedding took place yesterday afternoon at Holy Trinity Cathedral of Mr. Frank Burrell, elder son of Mr. M. Burrell, of London, and the late Mrs. Burrell, and Miss Molly Parsons, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Parsons of Shanghai. Dean Trivett officiated.

The Cathedral was beautifully decorated for the occasion with masses of white may interspersed with arum lilies and white hydrangeas. Arum lilies were used upon the altar.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a dress of white meché albène over a foundation of taffeta, cut on classical lines, the long tight-fitting sleeves coming down over the hands, the bodice softly draped, and the skirt falling from a high waistline in folds which swept into a graceful train. A tiara of orange blossoms held in place her long full veil of Limerick lace which was over one hundred years old and was worn by her great-grandmother. Her flowers were a sheaf of Madonna lilies.

The matron of honour was Mrs. J. Pullen, and the two bridesmaids were Miss Betty Parsons and Miss Brendon Parsons (twin sisters of the bride). They wore dresses of apple-green filmy lace made on princess lines with small puffed sleeves, the heart-shaped necklines outlined with matching organdie scallops which were carried out again at the hems of the long wide skirts. Their green net shoulder-length veils were caught to the head with sprays of African daisies, and they carried bouquets of African daisies.

Mr. L. A. Whipps was best man, and the ushers were Mr. R. A. Joscelyne, Mr. J. Robertson, Mr. E. B. S. Creasy and Mr. J. L. R. Mair.

The bride's mother wore a gown of pale grey silk marocain made with a floor length skirt and the low V-neck of the bodice softened by folds of pale pink georgette. Pink ribbon added the same touch of colour to her straw hat, and her bouquet was of pink roses.

After the ceremony a reception was held at 270 Kinnear Road, the residence of the bride's parents. As the weather was so beautiful the reception took place in the garden, the bride and bridegroom receiving congratulations in the shade of a big tree from the branches of which hung a flower-decked silver bell.

The bride went away in a linen costume of soft pink, the lapels embroidered in white flowers. The honeymoon will be spent in Hongkong.

Three hundred Italian families, residing in France and comprising about 1,300 persons, arrived on Monday at Ventimiglia, on the Italian-French frontier near Nice, on their return to their native country. They were officially welcomed by representatives of the Fascist Party.

Queen Sings "Lambeth Walk," Cries "Oi"

Musical Comedy Actor Received by King

London, May 1.

The King and Queen paid a surprise visit to the 852nd performance of the musical comedy, "Lambeth Walk," at the Victoria Palace Theatre and joined the audience in singing the popular tilting tune tonight.

Queen Elizabeth not only sang the "Lambeth Walk," but surprised all by flicking her thumbs over her shoulders in approved "Coster" fashion and yelling "Oi."

The King saw the star of show, Mr. Lupino Lane, famous British comedian and veteran of the stage. The King told Mr. Lane that he would in future dance the "Lambeth Walk" like him instead of the usual style in vogue in the ballroom.—United Press.

Expulsion of Germans From England

Berlin, May 2.

The action of the British authorities in expelling nine Germans from England, including Herr Karlowa, leader of the National Socialist Party in the United Kingdom, is declared by the "Voelkischer Beobachter," official National Socialist organ, to be entirely unjustified.

Herr Karlowa and his collaborator, Herr Himmelman, also Fraulein Wolf, leader of the National Socialist women, were compelled to leave England on April 30. Six others, including the correspondent of the "Essener National Zeitung," Dr. Roesel; the leader in London of the Labour Front, Herr Frauendorfer, and the leader of the Seamen's Commission in London, Captain Jaeger, have been ordered to leave the country by May 15.—Trans-Ocean.

Bridge at Sinyang Now Repaired

Traffic Possible Along Pinghan Line

Sinyang, May 2.

Following strenuous reconstruction efforts of Japanese engineers carried on since February 17 the 300-metre iron bridge on the Pinghan Railway over the Shih River four kilometres south of Sinyang has been reopened to traffic. The repair work was completed on April 24 and the first train passed north over the bridge on April 30.

The train, carrying Japanese army representatives from Hankow, left that city in the morning and arrived at the south end of the bridge at 4.50 o'clock. After a ceremony to celebrate the reopening of the bridge the train continued its journey and arrived at the Sinyang station at 8.05 p.m.

The bridge repairs marked the completion of reconstruction work on the southern section of the railway for 240 kilometres between Hankow and Sinyang. Shortage of materials and guerilla attacks hampered the bridge work.—Domei.

After a hearing lasting for but twenty minutes, Mrs. Beery was granted a divorce from her husband, Wallace Beery, the famous film actor, in Carson City, Nevada.

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WALLY VERNON · RUTH TERRY
DOUGLAS FOWLEY · EDDIE COLLINS
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COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank

TUESDAY, MAY 2, 1939

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 8 3/32 ..... $ 29.20
U.S. $100 @ 16 ..... $625.00

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 8 5/32 ..... $ 29.87
U.S. $100 @ 13¼ $615.36
London—demand 8 5/16
4 months' sight credits 8 1/4
4 months' sight docts 8 3/32
6 months' sight credits 8 3/32
6 months' sight docts 8 7/16
New York—demand ..... U.S. $16 1/4
4 months' sight credits 16¼
4 months' sight docts 16 3/8
Paris—4 months' sight docts Fcs. 626

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling ..... 8¼ U.S. $16 1/32
Hongkong/London 1/2 29/32

Chartered Bank

Canadian $100 @ 15 13/32 ..... $627.45
Hongkong $55⅜ $100.00

Netherlands Trading Society

Netherlands Guilders .....Buying 30 3/8
Java Guilders ..... " 30 3/8
Netherlands Guilders .....Selling 29 7/8
Java Guilders ..... " 29 7/8

American Express Co., Inc.

Buying U.S.$100=$617.76 £1=$28.872
Selling U.S.$100=$625.00 £1=$29.201

Banque Belge Pour L'Etrange.

Belgas 0.94=$1 Belgas 27.40=£1

Italian Bank for China

It. Lire 3.01=$1 Swiss Frs. 0.71¼=$1
Tourist Lire 3.32 .....$1

Other Quotations

Berlin/Hamburg T.T. $100=Rm. 40.00
$100=Reg. Mk. 81.00
incl. License fee

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTERBANK CASH DELIVERY

	Highest	Lowest
£	8¼	8¼
U.S. G.$	16 1/16	16 1/16
Yen	—	—

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

	SELLING	BUYING
Cash		May
£ T.T.	8 1/32	4 m/s. l.c. 8 1/16
G.$ T.T.	16	4 m/s. l.c. 16 1/16
Fcs. T.T.	605	4 m/s. 616
Rs. T.T.	45 5/16	15 d/s. 46 1/8

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	20 3/16	20
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	42¾	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	52.15	—

Bombay offtake 70 bars.

London silver was 1/16 up both ready and forward, being 20 3/16 for ready and 20.- forward. New York was unchanged at 42¾ and Bombay was 1 anna up at 52.15.

It was reported there was occasional Indian and speculative demand. Offerings were small. Market quietly steady. After the official fixing the market ruled steady, with India a small buyer at the fixed rate.

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 8 3/32 sterling and 16 U.S.$.

The Interbank market was again very unsettled and there was considerable nervousness resulting in a further decline in the forward rates. At the close there were sellers at:—

8¼	sterling	16 1/16 U.S.$	Cash
8 1/16	"	15 13/32 "	May
8 3/32	"	15 13/32 "	June
8 3/32	"	15 5/16 "	July

Foreign Exchanges

Bombay Rupee T. T. on: May 1.

Japan	78½	London	1/5 31/64
New York	266⅜	2 mths	
Shanghai	48	(sellers)	1/5 1/16
Hongkong	84¼	" (buyers)	1/5 3/32

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	468.12	Berne	20.85½
Paris	176.68	Shanghai	8 1/32 d N
Berlin	11.66	Bombay	1/5 31/32
Amsterdam	8.77¾	Hongkong	1/2 5/32
Brussels	27.49	Singapore	2/3 1/8
Madrid	42.25	Yokohama	1/2
Milan	88.97	" (Buying)	Unq.

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Berlin	40.13½	Japan	27.32
Spain	Unq.	Shanghai	16.21
Holland	53.35	Austria	Unq.
Paris	2.65	C'slovakia	Unq.
Brussels	17.02	Hungary	19.75
Italy	5.26¼	Rumania	0.72½
S'zerland	23.46	Yugo Slavia	2.30
Sweden	24.12	Greece	0.85⅞
Norway	23.52½	Bulgaria	1.20
Denmark	20.90	Finland	2.06¾
Montreal	99.545	Poland	18.82
Brazil	5.50		
London			4.68 3/16
" Demand			4.68 1/16
" Bankers' 60 days bills			4.67 5/16
" Commercial 60 days bills			4.67 3/16
Buenos Aires Paper			29.04
Buenos Aires Paper, market rate			23.15
Montreal on London			4.70 3/8

—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London: May 1.

Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	1¼%
Bank Bills,	6 months	2%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	3¼%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	3¾%
Call Money		0½%

New York:

Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0 1/32%B 0 1/16%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0 1/16%B 0 1/32%A
Call Money	1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

British Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, May 1.

Among commodities, jute was strong in response to higher Calcutta advices, where the drought continues and speculative selling has ceased. Sugar presented a firm and active appearance on a good covering demand. Sellers were reserved.

London Rubber: Spot buyers 7 7/8 —1/16; sellers 8 unc; June del. buyers 7 13/16; sellers 8.

Liverpool Wheat: (N.C.) May 4/3 +⅝; July 4/5¼ +11/16; Oct. 4/7⅜ +1/2.

Liverpool Cotton: Amer. Futures: May 4.70 +6; July 4.47 +4; Sept. 4.24 +2; Oct. 4.21 +1; Egyptian Futures (Giza, F.G.F. No. 7) No. Contract; May 6.18 —1; July 6.32 —1; Sept. 6.32 —1; Oct. 6.45 +1.

London Sugar (Buyers): May 8/0¾ +2¾; Aug. 7/8¾ +2¼; Dec. 6/7¾ +1¾.

London Metals: Copper, Stan. Cash sellers £41 1/8 —1/2; 3 mths del. sellers £42 1/4 —1/2; Electrolytic buyers £47¾ —¾; sellers £48¾ —¼; Tin, Stan. cash sellers £225½ +1½; 3 mths del. sellers £223¼ +1¾; Lead, foreign, official price, sellers £14 1/2 —1/16; 3 mths del. sellers £14 1/8 —1/2; Spelter, Ordinary, official price, sellers £13 5/8 —1/4; 3 mths del. sellers £12 7/8 +1/16—Reuter.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

Generally firm conditions prevailed but there were no startling price changes as profit taking sales offset new buying. Ewos were again dealt in largely, closing with business done at $48.80. New Engines were firm at $7.15 and Wheelocks at $35.75 whilst Trams and Waterworks were in demand with sellers inclined to hold back. Explorations were on offer at $7.65 and Loans changed hands at $5.65.

The Debenture market was a fraction easier.

Rubber shares were more in demand as is often the case when reports circulate that the value of the Shanghai dollar is once again in question. The news of the opening of the "Reformed" Government Bank is doubtless responsible for the rumours. Raw Rubber stocks in the U.K. declined 736 tons on the week to a figure of 68.530 tons.

Official Averages

1939 High	1939 Low		Today's Averages	Changes
156.18	105.32	General	139.27	+0.30
152.40	93.55	Rubbers	138.63	+0.33

Total 59,489 shares, 686 bonds.

Morning Session

$31,000	S'hai Power 5½% Debs.	$ 89.50
$5,000	S. W. W. 6% Debs.	& 98.00
$30,000	S'hai Tele. 6% Debs.	$ 96.00
10,000	Senawang	0.86
25,000	Kroewoek	1.13
100	Wheelock	35.50
600	Kaiping	26.00
3,000	Ewo Mills (Ord)	18.90
100	Central Prop.	14.50
50	S. W. "A" £20	625.00
148	S'hai Power (Pref)	127.25
300	Wheelock	35.50
100	Wheelock	35.75
1,500	S'hai Loan	5.65
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	18.80
6,000	Ewo Mills (Ord)	18.90
3,000	New Eng. (Ord)	7.10
100	Wheelock	35.75
1,000	S. W. W. Fittings	1.25
50	S'hai Dock	101.00
200	Wheelock	36.00
50	S. W. W. "A" £20	627.50
50	S'hai Dock	101.50
1,500	New Eng. (Ord)	7.15
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	£83/-/-
5	H. & S. Bank	$ 25.25
100	Kaiping	18.80
1,600	Ewo Mills (Ord)	

ODD LOTS

$100	S'hai Power 5½% Debs.	$ 90.00
300	Senawang	0.85
50	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.00
62	Ewo Mills (Ord)	18.80
100	New Eng. (Ord)	7.05
1	Ewo Mills (Ord)	18.80
100	Exploration	7.60
66	Ewo Mills (Ord)	18.90
100	S'hai Loan	5.70

Afternoon Session

$2,000	S'hai Power 5½% Debs.	$ 90.00
1,000	Exploration	7.65
1,100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	18.80
5	H. & S. Bank	Hk.$1,360.00
500	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 18.80
1,000	I. I. Trust	3.35
5	H. & S. Bank	£83/-/-
10	H. & S. Bank	Hk.$1,360.00*

ODD LOTS

$500	S'hai Power 5½% Debs.	$ 90.00
400	S'hai Land	8.80
37	Ewo Mills (Ord)	18.70

*—Outport Business.

London Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, May 1.

The prevailing international nervousness was responsible for the dull start on the Stock Exchange today. Prices in most groups drifted lower, though at the close a steadier tendency was occasionally noted.

British gilt-edged securities ruled easier, while Kaffirs were early depressed on Cape selling, but finally ruled steadier. Industrials mainly showed a lower tendency.—Reuter.

	Apr. 28	May 1
War Loan 3½% (Red.)	£91⅜	91

JAPANESE BONDS

Japan 5% Stg. Loan, 1907	35	35
Japan 6% Stg. Loan, 1924	41	41
	Osaka, May 2.	
Kogo 5%		Y.103.97

—Reuter.

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Allied Ironfounders	18/7½	18/7½
Armstrong Stevens	7/6	7/6
Assoc. & Elec. Indus.	38/1½	37/9
Austin Motors, ord.	30/-	29/9
Bristol Aeroplane	19/6	19/6
British American Tob.	93/9	93/1½
Cable & W., new ord	43	42½
Cammell Laird, ord.	7/6	7/7½
Courtaulds	24/4½	24/1½
Distillers	89/-	88/3
Dunlop Rubber	26/1½	25/-
General Elec. (Eng.)	78/1½	78/1½
Guinness (A) Son & Co.	102/6	102/-
Hawker Siddeley Aircraft	17/9	17/4½
Imp. Chem. Indus.	29/6	29/4½
Imp. Tobacco	124/4½	122/6
Leyland Motors	86/10½	86/3
Marks & Spencer "A" ord.	59	58/7½
Pressed Steel, com.	16/10½	16/7½
Rolls-Royce	102/6	102/6
Smethwick Drop Forgings	15/9	15/9
Tate & Lyle	60/-	59/10½
Turner & Newall	76/6	75/6
United Steel	23/3	23/-
Vickers, ord.	20/-	19/9
Woolworths	59/7½	59/9

MISCELLANEOUS

Anglo Dutch	24/-	23/-
Rubber Pltn. Inv.	25/6	24/9

MINES

Burma Corp.	8/-	8/1½
Commonwealth Min.	1/-	1/-
Marsman Invest.	14/-	14/-
Randfontein Ests.	36/3	35/10½
Sub-Nigel	208/9	208/9
Tanami Gold Min.	3d.	3d.
Western Holdings	11/3	10/9

OILS

Anglo Iranian	82/6	81/3
Burmah	82/6	80/7½
Mexican Eagle	7/6	7/9
Shell Trans. & Trad.	81/10½	81/3

CHINESE EXTERNAL LOANS, ETC.

4½% Gold Loan, 1896	£65	66
5% Gold Bonds, 1925-47	63	63½
4½% Anglo-French Loan	58	58
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	36½	36½
6% Reorg. Loan, 1913	52	51
8% Stg. Notes, 1925	17	17¼
5% Honan Rly., 1905	21	21
5% Hukuang Rly., 1913	20½	22
5% " " (Ger. Is.)	18	20½
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	17¾	18
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	25½	25
6% T'sin-Pukow Rly. B.	17½	18
6% " " G.	17½	18
5% " " (Supl. Loan) B.	17½	18
5% " " (Supl. Loan) G.	17½	18
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly.	19¼	19¼
S'hai Elec. Construction	25/- N	25/- N
S'hai Waterworks "A"	19½ N	19½ N
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	30½	30½
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	7¾	7¾
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	84	84
" " (Col. Reg.)	85	85
Chinese Eng. & Min.	17/-	17/3
Chosen Corp.	6/-	6/-
Pekin Syndicate	2/- N	2/- N
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	16/10½	16/10½

N—Nominal.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

May 2.	a.m. Opening	p.m. Closing
Antamok	.32	.32
Atok	—	.31
Balatoc	9.00	8.60
Batong Buhay	.016	.016
Benguet Consolidated	12.00	11.90
Big Wedge	.26	.26
Coco Grove	.34	.34
Demonstration	.14	.135
I X L	.52	.52
Masbate	.125	.125
North Camarines	.44	.43
Sam Mauricio	1.00	1.02
Surigao Con., Com.	.20	.20
Surigao Con. Voting T.	.19	.195
Suyoc	.16	.15
United Paracale	.58	.58

Turnover Unavailable Pesos.
Shares Index: (Closing prices) Unavailable.—Reuter.

New York Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, May 1.

Very dull conditions prevailed on Wall Street, with most traders showing very little interest, resulting in the general list slipping and finally closing around the day's lows. Though the market presented no particularly significant features, most nibbling was noticeable here and there, particularly in utilities and aviations. The volume of trading was one of the lowest on record for some considerable time, amounting to only 280,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	128.55	127.53	127.83	—0.62
20 Rails	25.73	25.60	25.67	—0.19
15 Utilit.	22.20	22.02	22.09	+0.03
40 Bonds	—	—	87.88	—0.12
11 Commod.	—	—	48.35	+0.45

	Apr. 29	May 1
Adams Express	—	7 5/8
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	16 3/8	16 3/8
Allied Stores	7½	7 3/8
Allis Chalmers	32	31 3/8
Amerada Corp.	61	61
Amer. Can	88	87½
Amer. & For. Power	2 3/8	
" " $7 pfd.	B 14½	B 14 1/8
Amer. Gas & Elec.	33	32½
Amer. Locomotive	17¼	B 16 5/8
Amer. Metal	28	28
Amer. Radiator	11 7/8	11 7/8
Amer. Rolling Mill	14	13¾
Amer. Smelting	40¾	40
Amer. Sugar Refining	19	19
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	157¼	157
Amer. Tobacco "B"	81½	81
Amer. Waterworks	9 1/8	9¼
Anaconda Copper	23 7/8	23 3/8
Atchison, T. & S. Fe	26 5/8	26
Auburn	—	—
Baltimore & Ohio	5¼	5 1/8
Barber Asphalt Corp.	B 12 3/8	12 3/4
Barnsdall Oil Co.	13½	13¼
Bendix Aviation	21	20 7/8
Bethlehem Steel	55¼	53 5/8
Boeing Airplane Co.	21 3/8	21 1/8
Borg Warner	22½	22¼
Briggs Mfg. Co.	19 3/8	19 1/8
Bklyn-Manhattan Trans.	10 5/8	10 7/8
" $6 cum. pfd.	37	37
Can. Pacific Rly.	3 5/8	3 5/8
Case, J.I.	—	—
Celanese Corp.	16	16 3/8
Chase Nat. Bank	B 29¼	B 29½
Chesapeake & Ohio	31½	31 7/8
Chrysler	64¼	64
Columbia Gas & Elec.	6 1/8	6¼
" 6% pfd.	B 83½	84¾
Comi. Credit	42½	42½
Comm. & Southern (ord.)	1 3/8	1 3/8
" $6 cum. pfd.	—	—
Consolid. Edison	29¾	30
Consolid. Oil	7½	7¼
Continental Can	36¼	36¼
Continental Oil	22 5/8	22 1/8
Corn Products	57	B 56¾
Curtiss Wright (com.)	6	5¾
" "A"	25¾	25 1/8
Deere & Co.	17½	17¾
Distillers Corp.	16 7/8	17
Douglas Aircraft	59 3/8	59 3/8
Du Pont de Nemours	140	139¼
Eagle Picher Lead	8 3/8	8¼
Eaton Manufacturing Co.	20	B 19 1/8
Elec. Auto Lite	26 5/8	26
Elec. Bond & Share	7¾	7 5/8
" $5 pfd.	54 3/4	55
" $6 pfd.	65¼	B 64¾
Elec. Pwr. & Lt.	—	24¾
Flintkote	B 18¾	B 18½
Food Machinery Corp.	B 22	B 21¾
Gen. Amer. Trans. Corp.	44	B 43
Gen. Elec.	34	33 7/8
Gen. Motors	41 7/8	41 5/8
Gen. Rly. Signal	15½	B 15 3/8
Glidden Co.	15¼	15 1/8
Goodrich (B.F.)	15 7/8	15¾
" $5 pfd.	—	59¼
Goodyear Tire & Rubber	24 7/8	24¾
Great Nthrn. Iron Ore	B 12 5/8	12 1/2
Great Nthrn. Rly.	19	19¼
Great Western Sugar	—	26¼
Greyhound Corp.	17	17¼
Hecker Products	—	10 3/8
Homestake Min.	64	64
Indus. Rayon	B 19	18¾
Int. Harvester	55	55 1/8
Int. Nickel	45 7/8	45 1/2
Int. Tel. & Tel.	7	6¾
Johns Manville	B 69¾	69
Jones & Laughlin	B 36¾	B 36¾
Kennecott	31¼	31½
Libby-Owens-Ford	41	B 40 1/8
Loew's Inc.	B 39	39¼
Lockheed Aircraft	24 3/8	24 1/2
Manhattan Shirt Co.	—	—
Martin, Glenn L. Co.	33 7/8	34 1/8
McKesson & Robbins	11¼	11¼
Monsanto Chemical	B 92	92 1/8
Montgomery Ward	45	44 3/4
Nat. City Bank	B 22 3/4	B 22 3/4
Nat. Dairy Products	14 1/2	14 3/8
Nat. Distillers	—	24¾
Nat. Gypsum	11	—
Nat. Lead	20	19 7/8
Nat. Power & Lt.	7 3/8	7¼
Nat. Steel Corp.	B 58½	59½
Nat. Supply Co.	—	8 3/8
New York Central	14	13 7/8
Niagara Hudson Power	6 5/8	6¾
North Amer. Aviation	14 5/8	15
North Amer. Co.	21 1/8	20¾
Northern Pacific	8¼	8
Pacific Gas & Elec.	29 5/8	B 29½
Pacific Lighting	45	45
Packard Motors	3½	3 3/8
Paramount Pictures Inc.	8 1/8	7 7/8
Pennsylvania R.R.	17¼	17 1/8
Phelps Dodge	31¾	31 3/4
Phillips Petroleum	34 5/8	34¼
Public Serv. of N.J.	34 1/2	34¼
Pullman, Inc.	26 3/4	25 1/8
Pure Oil	7¾	7 5/8
Radio Corp. of Amer.	6½	6½
Republic Steel Co.	15¼	15 3/8
Reynolds Tobacco "B"	36½	36½
Richfield Oil Corp.	7 5/8	7½
Safeway Stores	33¾	33
Schenley	13¼	13
" 5% pfd.	—	69¾
Sears Roebuck	66½	66 1/8
Seversky Aircraft	3 7/8	4
Shell Union Oil	B 11	11 1/8
Socony-Vacuum	11 7/8	11 5/8
Sthrn. Pacific	12 3/8	12
Sthrn. Rly.	19¾	19 5/8
Sperry Corp.	40 5/8	40¾
Stand. Brands	6 1/8	6
Stand. Gas & Elec.	B 2 5/8	2 7/8
Stand. Oil of Calif.	26 7/8	26 7/8
Stand. Oil of N.J.	45	44 7/8
Stone & Webster	10 1/8	10
Swift International	—	27
Technicolor	16½	16¼
Texas Corp.	37	36½
Texas Gulf Sulphur	B 27 3/4	28
Transamerica	5 7/8	5¾
Tw. Century Fox	19 3/8	19¼
" pfd.	—	—
Un. Carbide & Carbon	72¼	72 3/8
Un. Pacific	89½	89
Un. Aircraft	35¾	35 5/8
Un. Air Lines Trans.	9 3/4	9 3/8
Un. Corp.	2½	2 3/8
" $3 cum. pfd.	32¼	32 3/4
Un. Gas Corp.	2	2
Un. Gas Improvement	12 1/8	12
U. S. Rubber	35	35
" 8% pfd.	92	92
U. S. Steel	45 7/8	45½
Vanadium	18½	18
Warner Bros. Picts.	4¾	4¾
Westinghouse Elec.	88 5/8	88
Woodward Iron	B 16	B 16

BONDS

Amer. & For.	53¼	53
Brazil	15 5/8	15¾
Baltimore & Ohio	19¼	18½
Cities Serv. Pwr.	76 3/8	76½
Erie R.R.	9	8 3/8
Int. Tel. & Tel.	60¾	60½
Minas Geraes	10	10
New England Gas & Elec.	60½	60¼
Peru	8½	8½
Rio Grande do Sul	B 10	B 10
Sao Paulo	B 8¾	B 8½
Sthrn. Pacific Co.	41	41½
Stand. Gas & Elec.	57	57¼

B—Bid.

Dow-Jones Summary

Courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Interest in the stock list was negligible in view of the uncertainty prevailing over the European situation. Sugars were featured in an irregularly poor market, with trading around the lightest levels recorded since last June. The demand for sugars paralleled the higher world market, which in turn is aided by the accumulation of sugar for war preparedness. Automobile industry news continued to be favourable, but some hesitation was noticeable pending a better indication of the new car demand. A slight recovery from the day's lows was seen in the main list, but buying failed to attract new orders.

By Courtsey of S. E. Levy & Co.

The market on Friday tended to confirm the theory that domestic business rather than the European tension was the cause of the Spring break. It will be difficult to locate the buying sources to bring about an early marked advance, as most investment trusts are fully invested, whilst British statesmen have deprecated the buying of foreign securities in view of the needed rearmament financing. Thus two of the biggest forces of the 1935/1937 boom are now impotent. Excepting the short copper and cotton goods buying spurt, the downward trend of orders have not been reversed, whilst the reduction of backlogs foreshadows a further production curtailment.

Bethlehem reports April new business at 49 per cent., against operations at 59 per cent., with the outlook of a further gradual shrinkage.

The slump is most pronounced in the heavy goods industries, and only the seasonally affected industries are hopeful of an improvement in earnings.

The favourable quarterly reports of General Motors, Chrysler, Sears Roebuck and Montgomery Ward are only a transient influence. However, the poor reports of steels and oils created no demoralization as yet, but the apathy towards favourable developments is more marked in that it continues to put the market on the defensive.

Barrons Index, adjusted for trend, is currently placed at 62.8.

Liverpool Corn Trade Assoc.

British Government's Buying Methods Criticized; Past Year Most Anxious in History of Trade

Liverpool: By Mail.

A SUMMARY of the annual report of the Liverpool Corn Trade Association Ltd., presented at a meeting held in Liverpool on April 26, by the President, Mr. John Beavan:—

Apart from the war years, 1914 to 1918, the past year has been the most disturbed and anxious in the history of the Liverpool Corn Trade. The most important and most disturbing factor was H.M. Government's entry into the wheat market. There was a severe decline in the volume of trading and the directors attribute this to the steep decline in world prices, combined with the acts of governments, which have prevented, hindered and discouraged shippers, merchants and brokers from freely exporting, importing, storing and distributing wheat. In particular the action of our own Government curtailed the ordinary economic storage space at the port, thus making it difficult for traders to enter into commitments ahead.

The Report discloses that, at a meeting with the Grain Tarde's representatives on May 5, 1938, Sir Henry French of the Food (Defence Plans) Department explained that Messrs. Ranks, Spillers and the Co-operative Wholesale Society had been instructed to buy a quantity of wheat and maintain the amount as extra stock for Government account, the wheat to be kept in store as long as reasonably possible for the sake of economy of handling; replacements, when necessary, were to be made through the same agencies, i.e. the three millers, who were also the users of the wheat. The Government had decided that this was the simplest and easiest method of building up a Security Stock and the one least likely to interfere with the normal course of the trade.

Trade Not Consulted

At that meeting the Trade's representatives deplored the fact that the Trade, as a whole, had not been taken into the Government's confidence, in spite of all the assistance which the Trade had given to the Government in the past, and that their members, appointed by the Government to advise on grain trade matters, had not been consulted. They pointed out the difficulties that were bound to arise, particularly stressing the fact that the normal activities of the Trade would be severely handicapped if Government stocks were to occupy a large proportion of the economic grain storage space in the country. The Trade gave their assurance of assistance to the Government in the national interests. The Government, on their side, assured the Trade that they would listen, at any time, to criticisms which the Trade might raise and would endeavour to make any adjustments necessary to ensure the continuation of the free course of trading.

But the action of the State, the Report continues, could not fail to have an ill effect on the Trade and since that date it has been handicapped by lack of knowledge as to when any of the Security Stock was to be released to one or other of the three companies, who alone could use it. Consequently, the Trade did not dare to contract for supplies ahead, in their normal manner, as they could not judge what outlet there was likely to be. Later, in October, further complications arose owing to the Government, as a matter of "high policy", having purchased a large amount (200,000 tons) of Rumanian wheat, for replacement of the Security Stock.

Left in the Dark

Grain merchants and brokers felt that in the matter of the creation of wheat reserves, not only were they being ignored, but that the State was making it very difficult for them to carry on their businesses, in spite of assurances by the Government that they desired traders to continue to function. The provisions of the Essential Commodities Reserves Act appear to infer that any "trader" may be induced to augment his own stocks by grants or loans from the Board of Trade. But, by this selection of three large incorporations alone, not only were merchants given no inducement to augment their stocks, but they were positively discouraged from so doing. It appeared to them that the three large millers were alone in the confidence of the Government and that they alone knew the Government's intentions ahead of the other millers and all merchants. The Trade were left in the dark as to the size of the Government's holdings. They were given no notice of when stocks would be released from store, or what classes of wheat were held and what classes released, or any other information which would encourage merchants to contract ahead and put wheat into motion to this country.

To add to their difficulties, the Trade found themselves excluded from the most economical storages in the country, storages which, so far as Liverpool is concerned, had been developed by the efforts of grain merchants over many years, especially by the operations of the Liverpool Wheat "Futures" Market and the enterprise of the importers of feedstuffs, particularly maize. Without these activities it is doubtful whether the storage company could have continued in business after the erection of the large port mills, whose owners purchase cargoes of grain on c.i.f. terms and discharge them into their own premises direct from the ocean-going vessels. Not only were the Trade now excluded from much of this storage, but, as unsubsidized merchants, found themselves, if they dared to trade at all, in competition with the three large millers, guaranteed by the Government with taxpayers' money against all risks in their operations connected with Security Stocks.

It is little wonder that this state of affairs caused consternation among members of the Association. It appeared to them that the Government was set upon the destruction of their businesses, would throw them and their employees out of work, and would bring to an end an Exchange which, for the best part of a century, has been one of the assets of our City.

Memorandum Presented

After meetings in London, Liverpool and other grain ports, a memorandum for submission to the Minister was presented to Sir Henry French on November 15 by the representatives of the National Federation of Corn Trade Associations (which includes the National Association of British and Irish Millers). Mr. Oliver Stanley, the President of the Board, received the Federation's representatives and gave them certain assurances. The Federation has since been endeavouring to prepare a scheme whereunder the Grain Trade may co-operate in the purchase of wheat for Security Stock purposes and other matters in which the Government is directly or indirectly concerned, including imports of wheat as a corollary to goods exported from the United Kingdom under export credits.

It was hoped by the Federation that the Trade would be able to reach an agreement with the three large millers but, up to the present, no basis for such agreement has been found possible. The directors however, are glad to be able to say that, in the last few weeks, the Food (Defence Plans) Department has given considerable attention to their contentions regarding the storage question, so far as Liverpool is concerned. With the movement of the Southern Hemisphere crops, the Trade were in a position to bring forward supplies, through the agency of the Liverpool "Futures" market, and again made urgent requests to the Government to release some of the storage space in Liverpool in order that the Trade might be encouraged and the stocks in the country increased in the national interest. The result has been that the Government is doing its utmost to relieve Liverpool and that, at the present time, the Security Stock in the public warehouses at the port is considerably reduced. On the other hand, the stocks held by private merchants have been substantially increased, and it is satisfactory to note in the public interest that the merchants' stocks are additional to the Government's reserves.

U.S. Action

The action of the U.S. Government in effecting the sale of three million quarters, in one deal, on a subsidy basis to these same three millers, also injured the Trade. (It is understood that the bargain provided for the exclusion of United States flour from British ports for some months.) Had any foreign country dumped competitive goods in America by an arrangement between the representative of another Government and selected citizens in the United States, their action would have been strongly resented and would have given rise to a demand for drastic action by Washington but, in the case of wheat, the producer in the United Kingdom being protected by a substantial subsidy paid by consumers of bread, the dumped surplus was admitted at British ports without protest by H.M. Government. The effect of this sale on the Liverpool Wheat "Futures" market was to tend to drive down prices and to curtail business and the Report quotes an authoritative American opinion that the U.S. subsidy programme tended more to depress international prices than to elevate domestic prices.

In Other Countries

In Australia the only Governmental control applied was the fixing of the price for domestic consumers at a basis equivalent to about 97 cents per bushel at the seaboard. A recent movement of wheat and flour to the Far East has relieved pressure; Australia is a free seller and her merchants are sure to grasp their opportunities without inerference by the State. The Argentine Government (differing from their policy in previous years) have been inclined to hold up supplies, despite the fact that the country is still underequipped as regards elevators. Stocks have accumulated and forward sales have contracted. The position may well become aggravated by the movement of the current maize crop.

Russia prefers to remain silent on the subject of her production. Even by February 1939, no official estimate was obtainable of her 1937 crop. All the Danubian Governments encourage production by one form of subsidy or another, and the weight of their crops has helped to depress the price of wheat in world markets.

The Government of India, on behalf of their growers and merchants, are still pressing for the inclusion of Indian Wheat on the Liverpool "Futures" Contract. There has been considerable correspondence on the subject during the last eighteen months and the Directors have explained to the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi, the only terms on which it would be possible that Indian Wheat might be included. The directors are much indebted to Mr. A. M. Livingstone, the Agricultural Marketing Adviser, who called upon them in August, and for the explanations which he furnished of the Indian point of view.

Serious Difficulties

On the International Wheat Advisory Committee's present efforts, the Report comments that the difficulties are such that, to the technical mind, they appear to be insuperable Moreover, it will be uphill work for the exporting countries, and in particular for the United States, to persuade European nations to pay less attention to the protection of their farmers, unless the exporters can give a lead and reduce their own barriers against imports.

U.S. Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, May 1.

After opening lower, the cotton market rallied soon afterwards on trade buying and covering by shorts. Reports of dryness in the south-west and growing opposition to the Government's export subsidy plan encouraged traders, combined with some trade price fixing, higher Liverpool cables and the advance in New Orleans. Towards the close, near months were firm, whilst distant options

China's Currency Situation

Deplorable Condition Criticized by Mr. L. E. Canning at Gas Co. Annual Meeting

REFERENCES to the present deplorable state of the currency in China were made by Mr. L. E. Canning when presiding at the annual meeting of the Shanghai Gas Co., Ltd. yesterday. Producing a half-cent note at present in circulation in North China, the Chairman stated "....can anyone gainsay this is not a clear deterioration of the currency system or that it is not an abuse of the public trust to introduce a system of currency so vulnerable to such menaces?" Also criticized by Mr. Canning was the continued closure of the Northern and Eastern districts. It was imperative, he stated, that these should be handed back to full Municipal control as the withholding of these parts could no longer be considered as a military necessity.

Supporting Mr. Canning were Mr. R. M. Joseph, Mr. J. K. Simpson, Deputy Engineer in Chief and Manager, Mr. W. J. Brown, secretary, and Messrs. R. A. Berthet, F.J.W. Focken, King Ching-chao, A. E. Lawrence, T. Watson, J. F. Vella, and Kan Tuanan. Total shares represented were 365,462.

In his speech the Chairman said: I have to apologize for the delay in the issuing of the Report due to the fact that just before the audit we found that our books had been falsified and that we had dishonest employees. Defalcations in the sum of $36,683.55 were disclosed and have been written off in the accounts before you.

The year under review has been a most anxious and difficult one as the question of our coal supplies for last year and the current year were insecure for some time, but I am glad to be able to report that as far as is humanly possible we are now ensured supplies to carry us forward well into the autumn. As you are probably aware we have had to go further afield for our coal, not only to India but to Australia, and with exchange at its present quotation you can imagine that the cost has more than doubled, and as a consequence we unfortunately have had to increase the price of gas to the public on two occasions.

These increases have had the approval of the Shanghai Municipal Council and the French Municipal Council, after an exhaustive examination of our Books from time to time. Notwithstanding the increase of today, compared with the average of five principle cities East of Suez, gas in Shanghai is 50 per cent. cheaper. Your board and officers of the company realize to the full that the Gas Company is a public utility and their services are to the community, and on the other hand the Board has a further duty and that is to its shareholders. In addition the Gas Company has its competitors which ensures consumers of an equitable price.

Domestic Consumption

The figures of consumption as given in the Engineer-in-Chief's report show that, from the point of view of rehabilitation, the domestic consumption has increased while the industrial load has considerably decreased, thereby proving that industries are still in a very crippled state. The total quantity of coal carbonized was 6,731 tons more than in 1937 and as I mentioned in opening, some of this was Indian and Australian Coal and under the heading of manufacture alone, our costs increased by $329,-817.75 due to lower exchange.

With regard to residuals, the coke market in sympathy with the coal market showed a great advance, 8,516 tons more coke being sold, and this was due to two factors i.e. more coal was carbonized and less coke was used in production of water gas. The heavy increase in the price of all forms of fuel enabled us to advance considerably the price of coke to the contractor and this is reflected in the accounts we are now considering.

Conversely the tar market was exceptionally weak throughout the year but showed a slight improvement during the final quarter. No crude tar was sold to the tar contractor but 38,261 gallons were disposed of to other buyers, principally for export as a trial, due to our cheap money. The tar products department absorbed 65,947 gallons, compared with 275,032 gallons during 1937. 50,739 gallons of benzol were sold for motor fuel as compared with 41,667 gallons during the previous year. Turning to the accounts, you will notice that under practically all headings on the debit side of the Working Account, increases are shown in addition to the one I have mentioned for coal.

Staff Relief

We have had to come to the relief of our staff by granting a high cost of living and exchange allowance, and salaries and wages are, therefore, higher. Land and other taxes were increased by $5,953.07: while the debit for royalties is up by $28,107.98, as we have to pay royalty on the surcharge. On the other side there is an increase of $27,667.58 for rents received from the vacant land on Yu Ya Ching Road.

The net profit for the year after deducting depreciation and transferring $15,000.00 to the Chinese Employees' Benevolent Fund amounts to $352,197.48, which your Board recommends be dealt with by paying a dividend of 6 per cent. absorbing $336,000.00 and carrying forward the balance of $16,197.48. No doubt you will have noticed that we have changed our showroom from Nanking Road to Bubbling Well Road, a change, I think everyone will agree, for the better, and in addition we have opened up a branch office in Hongkew, as we have now 4,844 consumers North of the Creek.

I mentioned last year when drawing attention to our hostilities emergency expenses that this item would not recur, but we unfortunately had some further expenses to face in as much as we had to maintain, in the early part of the year, a launch service to Yangtszepoo, and additional motor trucks, and included in the sum of $9,335.80 is a loss we sustained on the sale of our rice reserves. Further I also drew your attention to the sum of $689,908.13, a reserve in the balance sheet being our estimated losses due to the Sino-Japanese hostilities, for which we had lodged a claim with His Britannic Majesty's Consulate General. That sum this year is reduced to $33,685.00 in accordance with the recommendation from the Consulate who consider all indirect losses should be eliminated and only material losses claimed for. Following this advice we have eliminated all indirect losses such as capping off the mains over the various bridges, and in different roads which had to be re-connected when the supply was again restored.

Deplorable Condition

As all our coal purchases have been contracted for in a foreign currency before I conclude I wish to say a few words touching upon the deplorable state of the currency of this country. To begin with China, prior to the decree which abolished silver from circulation, had the most honest, as well as suitable, metallic currency for her needs, but she evidently was not allowed to continue thus at a time when the managed currency fad was sweeping the world following the collapse of the gold standard system.

She was consequently swept along with the others who had the delusions of what the printing press may yet accomplish. For some years past, and, at various times previously, attempts were made to drag China away from silver in order to introduce the gold standard, but it was not until Sir Leith Ross's advent that China finally was completely persuaded. A change that to the majority has been of no benefit at all, as time has shown, but perhaps of great benefit to just a few. It was not however, without strong and vigorous protests from some of our leading foreign banks who, undoubtedly, were far more qualified to know what is most suitable to this country.

Now I have in my possession a ½ cent note. It takes 25 of these to equal one penny! It is now in circulation in North China and can anyone gainsay this is not a clear deterioration of the currency situation; or that it is not an abuse of the public trust to introduce a system of currency so vulnerable to such menaces.

A Vital Question

I do not wish to dwell on this subject, but it is enough to say that it has become a vital question to China and especially to the rest of the world because of the low exchange of China's currency. Imagine the cost of labour prevailing here and in the West with our $30 to the pound and you will realize that if it is allowed to continue it will certainly be productive of the gravest possibilities to the economy of other countries. There would never have been the need to acquire any foreign loan to peg our present paper money had China's silver currency been still in operation.

We are not concerned with the success or otherwise of the managed currency elsewhere whose main consideration and appeal was the relief afforded by the revaluation of the treasured gold, but we are certainly being menaced by the currency situation here and we hope that the other powers with major interests in this country will unite to reorganize the Chinese currency. Something with a sound metallic basis should be re-established, and, on a more equitable ratio than what is now in effect.

And now finally, gentlemen, I would again like to refer to our position with regard to the continued closure of the Northern and Eastern Districts. It is imperative from the view of rehabilitation that these should be handed back to full Municipal Control as under no contention can the withholding of this be considered any further as a military necessity. There are still many very unnecessary restrictions, and for the restoration of confidence these should be immediately removed. The prosperity of Shanghai does not lie in the palatial buildings on the Bund, but in the great manufacturing centre, the Northern and Eastern Districts.

He then proposed that the "Report and Accounts for the Year ended December 31 1938 be adopted and passed. This resolution was seconded by Mr. R. M. Joseph.

The following resolutions were also carried unanimously:—That a Dividend for the year ended December 31, 1938, be paid to Shareholders, at the rate of Cents Sixty ($0.60) per share and that the balance at credit of Profit and Loss Account after payment of the Dividend be carried forward to New Account. This was proposed by Mr. L. E. Canning, seconded by Mr. R. M. Joseph.

That Mr. H. Kadoorie be and he hereby is re-elected a Director of this Company. Proposed by Mr. L. E. Canning, seconded by Mr. R. M. Joseph.

That Messrs. Howe, Bingham & Matthews be and they hereby are re-elected Auditors to the Company for the ensuing year at a fee to be arranged by the Directors. Proposed by Mr. J. F. Vella, seconded by Mr. A. E. Lawrence.

Command Changes In U.S. Navy

General Reshuffle, Includes Transfer Of Admiral Leahy

Washington, May 2.

The Secretary of the Navy, Mr. Claude A. Swanson has announced 26 changes among naval officers, including the staff to serve immediately under Rear Admiral Harold R. Stark who is to become Chief of Naval Operations.

Mr. Swanson appointed Rear Admiral Robert L. Ghormley, Director of the War Plans Division under the present Chief of Naval Operations, Admiral William D. Leahy, to be Assistant to the Chief of Naval Operations. He replaces Rear Admiral Arthur P. Fairfield who will become Commander of Battleship Division Three of the Battle Force.

New Intelligence Chief

Rear Admiral Walter S. Anderson, Commander of Cruiser Division Four of the Navy's scouting force, will be Director of Naval Intelligence—the Navy's counter-espionage division and "detective" agency. He replaces Rear Admiral Ralston S. Holmes who will command Destroyer Flotilla Number One in the Battle Force.

Capt. Leigh Noyes, Chief of Staff of the Battle Force Air Division, is to be Director of Naval Communications. He will succeed Rear Admiral Charles E. Courtney, who will command the Navy's squadron operating in European waters. Rear Admiral Herbert F. Leary, present Chief of Staff of the U.S. Fleet Division, was named Director of Fleet Training.

Admirals Anderson, Noyes and Leary all will operate directly from the office of the Chief of Naval Operations.

Admiral Stark, who now is commander of cruisers in the Battle Force, will be succeeded by Rear Admiral Husband E. Kimmel.

Other transfers include Rear Admiral John D. Weinwright, commander of Battleship Division Three, to be a member of the Navy's General Board; Rear Admiral John H. Newton, now attending the Naval War College at Newport, R.I., to be Commander of Cruiser Division Four of the Scouting Force.

Destroyer Command Changes

Rear Admiral William S. Pye, commanding a destroyer, to be commander of destroyers of the Battle Force. He will relieve Rear Admiral Walter R. Sexton, who will become a member of the General Board.

Rear Admiral Andrew C. Pickens, a member of the General Board, will command Cruiser Division Seven, relieving Rear Admiral Kimmel. Rear Admiral John M. Smeallie, recently detached from duty as Chief of Staff of the Scouting Force Division, will become Commandant of the 16th Naval District and Navy Yard at Cavite, Philippine Islands.

He replaces Rear Admiral George J. Meyers who will command the base force of the U.S. Fleet. Admiral Meyers will succeed Rear Admiral William C. Watts who will become commandant of the Ninth Naval District with headquarters at Great Lakes, Ill.

Rear Admiral Hayne Ellis, commandant of the Ninth District, will become commander of the Atlantic Squadron. He replaces Rear Admiral Alfred W. Johnson who has been assigned to the Navy's squadron in European waters.

Base Commanders

Rear Admiral Joseph R. Defrees, present director of the Navy's Shore Establishments Division, was assigned to be commandant of the Eleventh Naval District and naval operating base at San Diego. He relieves Rear Admiral Sinclair Gannon who was ordered to duty as senior member of the Pacific Coast Section of the Board of Inspection and Survey with headquarters at Long Beach, Cal. Admiral Gannon replaces Rear Admiral George F. Neal who "probably" will be assigned as President of the General Court Martial for the Twelfth Naval District at San Francisco.

Rear Admiral Walter R. Gherardi, now heading the San Francisco Court Martial, will retire on September 1.

Capt. Arthur L. Bristol, commanding officer of the San Diego Naval Air Station, will become commander of Patrol Wing Two of the Aircraft Scouting Force based at Pearl Harbour, Hawaii. He will replace Capt. Kenneth Whiting, whose new assignment has not yet been determined.

Capt. Robert A. Theobald, commanding the U.S.S. Nevada, was appointed Chief of Staff of the Commander-in-Chief of the U.S. Fleet, relieving Rear Admiral Leary.—United Press.

Tokoy "Warning" to Britain Alleged

Japanese Journal Says Demarche Was Rejected

Tokyo, May 2.

A warning has been given to Britain that the Japanese Government is most concerned over reports that Anglo-Soviet co-operation would be extended to the Far East, according to the "Kokumin Shimbun."

The journal states that, in accordance with instructions, Mr. Mamoru Shigemitsu, the Japanese Ambassador in London, visited Lord Halifax, the British Foreign Secretary, on April 27, and delivered the warning in person.

Lord Halifax is alleged to have replied that Britain would never commit herself to any joint action with the Soviet in the Far East. Mr. Shigemitsu, the journal goes on, then declared:—"Britain's policy of assisting the 'Chiang Kai-shek regime' is tantamount to the adoption of a concerted Anglo-Soviet policy in the Far East."

Mr. Shigemitsu is said to have demanded the immediate discontinuance of that alleged policy.

The British Foreign Secretary is reported to have replied that Britain had never pursued a policy of aiding the Chiang Kai-shek regime. He is said to have declared that "We do not recognize any need to alter the policy we are at present following in China."

The "Kokumin Shimbun" comments that this declaration "clarifies Britain's intention of continuing to aid the 'Chiang Kai-shek regime' and it is therefore imperative for Japan to assume a stronger diplomatic attitude against Britain."—Reuter.

Pig Dealers Boycott New Market

The price of pork in Shanghai has already been increased and after sometime an acute shortage of pork may be experienced because at an emergency meeting held yesterday executives of the Shanghai Pig Dealers Association decided to suspend business as a protest against the alleged detention of more than 1,000 pigs by the newly established Shanghai Cattle Market in Hongkew in which pig dealers operating south of the creek have refused to participate.

As separate meetings butchers decided not to slaughter any pig sent from the Hongkew market and pork dealers reached a similar "boycott" decision. The Shanghai Municipal Council and Municipal Council of the French Concession will be petitioned for intervention, as both sides to the dispute could not break the deadlock themselves, it was reliably learnt.

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Tingsang	Tientsin	Jardine
Gran	Foochow	Wallem
F. Consolini	Foochow	C.I.N.
Glenapp	Dairen	Jardine
Emp. of Japan	Japan	C.P.R.
Suwa M.	Japan	N.Y.K.
Tainan M.	Tsingtao	N.K.K.
Nagapore	Singapore	Mackenzie
Wilford	C'wangtao	K.M.A.
Nagasaki M.	Japan	N.Y.K.
Haiping	Tientsin	Jardine
Daviken	Hongkong	Melchers
Tejo	T'lungkong	I.C.R.N.
Suiwo	Tungchow	Jardine
Haikong	Hsinkong	Keh Lee
Hansi	C'yingsha	G.F.E.
Talien	Tsungming	Wan Woo
Dairen M.	Dairen	D.K.K.
Nantung M.	Nantung	N.K.K.
Heini	Haimen	G.F.E.
J'phine Moller	Hupukow	Union S.S.
Taiyuan	Hongkong	B.&S.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Karsten	Ger.	Chin Dah
Hertha	Ger.	G.F.E.
Luise	Ger.	Keh Lee
Alexandra	Br.	Young's Shp.
Sandro Sandri	Ital.	W.T.K.
Wusueh	Br.	B.&S.
Tungwo	Br.	Jardine
Talien	Jap.	Wan Woo
Liwo	Br.	Jardine
Kiangting	Ger.	Foo Hwa
Patti	Ital.	Chang Yuen
Kingyuan	Br.	B.&S.
Shinfu	Br.	G. L. Shaw
Kanchow	Br.	B.&S.
Talma	Br.	Mackenzie
Taksang	Br.	Jardine

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Dorsetshire	Br.	Cr.	B.N.B.
Scarab	Br.	Gbt.	Y.P.D.W.
Augusta	Am.	Cr.	B.N.B.
Isabel	Am.	Slp.	U.S.N.B.
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	U.S.N.B.
Marblehead	Am.	Cr.	U.S.N.B.
Oahu	Am.	Gbt.	U.S.N.B.
F. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
S. de Brazza	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
B. Colleoni	Itl.	Cr.	J.N.B.

By "DUTCH MAILS"

TO EUROPE

VIA BALI AND JAVA *or* VIA SINGAPORE

(Shanghai-Java by J.C.J.L.) (Shanghai-Singapore by "Interchange" Line)

	Tonnage	Leave Batavia 1939	Leave Singapore 1939	Arrive Genoa/Marseilles 1939
ss. Johan de Witt	10,400	May 24	May 26	June 15
ms. Indrapoera	10,800	June 7	June 9	June 28
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,100	June 14	June 16	July 5
ms. Baloeran	17,000	June 21	June 23	July 12
ss. Jan Pieterszoon Coen	11,140	June 28	June 30	July 22
ms. Christiaan Huygens	15,700	July 5	July 7	July 26
ms. Sibajak	12,000	July 12	July 14	Aug. 2
ss. Slamat	11,600	July 19	July 21	Aug. 9
ms. Johan v. Oldenbarnevelt	19,000	July 26	July 28	Aug. 16
ms. Dempo	17,000	Aug. 2	Aug. 4	Aug. 23
ss. Johan de Witt	10,400	Aug. 16	Aug. 18	Sept. 7
ms. Indrapoera	10,800	Aug. 23	Aug. 25	Sept. 13
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,100	Sept. 6	Sept. 8	Sept. 26
ms. Baloeran	17,000	Sept. 13	Sept. 15	Oct. 3
ms. Christiaan Huygens	15,700	Sept. 27	Sept. 29	Oct. 17

SINGAPORE—GENOA/MARSEILLES . . . 18 DAYS

For further particulars apply to:

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN AGENTSCHAP SHANGHAI N.V.

133 SZECHUEN ROAD TELEPHONE 16247

Post Office Notices

Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is requested in order to make connection with the below-mentioned closing times.
(Last connecting time from Sub-Offices to Head Office is 19.35 on week days and 19.05 on Sunday).

Date and Destination	Per		Reg.	Ord.
WEDNESDAY, May 3.				
Japan Korea via Nagaski	Nagasaki M.		*20.00	7.15
Tsingtao and Dairen	Dairen M.		8.00	8.30
Aust. (Y) N.Z. (Y) S.S. India (Y)	Suwa M.		11.00	12.00
Hongkong (Y)	Suwa M.		11.30	12.00
Nantung	Nantung M.		14.30	15.00
Aust. N.Z. Manila S.S. India Suez and Europe	Gneisenau	A	14.00	16.00
Hongkong and Canton	Gneisenau		15.30	16.00
Kiangpei Offices east of Jukao	Liwo		16.30	17.00
THURSDAY, May 4.				
Formosa via Keelung	Tyosa M.		*20.00	7.30
Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin	Chengtu	X	8.00	8.30
Swatow and Hongkong ...	Tingsang		8.00	8.30
Kwangtung	Tingsang		8.00	8.30
Swatow	Sinkiang		8.30	9.00
Amoy and Hongkong ..	Taiyuan		8.30	9.00
Chefoo and Tientsin	Haiping		8.30	9.00
Tinghai: Ninghsien and Yungkia via Tinghai..	Elbhof		12.30	13.00
Tsingtao	Tainan Maru		19.30	20.00
FRIDAY, May 5.				
Swatow and Hongkong..	Hangsang		9.00	9.30
Kwangtung	Hangsang		9.00	9.30
Japan H'lulu U.S.A. Canada Europe via Pacific	Tatuta Maru		14.00	16.00
Aust. N.Z. and Manila..	Abbekerk	BX	15.00	16.00
Hongkong and Canton ..	Abbekerk		15.30	16.00

* The night before.
A Parcel mail (for S.S., Ceylon, Italy, Holland, Germany and other countries) closes at 12.00 on 3rd.
B Parcel mail (for Holland) closes at 12.00 on 5th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Y Superscribed correspondence.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service (Hongkong-Bangkok-London and Hongkong-Bangkok-Singapore-Australia) per s.s. Gneisenau, on May 3, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary and due Marseilles on May 14, and London on May 15.

Pan American Airways Service (Hongkong-San Francisco) per s.s. Gneisenau, on May 3, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary and due San Francisco on May 18.

Air France (Hongkong-Marseilles) per ss. Conte Rosso, on May 10, at 8 a.m. for registered and at 9 a.m. for ordinary, and due Marseilles on May 19, and London May 20.

Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Bandoeng-Amsterdam) per s.s. Gneisenau, on May 3, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary and due Amsterdam on May 18, and London on May 19.

Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per available steamer to Hongkong for transmission to Saigon.

Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service:—Air mails close daily at 8 p.m. for registered and ordinary. Mails for America may be sent on May 3 by air mail to Japan for connection with ss. Empress of Russia leaving Yokohama on May 5.

Domestic Air Mail

Air Mails for Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line close daily at 12.00 (At Yuhang Road Sub-Office daily at 11.30 a.m.)

Air mails for Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line close daily at 10.30 p.m.

Air mails for Ningsia, Shensi, Szechwan, Yunnan, Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west thereof are to be forwarded to Hongkong for further transmission by the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Train Mail

Light mails for or via Wuhu, N.S.R. and Lunghai (east of Chenghsien; Tungshan and Kaifeng) close daily at 9.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Light mails for Kiangpei Offices west and north of Jukao close daily at 9.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Light mails for or via S.H.N.R. close daily at 11.30 a.m. for Hangchow local daily at 11.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Light mails for or via T.P.R. and north Pinghan close daily at 9.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Light mails for Hankow, Wuchang and Hanyang close daily at 9.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Light mails for or via River Ports beyond Nanchang per available steamer via Yungkia.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Via Siberia by steamer to Tientsin or Chinwangtao for transmission.
Next steamer mails will be closed as follows:—

ss. Gneisenau, via Suez, May 3, due London May 30.

ss. Tatuta Maru, via Pacific, May 5, due London June 7.

ss. President Cleveland, via Pacific, May 8, due London, June 7.

Weather, Time and Tide

Wednesday, May 3, 1939 (14th day of 3rd moon)

SICCAWEI

	May 1 16.00	May 1 21.00	May 2 4.00	May 2 9.00
Barometer inches	29.80	29.98	30.06	30.11
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.03	+0.13	+0.22	+0.24
at 32 F. (,, ,, 12 hrs.)	—0.04	+0.11	+0.26	+0.13
Wind (direction)	W	N	NW	NW
,, (miles per hour)	7.4	15.6	3.7	6.8
Temperature (Fahr.)	80.8°	57.0°	51.8°	60.6°
Humidity %	50	90	93	60
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	10	5	0	0
Rainfall inches	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report May 1	Mean 1939	24 hrs. variation	66 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.87	+0.07	29.94
Temp. Min. 56.°7 Max. 68.°2	62.°4	—7.°8	61.°0
Total rainfall January to 1 midnight before last (inches)	11.38	—	11.34

Time and Tide	3/5	4/5	5/5	6/5	7/5
Sun rises at Shanghai ..	5.09	5.08	5.07	5.07	5.06
Sun sets at Shanghai	18.34	18.34	18.35	18.35	18.36
Moon rises at Shanghai ..	4.08	4.53	5.44	6.41	7.41
Moon sets at Shanghai ..	17.52	18.53	19.53	20.51	21.45
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	10.30	11.00	11.24	11.50	12.26
Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18	15.18	16.03	16.36	17.00	17.24
H.W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	11.46	12.20	12.41	13.19	13.57
Ht. above LLW. (feet)..	10.50	11.10	11.30	10.70	10.05

Vessels Discharging

AENEAS. From Liverpool arrived on April 30, and is discharging her cargo at Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are further requested to send their representative to the Wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. Free storage period expires on May 9, 1939. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Wednesday, May 3, at 10 a.m. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire, Agents. 4-5

AGAPENOR. From New York arrived on April 29, and is discharging her cargo at Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are further requested to send their representative to the Wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. Free storage period expires on May 10, 1939. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Thursday, May 4, at 10 a.m. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire, Agents. 4-5

CLAUS RICKMERS. From Continent and way ports is now discharging her cargo at the Hunt's Wharf under terms and conditions of the Wharf Tariff. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. Examination of damaged cargo to be held on Friday, May 5, at 9 a.m. at the Hunt's Wharf by Messrs. Tesdorpf, Hannig & Co. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Rickmers-Linie, 9 Ave. Edw. VII. Tel. 83308. 4-5

NAGPORE. The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Nagpore, from Karachi, Bombay and Ports.—This steamer is discharging Cargo at the Pootung Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their Cargo. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" will further be required to send their Representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such Cargo whilst it is being landed. Examination of ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Pootung Wharf on Monday, May 8, at 9 a.m. by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. All Claims against this steamer must be sent in within fifteen days from date of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be recognized. All risks of Fire etc. at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the Consignees of the Cargo. Pro. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents. 4-5

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive to-day are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From KOBE: Gneisenau, due 11 a.m. Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf. Passengers & Baggage to be landed by Bus & Truck to Customs Jetty.

From TIENTSIN: Shenking, due p.m. French Bund.

From Hongkong: Chengtu, due a.m. B. & S. Pootung Wharf.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From GDYNIA			**From GENOA**		
Antilochus	4/4	31/5	G. Cesare	20/4	15/5
Teucer	2/5	26/6	Scharnhorst	26/4	19/5
From COPENHAGEN			Victoria	27/4	22/5
Danmark	1/3	15/3	**From TRIESTE**		
Africa	1/4	10/6	C. Rosso	12/4	7/5
Panama	2/5	4/7	Himalaya	20/3	9/5
From OSLO			**From PORT SAID**		
Nanking	28/3	19/5	Lippe	9/4	11/5
Trianon	17/3	29/3	Elbe	18/4	12/5
Triton	13/4	15/6	G. Cesare	25/4	15/5
Peiping	27/4	17/6	Nanking	15/4	19/5
From HAMBURG			Victoria	1/5	22/5
Scharnhorst	15/4	19/5	Sarpedon	26/4	25/5
Triton	29/4	15/6	Aramis	2/5	26/5
Peiping	3/5	17/6	Ranpura	3/5	28/5
From BREMEN			Trianon	14/4	29/5
Duisburg	21/3	16/5	Africa	30/4	10/6
Sauerland	4/4	27/5	**From ADEN**		
Preussen	18/4	7/6	Behar	1/5	24/5
Leverkusen	2/5	21/6	**From SUEZ**		
From ROTTERDAM			Katori M.	28/4	23/5
Preussen	27/4	7/6	Sauerland	28/4	27/5
Zuiderkerk	27/4	10/6	Glenfinlas	27/4	27/5
From ANTWERP			Antilochus	27/4	31/5
Gleniffer	4/3	4/5	**From BOMBAY**		
Lippe	23/3	11/5	B. Belhaven	26/4	16/5
Elbe	9/4	12/5	**From KARACHI**		
Serooskerk	20/3	13/5	Mansei M.	10/4	12/5
Glenshiel	18/3	14/5	**From COLOMBO**		
Glenfinlas	1/4	27/5	Ranchi	30/4	14/5
Neckar	20/4	3/6	Bhutan	28/4	15/5
Zuiderkerk	17/4	10/6	**From PENANG**		
Glengarry	15/4	11/6	Glenshiel	29/4	14/5
Glenearn	29/4	24/6	**From SINGAPORE**		
From GLASGOW			C. Rosso	1/5	7/5
Agamemnon	25/3	14/5	Haruna M.	30/4	8/5
Sarpedon	8/4	25/5	Pyrrhus	30/5	9/5
Deucalion	22/4	8/6	Himalaya	26/4	9/5
From LIVERPOOL			P. Doumer	3/5	12/5
Pyrrhus	25/3	9/5	Serooskerk	29/4	13/5
Achilles	8/4	21/5	Agamemnon	3/5	14/5
Sarpedon	15/4	25/5	Danmark	22/4	15/5
Lycaon	22/4	8/6	Duisburg	2/5	16/5
Deucalion	29/4	8/6	**From SOERABAIA**		
From LONDON			Tjisalak	24/4	13/5
Haruna M.	31/3	8/5	Tjisadane	28/4	13/5
Ranchi	6/4	14/5	**From BATAVIA**		
Bhutan	1/4	15/5	Tjisalak	28/4	13/5
Katori M.	14/4	23/5	**From MANILA**		
Behar	15/4	24/5	P. Cleveland	1/5	7/5
Ranpura	21/4	28/5	Tanda	2/5	11/5
Yasukuni M.	28/4	2/6	Danmark	1/5	15/5
Glengarry	29/4	11/6	**From HONGKONG**		
Soudan	29/4	11/6	See "China Ports" below.		
From MARSEILLES					
P. Doumer	14/4	12/5			
Aramis	28/4	26/5			

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK			**From SAN FRANCISCO**		
Laura Maersk	25/3	10/5	Silversandal	11/4	11/5
Silversandal	23/3	11/5	Dardanus	22/4	24/5
C. Pittsburg	16/3	13/5	Chi. Prince	30/4	27/5
S. Scientist	2/4	23/5	Lossiebank	28/4	27/5
Dardanus	27/3	24/5	**From HONOLULU**		
P. Maersk	8/4	24/5	Kamakura M.	2/5	20/5
Lossiebank	6/4	27/5	**From HONGKONG**		
Chi. Prince	11/4	27/5	See "China Ports" below.		
G. Maersk	25/4	13/6	**From YOKOHAMA**		
C. of Derby	18/4	15/6	Abbekerk	26/4	5/5
From SAVANNAH			Carthage	2/5	8/5
G. Maersk	30/4	13/6	**From KOBE**		
From SEATTLE			Talthybius	29/4	6/5
Talthybius	2/4	6/5	Abbekerk	4/5	6/5
From LOS ANGELES			Taiyo M.	26/4	9/5
Laura Maersk	15/4	10/5	**From NAGASAKI**		
Kamakura M.	24/4	20/5	Nagasaki M.	5/5	6/5
P. Coolidge	1/5	23/5	**From KEELUNG(Formosa)**		
P. Maersk	29/4	24/5	Tyosa M.	30/4	5/5

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From CAPETOWN			**From MELBOURNE**		
Ruys	19/4	27/5	Tanda	1/4	11/5
From MAURITIUS			Nankin	3/5	8/6
Ruys	29/4	27/5			

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN			**From HONGKONG**		
Hoten M.	3/5	5/5	Gleniffer	26/4	4/5
Tjibadak	7/5	9/5	Chaksang	30/4	5/5
From TIENTSIN			Tatota M.	3/5	5/5
Fooshing	29/4	5/5	Kaying	2/5	6/5
Mingsang	30/4	5/5	Nanning	1/5	7/5
Kwaisang	30/4	6/5	Wingsang	4/5	7/5
St. V. de Paul	1/5	6/5	Szechuen	4/5	8/5
Hsin Peking	3/5	8/5			
Esang	4/5	8/5			
Shuntien	6/5	10/5			

Passenger Lists

ARRIVALS

Per Tingsang, May 2, from **Tientsin**:—Mr. R. G. K. Way, Mr. A. Schmulovich, Mr. L. Merkin, Mr. Yew Ah Kow, from **Tsingtao**:—Mr. & Mrs. Wong & 2 children.

Per Emp. Japan, May 2, from **Pacific Ports**:—Mr. & Mrs. G. Robinson, Mrs. M. C. Balfour, Misses M. C. & N. Balfour, Mr. & Mrs. G. V. Ball Miss M. L. & Mstr. S. Ball, Mr. S. &

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE

Orient-San Francisco Line
via Honolulu
*TATUTA MARU .... May 6
KAMAKURA MARU .. May 27
(*leave 6 a.m.)

Orient-Seattle Line
via Vancouver
From Kobe
HEIAN MARU ..... May 3

Orient-New York Line
via Los Angeles and Panama
NOSIRO MARU .... May 30

Japan-Australia Line
via Hongkong and Manila
From Hongkong
KAMO MARU ..... May 27

European Mail Line
London, Hamburg and Marseilles via Hongkong, Straits, Ceylon and Aden
*SUWA MARU ..... May 3
TERUKUNI MARU .. May 16
(*leave 3 p.m.)

Kobe Express Service
TAIYO MARU ..... May 10

Nagasaki Express Service
*NAGASAKI MARU .. May 3
NAGASAKI MARU .. May 7
NAGASAKI MARU .. May 11
SHANGHAI MARU .. May 13
*D. K. K. Wharf.

Shanghai-Yokohama.
HARUNA MARU .... May 11
KATORI MARU .... May 26

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A AENEAS May 27 M'lles, London, Rotterdam and Glasgow.
C AGAMEMNON June 10 M'lles, Casablanca, London, R'dam, H'burg and Glasgow
C LAOMEDON June 4 Liverpool, Bromborough and Glasgow.
A SARPEDON June 24 M'lles, London, Rotterdam and Glasgow

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TYOSA MARU ..... May 7
TYOSA MARU ..... May 19

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For South America via S. Africa
MONTEVIDEO MARU .. Apr. 30
LA PLATA MARU ..... May 24
For South America via E. & S. Africa
ARABIA MARU ..... May 6
MANILA MARU ..... June 2
For Bombay
*RYUHUKU MARU ..... May 4

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BANGKOK MARU ..... June 3
For Manila, Cebu and Davao
MEXICO MARU ..... May 14

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*KANSAI MARU ..... May 13
*TOSAN MARU ..... June 13
For European Ports via New York
*TOKAI MARU ..... May 22
KINAI MARU ..... June 24
For Australia
SYDNEY MARU ..... May 30
For New Zealand
SYDNEY MARU ..... May 30
For West Africa
SEIA MARU ..... May 9

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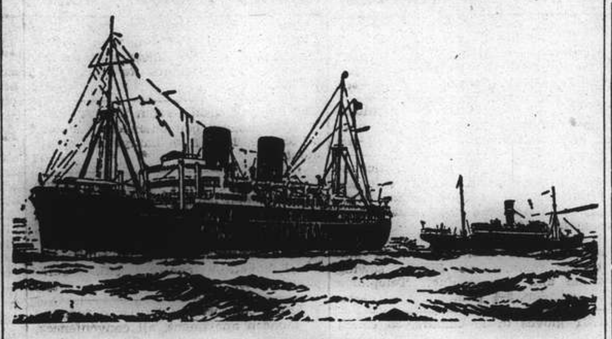
TRAVEL AND SHIPPING



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	From Shanghai	*Tonnage*		*From Shanghai*	*Tonnage*
May	9 ‡CARTHAGE	15,000	July	4 RAWALPINDI ..	17,000
	16 ‡*BANGALORE	6,100		18 CHITRAL	15,000
	23 RAJPUTANA	17,000			
June	6 RANCHI	17,000			
	13 ‡*BHUTAN	6,100			
	20 RANPURA	17,000			
	27 ‡*BEHAR	6,100			

*Cargo only; calling at Casablanca, Havre, Hull, Hamburg, Rotterdam and Antwerp.
‡Calls at Port Sudan

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

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SANTHIA	—	May 6
TALMA	May 2	May 20

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NELLORE	H. C. Stratford		May 5	May 24
TANDA	M. B. Skinner	May 12	June 3	June 22
NANKIN	E. T. Pilcher	June 9	June 30	July 19

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SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave	Arrive Kobe	STEAMERS	Leave Kobe	SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave for Marseilles
			Felix Roussel*		May 6	May 9
May 12	May 15	May 17	Marechal Joffre	May 20	May 22	May 23
May 26	May 29	May 31	Pres. Doumer	June 3	June 5	June 6
June 9	June 12	June 14	Aramis	June 17	June 19	June 20
June 27	June 30	July 2	Athos II	July 4	July 6	July 7
			Chenonceaux			

***N.B.—The m.v. FELIX ROUSSEL, previously scheduled to arrive at Shanghai on April 28 and sail on May 9, will stop her outward voyage at Saigon and return to Europe from the said port without calling at Hongkong, Shanghai and Kobe**

FREIGHT SERVICE
ss. YALOU will arrive at Shanghai about May 11
and sail on May 19

WILHELMSEN LINES

Outwards

From Scandinavian and Continental ports

ms. Trianon	left	Hamburg	Mar. 29, due Shanghai May 29
ms. Triton	leaves	Hamburg	Apr. 29, due Shanghai June 12
ms. Tarn	leaves	Hamburg	May 29, due Shanghai July 10

Homewards

For Casablanca, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Oslo via Hongkong
Singapore and Port Said

ms. Titania	loads	Shanghai	May 16
ms. Tamerlane	loads	Shanghai	June 17
ms. Triton	loads	Shanghai	July 18

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LLOYD TRIESTINO

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BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE

via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Colombo, Bombay and Port Said
Tenders conveying passengers on board will leave Customs Jetty on May 10 at 9 a.m.

Hand packages only will be accepted by tender.
Heavy luggage must be sent to Messrs. Marden & Co., Ltd., Race Course Market Godown, Corner of Myburgh and Burkill Roads, where it will be accepted during office hours, from May 8 to May 9 at noon the latest.
No nailed cases will be accepted unless escorted by a Customs Permit, obtainable through Messrs. Marden against payment of a small fee.

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Telephone 16885 26 The Bund Telegr. LLOYDIANO

East Asiatic Co. Ld.

of Copenhagen

Outwards from European Continental Ports

	Due	*Sails*	*For*
ms. DANMARK	May 15	May 16	Japan Ports
ms. AFRIKA	June 10	June 11	Japan Ports

Homewards
for Jaffa, Haifa, Beyrouth, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Copenhagen

ms. KINA loading Hongkong May 4

The vessels have accommodation for a limited number of passengers

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mv. KULMERLAND May 9 1939. Genoa, R'dam. Hamburg.
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Outward vessels latest movements:

		Due Shanghai	
mv. DUISBURG	Left Colombo	Apr. 26	May 16
mv. SAUERLAND	Passed Suez	Apr. 28	May 27

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D. K. K.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

	Arrival.	*Departure.*
ss. DAIREN MARU	May 2	May 3 at 11 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	May 5	May 6 at 11 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	May 9	May 10 at 11 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	May 12	May 13 at 11 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	May 16	May 17 at 11 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	May 19	May 21 at 9 a.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN LINE
(Freight only)
ss. HAKKA MARU ..... May 7
ss. KOGA MARU ..... May 17

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will sail for

Genoa, Barcelona, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen (and Hamburg)
via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Belawan, Colombo, Port Said
on Thursday, May 4, 1939, at 8 a.m.

from the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf, Broadway.

EMBARKATION: Wednesday, May 3 at 6 p.m. and Thursday, May 4 at 7 a.m. by Tender Scot I from the Customs Jetty.

No heavy baggage will be accepted on the tender.

Passengers are notified that they may embark directly at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf, Broadway on Wednesday, May 3 between 5 and 9 p.m. and on Thursday, May 4 until 7.30 a.m.

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Steamer	S'hai Leave	N'saki Leave	Kobe Leave	Y'hama Leave	H'lulu Leave	Victoria Vancouver Arrive
Empress of Japan	May 14	—	May 17	May 19	May 25	May 30
Empress of Asia	May 28	May 30	June 1	June 3	June 10	June 16
Empress of Canada	June 11	—	June 14	June 16	June 23	June 28
Empress of Russia	June 25	June 27	June 27	June 29	July 1	July 10
Empress of Japan	July 9	—	July 12	July 14	July 20	July 25

	Leave Shanghai	*Arrive Hongkong*	*Arrive Manila*
Empress of Asia	May 16	May 18	May 20
Empress of Canada	May 31	June 2	June 4

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Last Tender Leaves Customs Jetty 9.30 a.m. Monday, May 8

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	Lv. Shanghai		*Lv. Shanghai*
PRESIDENT CLEVELAND	May 8	PRESIDENT TAFT	June 19
PRESIDENT PIERCE ..	May 22	PRESIDENT CLEVELAND	July 3
PRESIDENT COOLIDGE	June 6	PRESIDENT PIERCE ..	July 17

HONGKONG AND MANILA:

	Leave Shanghai		*Leave Shanghai*
PRESIDENT COOLIDGE	May 24	PRESIDENT TAFT	Aug. 3
PRESIDENT COOLIDGE	July 19	PRESIDENT CLEVELAND	Aug. 17

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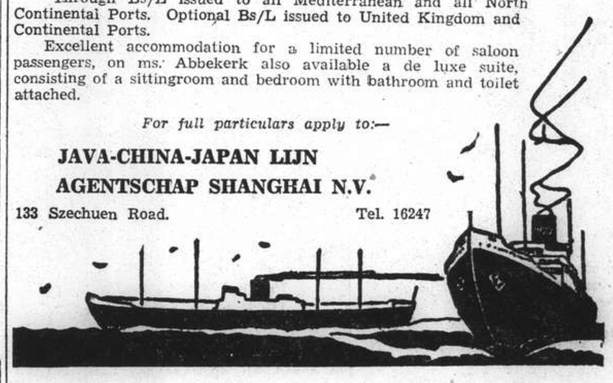

THE SWEDISH EAST-ASIATIC COMPANY LIMITED

From EUROPE:	*Arrive*	*To EUROPE:*	*Loading*
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Czechs and Slovaks Remain True to Ideals, Nation

Exiles in France Pledge Loyalty; People In Homeland Resist Germanization

Paris, Apr. 30.

CZECHS and Slovaks making their home in France held a Congress here this afternoon and voted several significant resolutions and heard a number of stirring speeches. Chief among the speakers was Dr. Stefan Osusky, Czech Minister here who has to date refused to hand over his Legation to the German Embassy officials who have claimed it ever since mid-March when Bohemia and Moravia were annexed by the Reich. Main resolution voted was that in which the people declared that they would never recognize the violence committed against their country.

They asserted that they would fight against their land's enslavement as resolutely as they could within the limits imposed on them by gratitude for the hospitality accorded them by France. They stressed that they would carry on their fight in co-operation with their fellow-countrymen remaining in their country and in other lands abroad. The Congress also stressed that all Czechs and Slovaks in France were 'ready to carry out their patriotic duty at the side of France and her allies in the event of war."

Dr. Osusky, in his address, dealt with the organization of Czechs and Slovaks throughout the world and examined the problem of forming a provisional Czechoslovakian Government.

He emphasized the difference between the situation in 1914 and that today. In 1914, the two people were included in the Austro-Hungarian Empire and engaged in the war to obtain international recognition of their right to independence. Today, however. Czechoslovakia exists legally, he declared. For proof, he pointed to the continued existence of Czechoslovak Legations and Consulates in France, Great Britain, Soviet Russia and the United States.

He added that all Czechs and Slovaks in France would rise as one man in the defence of their country of residence should war break out. Violation of a pledged word and the enslavement of a whole people cannot be consecrated by the passage of time, he stated. Sad events of the past few months will at the least teach the people of Central Europe the great need for solidarity among themselves, he declared.

Herr Hitler Answered

Dr. Osusky also answered arguments put forward by Reichsfuehrer Adolf Hitler to justify his annexation of Bohemia and Moravia.

When he installed himself in Hradchin Castle in Prague on March 15, Herr Hitler declared that the capital's Cathedral and Castle were the works of German architects. Dr. Osusky pointed out they were the work of the Frenchman, Mathieu d'Arras.

In his April 28 Reichstag speech, Herr Hitler asserted that Germans were natives of Bohemia. Dr. Osusky pointed out that even German historians admitted that the Czechs were the true natives of Bohemia and that the Germans had come there as strangers. "Herr Hitler simply changed hospitality into proprietorship," he said.

The German Chancellor also stated in his Reichstag speech that his Munich pledges had not bound him because only Bohemia and Moravia had been left. "He thus made Czechoslovakia disappear and he said he could not be bound towards something that no longer existed."

Dr. Osusky recalled Herr Hitler had stated that Prague had been the home city of the German Emperors but this was a mistake for it was the home of the Kings of Bohemia, who were Emperors of Germany.

German Democrat Speaks

After Dr. Osusky's address, the Congress approved telegrams, addressed to the President of France, M. Albert Lebrun, and the Premier, M. Edouard Daladier, expressing to them the devotion of the Czechs and Slovaks living in France.

Several other speakers then made brief speeches, among these being the great German writer, Herr Heinrich Mann. He expressed the solidarity of feelings between German democrats and the Czechoslovaks.

A telegram was received from Dr. Eduard Benes, former President of Czechoslovakia now lecturing in the University of Chicago. Dr. Benes announced the impending formation of a group to be called "The Czechs and Slovaks of America."

He declared that the two people would not allow themselves to be reduced to slavery or exploited for foreign aims. "Accepting no compromise, they will fight for a free Czechoslovakia in a free Europe," he cabled. "For ten centuries they fought for liberty, and often they were conquerors. We shall resist and conquer again."

The Congress decided to reply with a telegram of thanks and demanding unified leadership in action "to reconquer our liberty."—Havas.

Germanization Resisted

Prague, Apr. 30.

National feeling is openly manifested throughout Czechoslovakia nowadays and, while the cultural and linguistic fields are mainly affected, the people are also resisting determinedly all German efforts to "bring them into line."

The Czechoslovakian language is held to be almost sacred and in cinemas there are films showing how, with the aid of millions of information cards, a new great dictionary of the Czechoslovak language is being compiled. Translated literary works are disappearing from bookstore windows and publishers have decided to limit the number of their translated editions in order to give greater scope and encouragement to Czech writers. Of native works, the most popular are those written by authors and journalists who were known for their battle for liberty against the ancient regime in the Austro-Hungarian Empire.

In theatres, stage companies are presenting only plays setting forth liberty and freedom. Several patriotic plays have as a result been banned by the German authorities.

Frontier National Theatre

In the small town of Police, situated on the former German-Czechc frontier, it was decided to build a special theatre where only original Czech plays will be presented.

The whole population of the town has rallied to this project, one factory donated 100,000 bricks. Other residents, of more modest means, offered to work free of charge. Owners of trucks and motor-cycles have placed their vehicles at the service of the masons.

Polish Gesture to Czechs

Warsaw, May 1.

The Czech Legation here which was not handed over to Germany following the latter's annexation of Czechoslovakia, will hoist the Czech flag on May 3, the Polish national holiday.

The Government paper, "Express Poranny" declared that the gesture is in consonance with diplomatic tradition which demands that "the representatives of all states hoist flags on a national holiday.".

A religious ceremony was held to mark the laying of the foundation stone. Residents and Police turned out in national costumes on this occasion and carried bricks to the site of the building to aid the workers. The projected theatre is coming to be regarded by Czechoslovaks as a temple dedicated to the Czechoslovakian language.

Modern, cosmopolitan art is falling out of favour with the people, who are turning towards paintings depicting Czech traditions of the Middle Ages and the nineteenth century.

National costumes and embroideries are popular in all classes of society and pedlars are doing a roaring trade in little insignias of the national colours, especially in border towns.

Jan Huss Remembered

Jan Huss, Czech reformer of medieval days who evicted Germans from Czech universities, has become a popular national hero.

On Reichsfuehrer Adolf Hitler's birthday on April 20, the German troops in Prague held a parade in a stadium that was three-quarters empty. But that same afternoon, throngs of people piled flowers around the statue of Jan Huss. Towards the close of the afternoon, the floral tributes were seen to spell out the Czech words for "Truth will triumph. We will not surrender." Germans who noticed this told the police, and the flowers were rearranged.

The following day, the statue of the late President of the United States, Woodrow Wilson, who was greatly responsible for the creation of Czechoslovakia at Versailles, was bedflowered.

Cases of violence when the people wished to demonstrate their patriotism have also been reported. Semi-official Ceteka news agency described Pilsen incidents in which German soldiers had hydrochloric acid thrown over them. As a result, 50 Czechs and 50 Jews were arrested and the town sentenced to a large fine.

Food, Stores Brought Up

The economic effects of the new German regime are also making themselves felt throughout Bohemia, Moravia and Slovakia, where meat, eggs, fats and butter have become rare. Coffee and tea are no longer available in large quantities and clothes stores are empty. In Bratislava, it was reported, there was not a single handkerchief to be bought. In the largest store here in Prague, a few days ago there were only three men's overcoats left for sale.

The Mark-Crown rate of exchange has been fixed at one to ten, and soldiers paid in Marks are buying all they can in the cities' shops.

From Bratislava, it was reported, however, small store-owners refused to accept Marks in payment for goods despite official notices that the Mark should be taken, because the banks do not uphold this rate of exchange. —Havas.

Congress Urged to Speed Arms Plans

Further Funds Requested By President Roosevelt

Washington, May 2.

President Roosevelt urged Congress to speed his $2,000,000,000 national defence programme in a special message yesterday in which he requested the immediate appropriation of $276,000,000 for Army aircraft and Panama Canal defences.

The President asked $206,502,500 for Army Air Corps expansion and the bolstering of the Panama Canal fortifications. He also requested the appropriation of an additional $70,497,500 for contracts already signed for Army planes.

The President requested more than $185,000,000 to be appropriated directly for Army plane purchases, salaries and equipment with the authority to contract for an additional $64,000,000 worth of planes. This, with $50,000,000 already voted, would supply the funds to expand the Air Force immediately to the recently authorized force of 6,000 planes.

The President asked that more than $21,000,000 of the total Panama Canal defence request of $27,000,000 be made available immediately.—United Press.

Mr. Landon to Speak on Foreign Affairs

Kansas City, Mo., May 2.

Mr. Alf M. Landon, Republican Presidential candidate in 1936, announced last night that he would speak on international affairs on Wednesday night when he addresses the Methodist Unification Conference. His speech, which will be broadcast throughout the nation, is expected to voice solid Republican support of President Roosevelt's foreign policy in the current international crisis. Mr. Landon twice on previous occasions has come out in strong support of the President's international policies in times of crisis.—United Press.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

ASSISTANT general manager required by the Singapore Harbour Board. Salary Dollars one thousand two hundred ($1,200) a month for the first year, Dollars one thousand three hundred ($1,300) a month for the second year, and Dollars one thousand four hundred ($1,400) a month for the third year. The exchange value of the Dollar is at present fixed by the Government at 2/4. Free first-class passage for the officer appointed and if married for wife and children up to six years of age. Agreement for three years on the Board's usual terms, terminable at any time within that period at six months' notice on either side. The Board has a provident fund to which the officer must subscribe. Free unfurnished house will be provided. The Board carry on, under the ports ordinance, an extensive business as wharfingers and warehousemen, the nett registered tonnage of ships berthed at the Board's wharves for the year ended June 30, 1938 was 9,756,410 tons and the grand total tonnage of general cargo, coal and fuel oil inwards and outwards for the same period was 3,384,003 tons. In addition the Board operates five graving docks, ranging from 396 feet to 896 feet in length, together with a ship repairing business. The workshops attached to the graving docks are capable of executing the heaviest ship repairs. Candidates should be between 32 and 40 years of age, have first rate technical experience, have handled a large staff and labour force, and have had considerable executive experience, and should possess pronounced business and organising abilities. Applications are to be addressed to the Chairman, The Singapore Harbour Board.

BRITISH firm requires experienced stenographer, British or American nationality with first-class references and able to type accounts. Address Box 3417, NCDN. -5846

FOREIGN advertising saleslady wanted. Apply to Raytone Electric Appliances, 1 Route Vallon. -5838

WANTED Chinese advertising artist for British company. Send full particulars to Box 3423, NCDN. 12523

WANTED refrigeration mechanic, must be able to speak English. Address particulars and copies of testimonials to Box 3424, NCDN. 12522

SECRETARY-accountant, Chinese, required for local company. Must speak and write English fluently. Reply stating age, qualification and salary expected to Box 3426, NCDN. 12527

MALE or female needlepoint designer for tapestry; state age, experience, salary desired. Box 3405, NCDN. -5816

ENERGETIC salesmen and saleslaides required for a very attractive publication. Good prospects. Address Box 3396, NCDN. -5804

OFFICE-assistant, Chinese, steno-typist, French-English, required by large foreign firm. State age, experience, salary expected. Address Box 3387, NCDN. 12498

STUDY shorthand, typewriting, correspondence, etc., with the leading commercial training institution in the Far East. We have given expert tuition to hundreds of young people now happily placed in positions, Farmer's Commercial College, 264, Kiangse Road. Telephone 14967. -3683

WANTED experienced fashion designer, specialist on negligées, pyjamas. Call for appointment 91010 Room 810, preferably morning. 12491

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of four dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $0.65.

AMERICAN man, 23 years, seeks position, has executive, selling and general office experience. Moderate salary. Address Box 3416, NCDN. -5843

FRENCH/English stenographer (lady), office assistant, ten years' experience, excellent references, seeks position, local/outports. Box 3408, NCDN. -5822

FRENCH stenotypist, has worked several years in Paris; knowledge of English and Russian; seeks position. Box 3411, NCDN. -5830

TO any firm having business interests in Hankow, services are offered by Scandinavian gentleman, ready leaving short notice. Speaks several languages, many years in China, knows Hankow. Address Box 3402, NCDN. -5811

INTELLIGENT Chinese girl seeks immediate position as stenographer/typist. Box 3280, NCDN. -5840

HARDWORKING Japanese gentleman with good business experience, now holding high position in a Japanese firm, seeks position in a big foreign firm. Address Box 3401, NCDN. -5810

EFFICIENT lady steno-typist, many years experience, requires position immediately. Hard/willing worker. Address Box 3389, NCDN. -5787

YOUNG lay, competent stenographer, many years' experience, hard/willing worker, moderate salary. Box 3363, NCDN. -5738

STENO-TYPIST desires position. Experienced in typing and office work, beginner in shorthand. Odd jobs or homework welcome. Address Box 3320, NCDN. -5653

RUSSIAN, age 32, single, speaking German, Russian, English, Chinese, French, seeks position in American concern. Experienced in translating, advertising, printing, coding. Outport no objection. Apply Box 3348, NCDN. 12472

BRITISH youth, with several years office experience, seeks immediate employment. A1 references. Salary no object. Box 3374, NCDN. -5787

ENERGETIC Chinese desires work before/after 3 p.m. Experience in English, bookkeeping, teletyping, Customs procedure, office routine. Apply to Box 3352, NCDN. -5717

Personal

LONELY foreigner desires to meet attractive lady for friendship. Box 3418, NCDN. -5847

FOREIGN gentleman wants to meet young Chinese lady for friendship, dancing and amusements. Letters address to Box 3388, NCDN. -5703

LADY wishes to meet tall gentleman, 28-37, good dancer, for dancing companionship. Box 3404, NCDN. -5815

WHO would help respectable Viennese merchant, emigrant, to a new existance? Please address Box 3393, NCDN. -5797

DISCOURAGED, Discontented, Distressed. There is a balm, a cure, a source of strength you have not availed yourselves of. Come and hear how God has dealt with the root cause of our troubles, at the Gospel Services being held this week, Monday to Friday, 8 p.m., at The Hut, 491 Yu Yuen Road. -5488

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GERMAN taught through systematic method by young German lady. Address Box 3398, NCDN. -5807

LADY exchanges Mandarin for English/German with educated lady/gentleman. Address Box 3400, NCDN. -5809

GERMAN Jew, 29 years, doctor of physics, speaking English and Italian fluently, would prepare students for scientific examinations. Address Box 3399, NCDN. -5808

ENGLISH lessons given at moderate charges. Address Box 3367, NCDN. -5747

LEARN shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping and English at The Shanghai Business College, the foremost business training centre. Past records of successes unequalled in Shanghai. Principal: S. C. Potter, F.C.C.A. 320 Szechuen Road (Arnhold Building). Telephone 17733. 12379

FIGUEIREDO'S School. Pitman/Gregg Shorthand, Typewriting, English. Crystal-clear explanations. 54 Garden Apartments, 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 12459

PIANO-accordion lessons given at pupil's home. Easy method. Very moderate fees. Address Box 3358, NCDN. -5728

JAPANESE gentleman wants German lessons from well-educated German lady. Apply Box 3361, NCDN. -5734

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WANTED. A standard bacteriological microscope. Must have oil immersion lens and substage condenser. Mechanical stage desirable. Also a Dubosoq Colorimeter of biological type. Must be in good order. Also good gentleman's bicycle. British make preferred. Apply Telephone 22071. -5817

WANTED to purchase all kinds of second-hand goods, all districts, willing to pay good price. Apply George Yang, 510 Peking Road, Telephone 96967. -5721

CASH to buy, three Underwood typewriters, any size, second hand, offer lowest price. Address Box 3372, NCDN. -5760

Miscellaneous

SHANGHAI Foreign Packers, 842C Avenue Joffre, Telephone 72751, undertake packing of all kinds of goods (household removals, curios, etc.). Skilled staff of Russian packers. Careful and adequate packing guaranteed. -5800

MR. M. Tanaka informs the public that he has returned from Japan and is now ready to take up his work as English/Japanese translator, interpreter, negotiator and publicity agent. He wishes to thank clients who sent in orders during his absence. For any business intercourse with the Japanese please consult Mr. Tanaka, 1151 North Szechuen Road (Kung Yik Fong), Telephone 46522. 12512

CARPETS, cleaned thoroughly by steam and chemicals. Rugs dyed, repaired and stored. Esso Company, Telephone 12170. -4612

Radios

FOR radio repair call International Radio Service, 9 Cardinal Mercier, Telephone 75897. -5705

PAY as low as $15 per month for one RCA Nipper Radio. Radio Corporation of Asia, 361-3 Foch. -4454

ATTENTION Mariners—For prompt efficient Radio Service on board Steamers, telephone 86964. Radio Corporation of Asia. -4489

BIG savings on newest 1939 local and shortwave radios at lowest prices from $99.50. American Radio Equipment Co. 55 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. 12381

RADIO o.k.? For dependable radio man, telephone 85879, ask for Chang. 586 Avenue Joffre, Chang's Radio Corporation. -5608

Motor Cars and Cycles

BABY-Austin, roadster, in good condition, bargain $700. Telephone 16795 mornings; 72064, 1-2 p.m. -5625

1932 4-door saloon, good mechanical condition and paintwork. $1,000 or near offer. Apply Blanford, A.P.C., Telephone 18619 or 71177 after office hours. 12506

LATE 1937 Plymouth de luxe four-door sedan for sale. Always owner-driven. Car same like new, only driven 10,000 miles. Address 111 Szechuen Road. Brokers need not to apply. -5821

WANTED to buy used truck (10,000-12,000 lbs. nett.) in good condition. Address Box 3394, NCDN. -5802

WANTED recent model closed car. State year, make and lowest cash price. Address Box 3390, NCDN. 12505

1932 Citroen four-cylinder roadster, good condition, 20 m.p.g., $800 or nearest offer. Telephone afternoon 70137, Room 86. -5815

STUDEBAKER Rockne, two-door saloon. Tyres and general condition very good, $1,400. Apply Naval Office, H.B.M. Consulate-General. -5831

WANTED car, good condition, low price. Address Box 3382, NCDN. -5776

WANTED small sedan, model not later than 1935. Reply please stating price. Box 3376, NCDN. -5771

WE offer cash for used cars and trucks. Apply Jenny's Motors, 177 Amiral Courbet. Telephone 73165. -4660

Office Cars

LIFT. Lady desires seat in car from Verdun Terrace to Cathay Hotel, thrice daily. Summer times. Address Box 3159, NCDN.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

VICTOR adding listing machine with direct substruction, electric driven, excellent condition. US$80 only. Address Box 3414, NCDN. -5836

CHEAP, for sale, complete furniture for provision store. Nearly new. Box 3413, NCDN. -5835

FOR SALE. Special bargain, Schaubeck's stamps albums, 7 volumes. English, French and German texts. Apply to C. Ahwerst, 627 Avenue Joffre, Telephone 80846. -5851

TWO bedroom sets, one sitting and dining room. One Singer sewing machine and fur-machine. Telephone 78333 between 2-4 p.m. -5806

FILET gloves in 15 colours, 35 cents; crochet gloves, 85 cents; pillow-cases, 60 cents; bath-towels, $1. Lace and Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road, 1st floor. 12413

GALVANIZED barbed wire $10 per coil 12 gauge. Asphalt roofing 1, 2 and 3 ply. F. Madsen & Co. 133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Telephone 19802. 12292

BARBASOLE, modern shaving cream. Special sale 70 cents only. Armour's American bacon, $1 pound. Cucumber pickles, $1 four pounds. Zimmerman's, 215 Szechuen Road. -5530

CEMENT, sand, stone chips, asphalt roofing, barbed wire, metal lath, porcelain tiles, etc., at competitive prices. F. Madsen & Co., 133 Yuen-Ming-Yuen Road. Telephone 19802. 12302

AMERICAN dresses sold below cost price. Apply between 10-12 and 3-7, 1412/2D Yuyuen Road, Telephone 21043. -5043

FOR SALE: second-hand machinery and equipment: lathes; drillpresses; ammonia compressors; rotary vacuum pumps; valves, pipes, fixtures; stainless steels and pipes; etc. May be viewed at 2 Avenue Petain. 12443

FOR SALE, moderate price, one Zeiler baby-grand piano. Can be viewed at China United Apartments, 104 Bubbling Well Road. -5770

FOR SALE, Ciné Kodak 8. Full equipment, nearly new. Address Box 3369. NCDN. 12498

ONE Contax II Sonnar, 5 cm. f.1.2. With automatic clicker. Absolutely new. Price $900. Address Box 3216, NCDN. -5438

BARGAIN-opportunity. Porcelain; different, attractive designs, composition; offered exceptional low prices. Tea and dinner-sets together, for eight persons, $10. Do not miss. General Commercial Company, 109 Route Vallon. -5215

TRY American beer at greatly reduced prices, Pabst, Schlitz, Budweiser, 24 tins or 24 bottles per carton c.o.d. $10. 97 Yuen Ming Yuen, Room 105, Telephone 15584, 9-12 and 2-5 p.m. -5682

NICK'S second-hand furniture store. Buying and selling new and second-hand furniture, household effects. 146A Route des Sœurs (inside). Telephone 73937. -4121

To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before May 10 after which date they will be destroyed. Nos. 1105, 2023, 2047, 2395, 2463, 2470, 2515, 2534, 2580, 2627, 2649, 2660, 2718, 2794, 2817, 2825, 2885, 2930, 2971, 3083, 3095, 3119, 3125, 3132, 3142, 3164, 3175, 3217, 3218, 3224.

Chinese Servants

CAN recommend honest, hardworking coolie, available now, will take daily or permanent job. Telephone Mrs. Farquharson, 90166, 9 a.m.-2 p.m. -5723

YOUNG cook-boy, clean, honest, speaking English, seeks position with bachelor. Outport no objection. Address Box 3391, NCDN. -5789

72782 GENERAL Employment Agency! Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs. Foreign management. Quick service. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -5369

COOK-boy available immediately. Willing do general work, wife available as wash-amah. Good working pair. Apply Telephone 77242. -5766

WELL-recommended No. 1 boy, honest, speaking English, very clean. Al references. Address Box 3364, NCDN. -5743

GOOD cook-boy, also coolie, for small flat. Hardworking, well recommended. Best references. Address Box 3356, NCDN. 5726

GOOD cook-boy, baby amah, clean honest, seek position immediately. Well-recommended. Box 3360, NCDN. -5732

COOK-BOY, honest, clean, hardworking, speaks English, seeks position. Good references. Address Box 3362, NCDN. -5737

EXCELLENT No. 1 boy, experienced, clean and trustworthy available immediately. Telephone 21298. -5761

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). The one and only with 3,000 satisfied customers. Cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen. 12341

COOK-BOY, honest, with references, desires position. Knows English and American cooking. Speaks English well. Hardworking, clean. Address Box 3337, NCDN. -5681

COOK-boy highly recommended, very honest, reliable, good cook. Seven years with advertiser. Address Box 3324, NCDN. 12457

Dancing

PROFESSOR Waldemar, famous teacher in ballroom, ballet, tap dances, gives private-class lessons, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -5372

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives general massage, 10-7 p.m., 153 Nanking Road, Flat A2, fourth floor. Room 401. Telephone 12160. -5755

1205 BUBBLING WELL Road, Apartment 15, Massage. -5749

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road. Apartment 30. Second Floor. 12492

Rooms Without Board

SMALL furnished room, with private entrance, western district or French Concession, particulars to Box 3420, NCDN. -5850

TO LET, furnished room in apartment, with modern conveniences. Bachelor preferred. 1360 Rue Lafayette, Apartment 7. -5825

FURNISHED, small room for single gentleman/lady, vicinity Yates/Bubbling Well. All conveniences. Box 3419, NCDN. -5849

SPACIOUS room with private bath and kitchenette, centre. $95. Telephone 18938. -5854

FOR SALE, modern, small hotel in Kowloon. Two minutes from wharves and railway station. 24 verandah rooms completely furnished. Price Hk$12,000 or nearest offer. Owner retiring. Write Lowe, 12A Peking Road, Kowloon, Hongkong. -5424

Rooms with Board

LARGE south room, private bathroom. Apply S. Eriksen. 335 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 73793. -5826

NICE two-roomed flat facing south, bathroom, verandah, garden, garage; private home. Western district. Telephone 21764. 12507

BELMONT house, 16 Kelmscott Gardens. Available May 15. Well-furnished, south, double room, bathroom. Screened. Excellent food. English-owned and managed. 12526

TO LET, two-roomed flat, bathroom, kitchen, with/without board. Also double room. Telephone 23367. -5828

355 AVENUE Haig, corner Tifeng Road. Clean, comfortable large room. Special attention to food. Bus stops. Telephone Mrs. Hedden, 71163. -5786

IN private British family for paying guest (preferably gentleman), comfortably furnished single room, private bathroom attached, full board. 1 Verdun Terrace. -5444

ONE single room, large garden, swimming pool. English-owned house. Mrs. Chalmers, 45 Route Ghisi, Telephone 78219. -5735

BRITISH family desires few select paying guests. Home cooking, excellent neighbourhood, western Concession. Moderate terms. Box 3267, NCDN. -5543

Furnished Apartments

FIVE-roomed apartment, two bathrooms, ideally situated in heart of French Concession. Rental $220. Furniture to be taken over. Address Box 3403, NCDN. -5813

140/8 COLUMBIA Road Lane, to let immediately, one single room; two-roomed flat with private bath, kitchen; two-roomed flat, private kitchen, bath. All new furniture. Garden, terrace, roof-garden for use. -5814

FURNISHED one room apartment with bath at Medhurst Apartments available immediately. Telephone 72908 for particulars. 12475

TO LET, rooms, flats, apartments, houses, shops, furnished/unfurnished. Available immediately. 1272 Avenue Joffre, Commission Agency. -5371

TO LET, Joffre/Ferguson, apartment, three-roomed (two arched), first-floor, south, cool, conveniences. Tram/bus. Garage available. Rent $150. Furniture and fittings at $1,450. Box 3213, NCDN. -5433

TO rent, furnished, French Concession, cool 2 roomed flat, 5th floor, from June 15 to end August. Telephone 72655 between noon and 2 p.m. 12484

Unfurnished Apartments

PRETTY three-roomed apartment, bath, kitchen, servants' room, garden, best residential district French Concession available. Rent $165. Address Box 3415, NCDN. -5841

BEAUTIFUL, two-roomed apartment, garden, all conveniences. Best district French Concession. Rent $220. Address Box 3409, NCDN. -5829

FLAT, two-roomed, available from May 15. Verdun Terrace, 125 Avenue du Roi Albert, House 3. -5765

TO LET, unfurnished, two-roomed apartment, with all modern conveniences and kitchen, in best condition. French Concession. Apply to 28 Route Winling, Apartment 3A. -5901

MODERN apartment facing south containing one room and bath. Rental $115 including hot, cold water, heating, taxes. Furniture selling $160. Inspect 1331 Ave. Joffre, Krivoss Apartments (watchman). 12408

TO LET from June 1: 2-roomed flat and 1 big godown on first floor. 425 Rue Ratard. -5712

Animals

FOR SALE, police dog puppies, 1½ month old. 118 Route des Soeurs, 4 Tracey Terrace, Apartment 4, from 3-6 p.m. -5791

LOST, from 140/50 Seymour Road, a Thibetan terrer answering to the name of Fish. Telephone 30859. 12510

LOST from 62 Rte. Boissezon yesterday morning, May 1, a black male, Scotty puppy 12 weeks old. A reward will be given to finder. Telephone 71961 or 31234. 12499

IF your pony should die would you be compensated? For pony insurance apply to Hugh Middleton & Co. 45 Kiukiang Road. 12467

TRAINING School for dogs. Any kind of training. Dogs also boarded, $18 monthly. 1866 Avenue Haig. -5491

Houses and Land

HOUSE to let. New, modern, three-storied residence. Scenic and safe surroundings. Apply 140 Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building, Bund, Telephone 17604. -5939

ARCHITECT has land (French Concession) and plans ready for construction of small apartment house. Land and building value $25,000. Partner wanted with $12,500 to jointly build and own property. If, after building completion partner would like return of money, he may become mortgager, money returnable with good interest. Address Box 3222, NCDN. 12354

FOR SALE, modern, small hotel in Kowloon. Two minutes from wharves and railway station. 24 verandah rooms completely furnished. Price Hk$12,000 or nearest offer. Owner retiring. Write Lowe, 12A Peking Road, Kowloon, Hongkong. -5424

Summer Resorts

HANSA House, Tsingtao, 8 Yi-Shui Road (German). Beautifully furnished rooms. Private baths, verandah and garden. Book now! -5942

TSINGTAO. Iltis Hydro and Hotel, Iltis Huk. English-owned and managed. Excellent cuisine. One minute from beach, nearest hotel to new golf course. Write Post Office Box 221, Tsingtao. Telegrams; Iltishydro, Tsingtao. Proprietress Mrs. E. Rawson. 11654

GOLDAU Beach Hotel, Peitaiho, opening June, for reservations apply to Mrs. P. Behrendt, 8 Canal Road, Tientsin. -5235

BEL-AIR Hostelry, French Pension. Iltis Huk, Tsingtao, near the beach, lovely surroundings. Apply Mme Desroches, Proprietress, Telephone 72398 between 12-3 p.m. -5627

VICTORIA House, 9 First Kinkow Road, close tennis court; big/small rooms. Excellent food. Special Navy rates. Eight minutes to Strand Beach. American Manageress, Leighton, Tsingtao. -5462

Furnished Houses

AVAILABLE immediately, for 8 months, beautifully furnished detached house, best part French Concession, 5 main rooms, 2 small rooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 separate w.c., garage, spacious garden. Rent $300, taxes $48 monthly. No charge for use of furniture. Responsible parties only. References or guarantee required. Address Box 3425, NCDN. 12522

TO LET: Roi Albert, furnished five-roomed house, small garden, arcola. Rent $115. Furniture $3,000. Agency Korlin, Telephone 78499. -5730

COOL house, furnished, all modern conveniences, in quiet location, six rooms, three baths, attic, garden, garage, servants' quarters, to let to responsible party for six months from middle of June. Apply Box 3349, NCDN. -5714

Offices, Shops, Godowns

TO LET, modern office, Peking Road, Bund. Telephone 10734. -5851

TO LET office space approximately 4,000 square feet, Nanking Road, near Bund. Apply Atkinson & Dallas Ld. 12509

TO LET, 467 Kiangse Road, 4th floor. Area 1540 square feet. Apply Atkinson & Dallas Ld. 12509

TO LET, shop and two rooms, Yu Yuen Road, near Edinburgh Road. Rent $57. Lease 2 years. Shop equipment $1,700. Agency Korlin, Telephone 78499. -5730

TO LET, one modern office, 3,900 sq. ft. floor area. Apply Eric Davies, Room 214, Chartered Bank Building, Telephone 15874. 12374

Wanted to Rent

WANTED an unfurnished room, bathroom attached, use of kitchen, ground floor preferred, within bus line. Address Box 3407, NCDN. -5820

APARTMENTS, houses and flats urgently wanted. If you want to sell yours at a high price, telephone at once, Telephone 76754. -5833

PAY high price for unfurnished, modern, new residence, French Concession, or two/three-roomed flat. Box 3406, NCDN. -5818

WANTED furnished three/four roomed apartment middle July for one year or longer. Telephone 16310 from 4 p.m. to 5 p.m. week-days. -5796

WANTED house or residence, five-ten rooms. Willing to take over furniture, fittings. Telephone 78499. -5795

WANTED furnished apartment or house. Willing pay best price for furniture and key-money. Telephone 74850. -5793

WANTED unfurnished four-roomed apartment in Grosvenor House, June 1 or sooner, preferably on the 1st, 3rd or 5th floor. Full details to Box 3285, NCDN. 12410

Unfurnished Houses

TO LET, detached residence, French Concession, 6 rooms, 2 bathrooms, all modern conveniences, garden, garage, with one room. Rent $300 including taxes; fittings $2,000. Address Box 3392, NCDN. -5794

Boats

AUXILIARY sea-going schooner-yacht wanted, around 60-70 ft. Telephone 43282. -5782

Garages

GARAGES for rent, Avenue Haig and Route Say Zoong. Telephone 73750. -5196

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Dr. A. LESNIK, M.D.
Urology and Dermatology
320, Szechuen Road, Arnhold Building
Hours: 10.30-1, 3-6 Telephone 17779
Also at 86 Bearn Apts.
475 Avenue Joffre
Hours: 8-10, 6-8, Telephone 83992

Dr. R. HOLPER, M.D.
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Urology and Skin Diseases
Hamilton House, Office 217
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379
Also at 587 Bubbling Well Road
Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622

Dr. I. M. STEINMANN, M.D.
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120 Nanking Road, 4th Floor
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